

Molecular dynamics of proteins in the cloud

Antonio Rosato

Magnetic Resonance Center

University of Florence

rosato@cerm.unifi.it





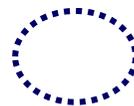
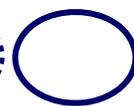
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An **INSTRUCT**
Core Center

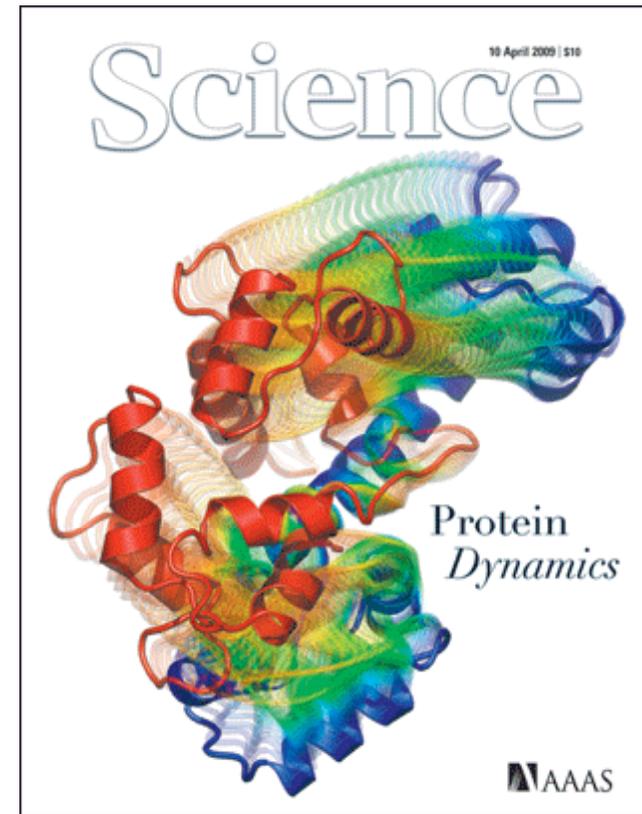
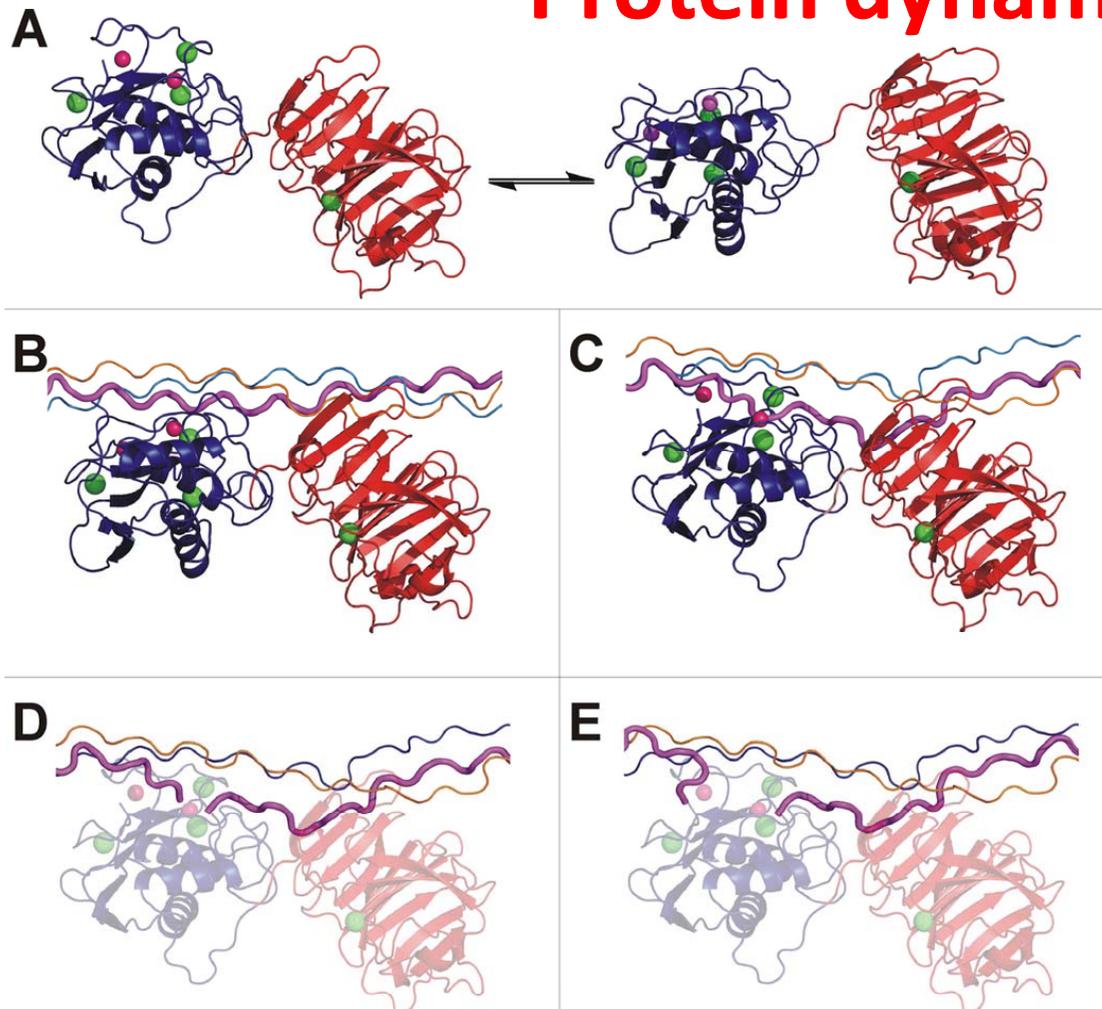


