

climateprediction.net

the world's largest climate modelling experiment for the 21st century

Expanding the climateprediction.net project: the creation of a multi model distributed computing infrastructure for climate science

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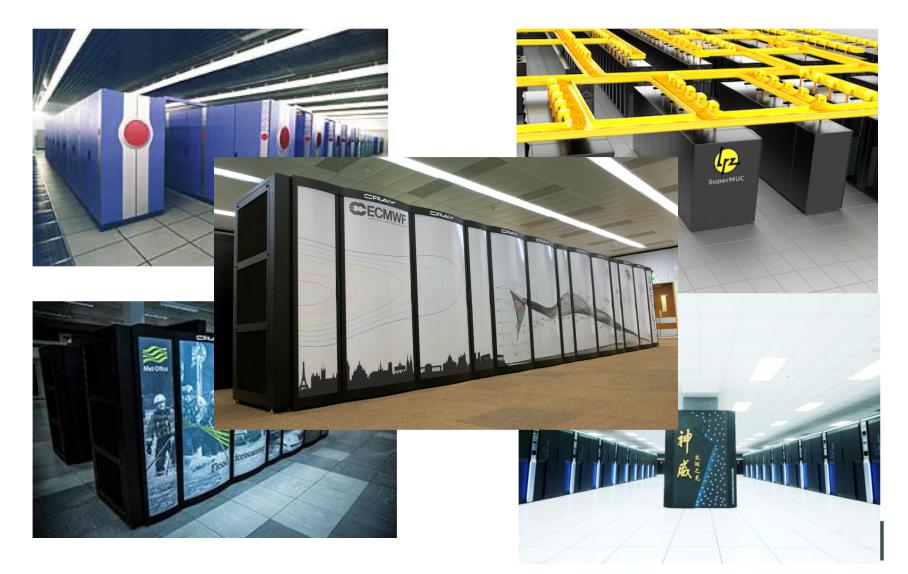
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Computational challenge of weather and climate science

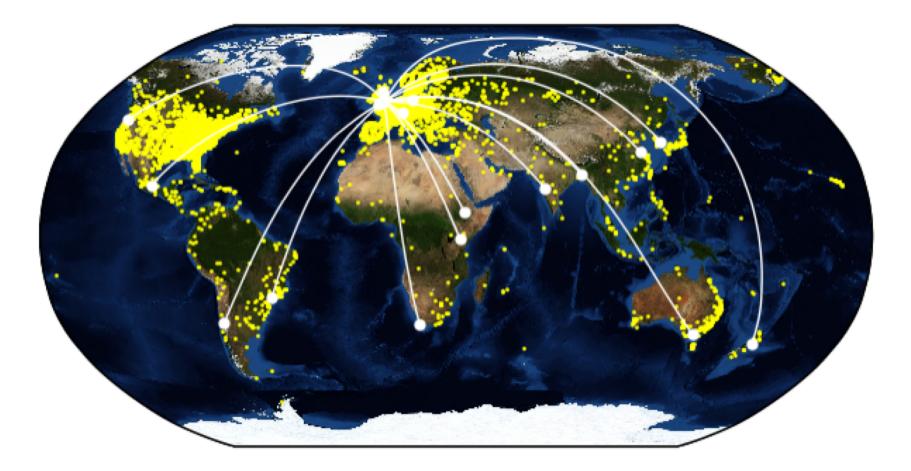


climateprediction.net (CPDN) Climate Modeling with Volunteer Distributed Computing



- **CPDN** has been running for **15 years**
- CPDN is a citizen science project that uses BOINC
- Enables the computation of very large ensembles of climate simulations using spare computing cycles of volunteers
- Low cost, free computation, only pay for infrastructure
- Allows unlimited ensemble size of climate simulations
- Disadvantages:
 - Limited diagnostics and resolution
 - All mistakes are in public

CPDN Volunteer Network



15 years, >30 sub projects, >650,000 volunteers, >200M model-years



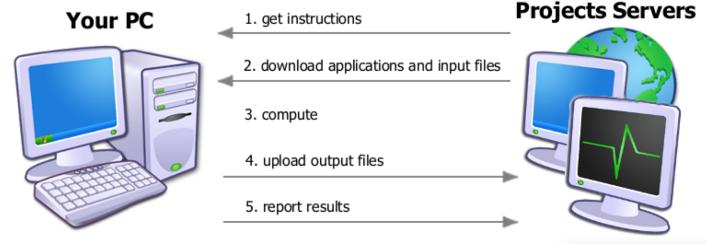
Berkeley Open Infrastructure for Network Computing (BOINC)

