

INDIGO - DataCloud

With kind contributions by Shaun DEWITT, EUDAT

QoS and DLC in IaaS INDIGO-DataCloud

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And many more



- Introducing INDIGO-DataCloud.
- •What is the issue with QoS in Storage?
- •Which part are we trying to solve ?
- •What is our approach ?



H2020 Project

- Approved Jan 2015
- Started April 2015 Ends Sep 2017 = 30 months
- 26 European Partners
- 11 European Countries
- > 11 Million Euros
- Objective : Develop an Open Source platform for computing and data, deployable on public and private cloud infrastructures.
- Requirements and use-cases collected from 11 INIDIGO communities.
- For further details : http://indigo-datacloud.eu

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INDIGO DataCloud WP structure



WP1	Management
WP2	Community requirements
WP3	 Software Management Pilot Services
WP4	IaaS, Resource Virtualization
WP5	PaaS, Platform

Stolen from Alvaro' s, Andrea' s presentation

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WP4 in detail

- Virtualized Computing Resources
 - Full Container support for Cloud Management Infrastructures and Batch
 - Container support for special hardware (Infiniband, GP-GPU's)
 - Spot Instances
 - Fair Share Scheduling
- Virtualized Storage Resources
 - QoS and Data Life Cycle for storage (storage management)
 - Access to data by meta data instead of name space
 - Dual access to data (Object Store versus POSIX file name space)
 - Identity Harmonization for storage
- Virtualized Network Resources
 - Orchestrating local and federated network resources
 - "Software Defined Network" evaluation
 - Services and Appliances for for virtual networks



Why QoS and DLC

- EU requires to provide a "Data Management Plan" from all data intensive EU projects.
- Problem :
 - No common way to describe QoS or Data Life Cycle
 - No common way to negotiate QoS with storage endpoints (except for SRM systems [©])
- Common definitions for QoS would be very convenient in general but inevitable for PaaS layers, as the negotiation resp. brokering is done by engines. (Similar to hotel or flight finders)



Description of Work for WP4

- Define a common vocabulary for QoS storage properties and their values based on use cases from scientific communities : ➢Involve standardization bodies, e.g. RDA, OGF
- 2. Define a semantics to negotiate QoS with endpoints
- **3**. Find a real network protocol (prototype or demonstrator) and implement the defined QoS semantics for different systems.



Introducting part of the issue

Storage provisioning for large public infrastructures is facing two

contradicting problems

The complexity of storage and storage management

 The large variaty of sciencies and their diverging expectations on storage

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Infrastructures

- Are growing in
 - size of storage and
 - number of supported sciences and communities and
 - Number of direct customers accessing storage
- They all have different ideas on how to use storage.
- Serving them in the old fashion doesn't scale any more
- So you need an API' s or portals to let them select what they need
- Infrastructures are used by platforms, which
 - tend to federated resources from different locations and storage providers.
 - So storage needs to be brokered and procured automatically (or programatically)



Examples for Storage Complexity



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Quality of Service based on media

Media Quality		2			
Access Latency	HIGH	MEDIUM	LOW	MEDIUM	MEDIUM
Durability	OK	MEDIUM	Not so clear	Quite OK	ОК
Datarate	ОК	ОК	MEDIUM	ОК	ОК
Cost	Very low	Reasonable	Very high	MEDIUM	MEDIUM

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Not quite as easy as that

It looks simple, but there are issues.

Starting with:

a) What are storage properties.b) What are storage property values.

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Storage quality properties and values

Property



- Access Latency
 - How long does it take from the request for a byte to receiving that byte.
- Retention Policy
 - What is the probability of data loss.
- Access Mechanisms
 - http, GridFTP, NFS,
- Security
 - encrypted during the transfer, on disk, end to end.
- Authentication
 - SAML, Open ID Connect, Password, X509



How many QoS properties ?