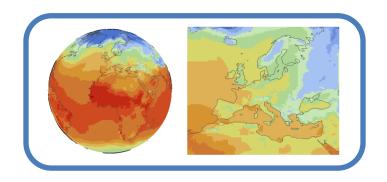
- Volunteer distributed computing framework
- Used by a **variety of academic projects**, across a variety of scientific disciplines
- Maintained by an **open source** community
- L-GPL 3.0 licensed
- Allows the use of volunteer computational resources, **computational cycles** that would have gone to waste

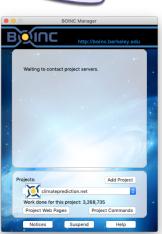
- Allows multiple applications in the same BOINC project, this allows CPDN to **run multiple models concurrently**



Berkeley Open Infrastructure for Network Computing (BOINC)







CPDN

HadCM3

- Previous generation MetOffice Forecast model
- Resolution: N48 L19 atmosphere, 1.25x1.25 L20 ocean.

HadAM4

- Global atmosphere only model with prescribed SST and sea ice.
- Resolution: Either N144 L38 or N216 L38 (approx. 90km or 60km respectively)

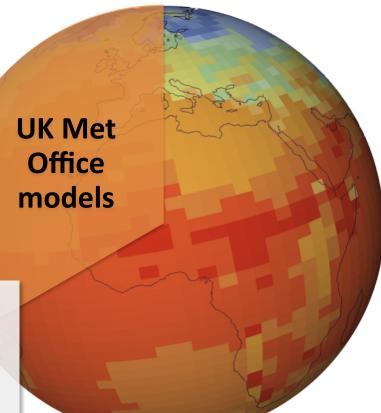
HadAM3P

- N96 Global Atmosphere only model with prescribed SST and sea ice.
- Used as driver of regional model but capable of individual operation

HadRM3P

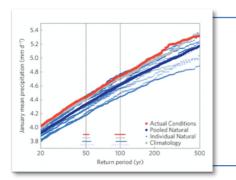
 Regional Climate Model with flexible user defined region of interest run at either 25 km or 50 km.

Models





Current CPDN Experiment Types

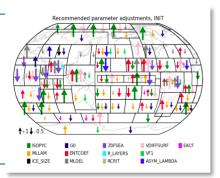


Extreme weather event attribution:

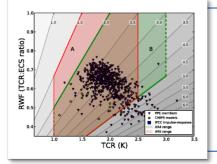
Quantitative assessments are made of the change in likelihood of extreme weather events occurring between past, present and possible future climates.

Bias reduction methods:

Improved skill for initialised climate model forecasts, through bias reduction from global and regional process adjustment in perturbed parameter sensitivity studies.



CPDN



Climate sensitivity studies:

Mapping plausible ranges of climate sensitivity through large perturbed parameter ensembles.

Missing from CPDN

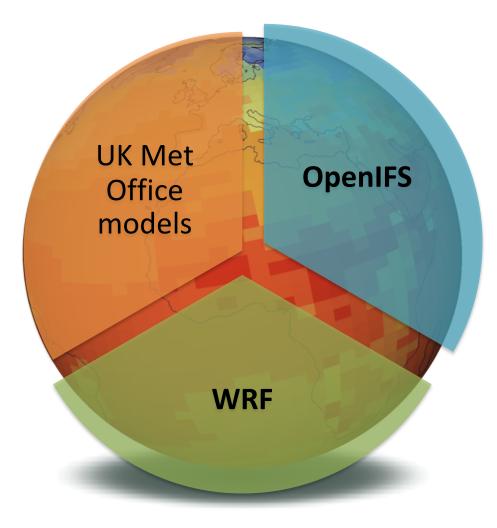
• *However* with the UK Met Office models in CPDN:

 \circ We are not able to do **seasonal forecasts** of the weather

 (\mathbf{P})

 \circ We are not able to do fine-scale climate modeling

Adding new models to CPDN





Considerations for adding new models to CPDN

• Scientific user considerations:

- Large user community of scientists
- Model needs to be able to run on a single machine at sufficient simulation resolution and produce timely results that are still scientifically useful

• Technical considerations:

- Available for one or more of the supported platforms: Linux, Mac, or Windows
- Model is **portable** to run on a volunteer's machine without the installation of further executables
- Does not excessively use **network bandwidth** of volunteer



OpenIFS suitability for CPDN

- Scientific user suitability:
 - Large user community of atmospheric scientists



• Technical suitability:

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- Open source, portable version of the ECMWF (European Centre for Medium Range Weather Forecast) IFS numerical weather forecast model for universities and research institutes, it has the same forecast capability as IFS but no data assimilation
- Designed to work efficiently across a range of computing systems, from massively parallel high-performance computing systems to a desktop
- Produces the standard GRIB format (WMO) files that are optimized for low data transmission rates



Introducing OpenIFS@home

- Added OpenIFS into CPDN as 'OpenIFS@home'
 - enables large ensemble initialized probabilistic *weather forecasts* to be run by CPDN public volunteers
 - provide a novel and new platform for scientific experiments with OpenIFS
- Model configuration:
 - 125km or 60km approx. resolution (T159 and T255) with 60 or 91 vertical levels



Adaptations made to OpenIFS model for OpenIFS@home

- Parallel execution is not needed so the MPI parallel library was removed this reduced memory footprint and size of executables
- Addition of model restarting capability, to ensure stop-start is handled on volunteer's machines
- Custom change to the output files to allow larger ensembles beyond 255 members

New experiments enabled with OpenIFS@home

Large ensembles to study the **predictability** of weather forecasts especially for high impact extreme weather

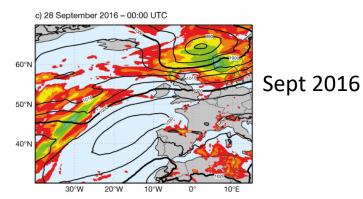
Explore interesting past weather and climate events will be explored by **testing sensitivities to physical parameter choices** in the model

Study of probabilistic forecasts in a chaotic atmospheric flow and reduce uncertainties due to nonlinear interactions

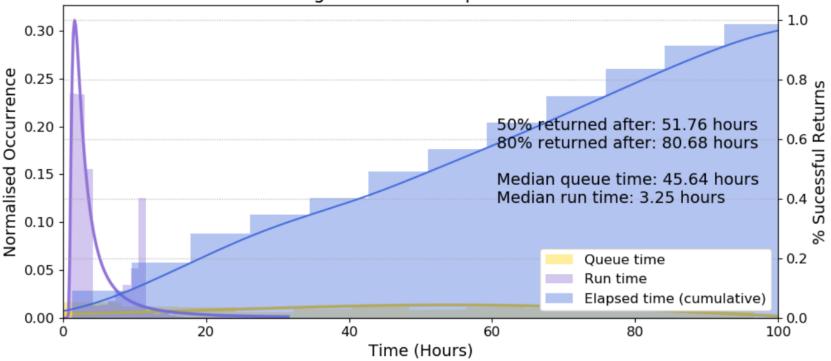
Current OpenIFS experiments can be run in OpenIFS@home



OpenIFS@home Validation using Storm Karl Ensemble

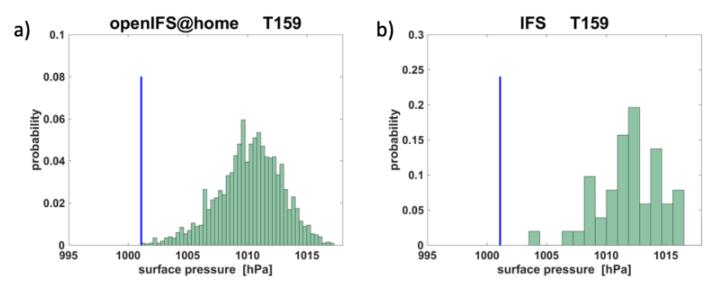


Batch d137 Timings: 100.0% Complete: 2019-11-22 11:06



 Forecasts with 2000 ensemble members were generated for 8 days ahead and computed by volunteers in CPDN in 4 days, a scientifically useful timeframe

OpenIFS@home Validation Results



- OpenIFS@home provides the same results as the smaller ensemble of IFS runs produced on ECMWF HPC
- Large number of runs in OpenIFS@home provide greater detail than IFS

Publication: Sparrow, S., Bowery, A., Carver, G.D., Köhler, M.O., Ollinaho, P., Pappenberger, F., Wallom, D., Antje Weisheimer, A.: OpenIFS@home version 1: a citizen science project for ensemble weather and climate forecasting. Geoscientific Model Development (2021).