- Is there a sufficiently complete set of properties ?
- In WCLG we only had two properties :
 - Access Latency
 - Retention policy
- That was already too much for most people ③
- Talking to Reagan Moore (IRODS) at the Paris RDA meeting:
 - He is suggesting about 200 properties
 - That might be a bit over the top for a start



Even more complexity

QoS Property "Value Ambiguity"

- Property dependencies
- Property Quantization
- Non standard property zoo of existing system

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QoS Property Value Ambiguity





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Properties zoo of existing systems

Amazon	S3		Glacier
Google	Standard	Durable Reduces Availability	Nearline
HPSS/GPSS	Corresponds	to the HPSS Classes	(customizable)
dCache	Resilient	disk+tape	TAPE



Time to tidy up !

Starting with the unambiguous technical view, seen by the storage system.

Canonical Properties

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So after having defined Canonical Stroage Properties and their values

How to get them

out of existing storage systems?

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Customer View

The **canonical view** only helps to describe the system on the **technical level**.

It's not very helpful for the storage enduser.

We need to introduce more convenient **QoS views**.

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- Low latency & Lowest price
- Highest possible throughput & Short term
- Scratch & Very cheap
- Long Term Storage & Price not important

That's what customers would expect



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That's what customers would expect

Your Magic Storage Wand	Basic
	Advanced
	V Expert (Extra Costs may apply 🙂)
	Media Disk Tape SSD Tape Remote
	Access Latency 100 Nano Seconds
Euros/Month	Retention 0.999999 Absolute
1,05	Access I http WebDAV GridFTP NFS 4.1 / pNFS
	Security I X501 SAML Open ID Connect Password
	Extre Attach OID's Support Macaroons

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Therefore: Introducing a new service

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Discover and Match



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Translation and discovery









Federated Systems

- The federated system provides additional QoS properties.
 - Number of copies, not in the same location
 - Minimum geographic distance for disaster cases. (fire, earthquakes)
 - Legal implications : Privacy laws



To summarize the procedure

- Storage Systems provide a set of 'classes' describing standardized storage properties with standardized values.
- Neither the name of the classes nor the combination of properties are standardized, they depend on the storage system.
 - Like S3 and Glacier are the names of the class
- Matchmaking software tries to match the various classes to the non standard and site specific requirements of the communties or individuals and returns the closest match to the customer.
- For further requests, the customer will use the 'class name' in the request. That could be a directory, a space token or a container.



More problems to solve

- How does the client provide the storage class to the storage system ?
 - Bucket
 - Directory
 - Additional argument in WebDAV, FTP etc
- The system only provides the class, it doesn't 'promise' the space.
 - Do we need a space reservation protocol ?
 - Similar to hotels.com. Check hotel pictures first, reservation only after payment.
 - Is reservation required in systems with unlimited space (Clouds) ?
- Do we allow to change the storage class, assuming the system will do the necessary data movements ?
 - This is of course just a storage system property.
 - Amazon and Goolge don' t
 - dCache and HPSS do.

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Current status

Creating a RDA working group (Paris and Tokyo)

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- Name : Quality of Service and Data Life Cycle Definitions & G
- Currently a greeing on a Charter.
- 10 Committed members (sites and communites, Elexier ...)
- Continuing to the SNIA CDMI reference implementation, as this is our planned

transporter Rteent.ED?

- Defined version 1 of RESTFUL API
- Defining a CDMI extention to describe the storage properties and values.
- Implementations are ongoing for dCache, StoRM and the GPFS and TSM

pluggins.

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Summary

- INDIGO provides funding to standardize QoS and possibly Data Life Cycle of systems
- Scientific communities and EUDAT are showing interest in those activities.
- Common definition of QoS is essential for Platform as a Service for storage.
- RDA 'Interest Group' being built to get in touch with more communities.
- Prototype implementations are in progress (dCache, StoRM, HPSS, ...)
- Contribution or ideas from your side are more than welcome.



Further reading

First Proposal for restful representation of our ideas.



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