Weather Research and Forecasting (WRF) model

- WRF is produced through a collaboration led by National Center for Atmospheric Research (**NCAR**)
- It is a next-generation regional numerical weather prediction (NWP) system designed for both atmospheric research and operational forecasting
- Open source and available in the public domain
- Serves a wide range of scales of meteorological applications from tens of meters to thousands of kilometres
- Can be used for **simulations using actual data** or ideal conditions, **or operational forecasting**



WRF suitability for CPDN

- Scientific user suitability:
 - Large worldwide community of scientific users (a cumulative total of over **48,000** in over **160** countries)
- Technical suitability:
 - Executables are **portable** and can be run on **single core Linux** systems
 - Can distribute to volunteers' computers the self-contained WRF program for real-data (real.exe) (performs the work of vertically interpolating meteorological fields) and the numerical integration program (wrf.exe)
 - It is a Fortran application available for a number of OS's and compilers, on a variety of hardware, including:
 - **OS**: Linux, AIX, Darwin
 - **Compilers**: Intel, PGI, gfortran, PathScale
 - Hardware: Cray, IBM, SGI, Mac, Fujitsu

New functionality enabled by WRF in CPDN

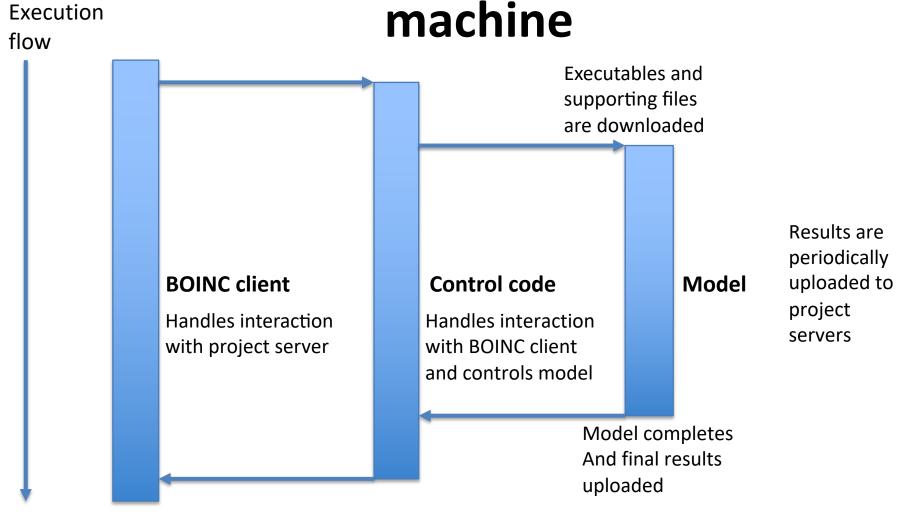
- WRF in CPDN enables new experiments:
 - Enables finer scale simulations than currently can be performed with the UK Met Office models
 - Enables problems to be examining where large ensembles would be useful, currently the WRF community cannot explore WRF model uncertainties



Control code for OpenIFS@home and WRF in CPDN

- Control code is a **key** component, time needs to be spent for it work properly
- Handles the communication with BOINC client software on the volunteers' computer
- Controls the operation of the model on the volunteers' computer, including all parameters, and simulation file structure
- Handles all states of the volunteer's machine, including paused, shutdown and aborted
- Provides regular uploads and deleting data uploaded to prevent the build up of data on the volunteers' computer
- Code is **open source** and available online

Control Code Flow on a Volunteer's





Future development of WRF and OpenIFS@home in CPDN

- Validation experiment of the WRF model
- Include the OpenIFS 43r3 version into OpenIFS@home
- Explore the possible combination of the two models linearly, so that OpenIFS@home results feed into WRF
- Port OpenIFS@home and WRF in CPDN to other operating systems:

	UK Met Office models	OpenIFS	WRF
Linux	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
MacOS	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Windows	\checkmark		

Conclusion

- Successfully incorporated OpenIFS and WRF into CPDN
- Performed validation of OpenIFS@home using the example of Storm Karl
- Results are produced in a scientifically useful timeframe
- Enables a range of **new capabilities** for scientists
 - OpenIFS@home enables very large ensemble weather forecasts supporting types of studies previously too computationally expensive to attempt using OpenIFS
 - WRF in CPDN enables fine scale resolution models



Finally, thank you to all our volunteers!