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  for metabolomics

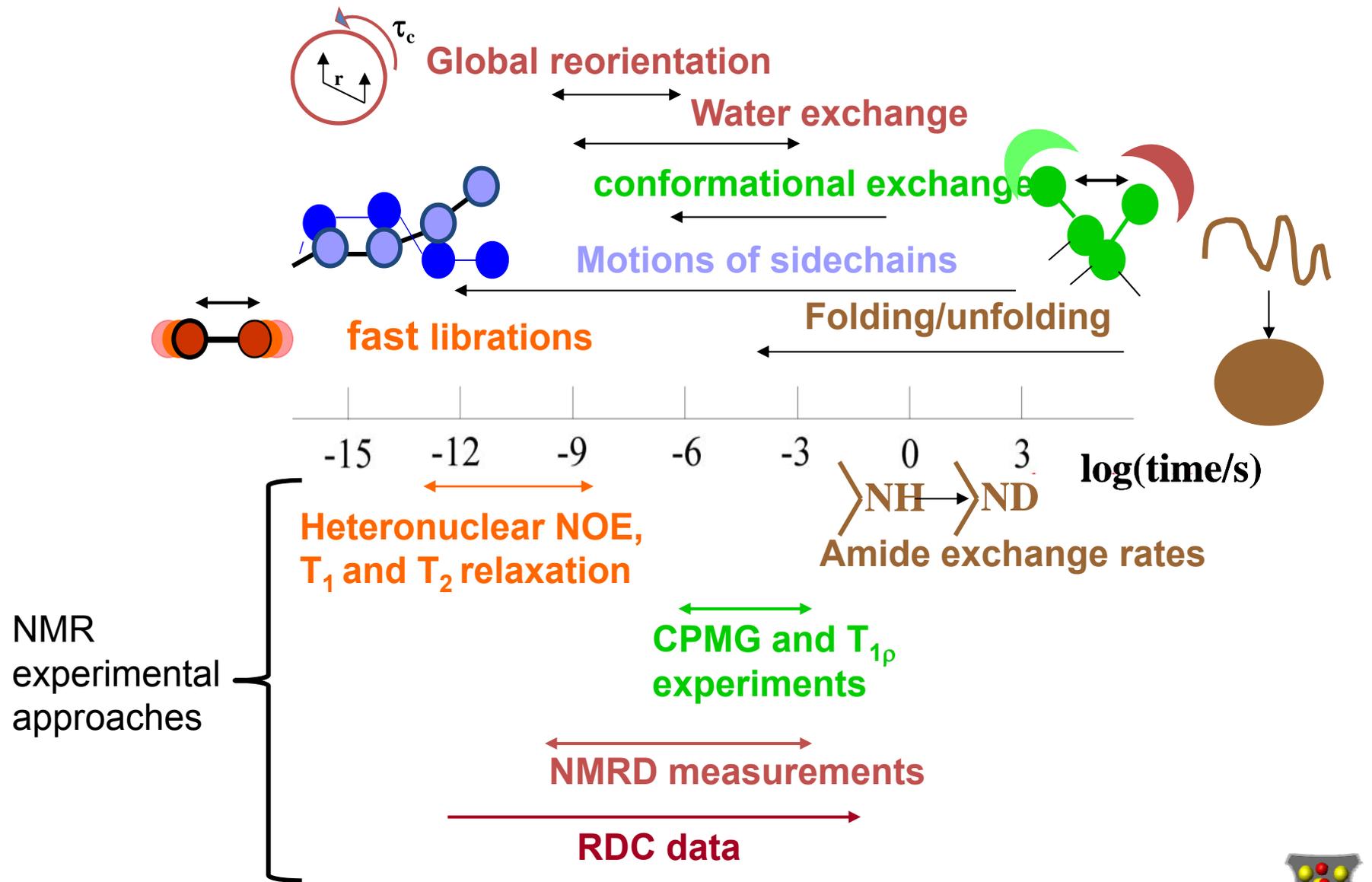


Protein dynamics



The initial steps of collagenolysis. (A) Closed (left) and open/extended (right) forms of FL-MMP-1 in equilibrium. (B) The extended protein binds THP chains 1T-2T at Val23-Leu26 with the HPX domain and the residues around the cleavage site with the CAT domain. The THP is still in a compact conformation. (C) Closed FL-MMP-1 interacting with the released 1T chain (in magenta). (D) After hydrolysis, both peptide fragments (C- and N-terminal) are initially bound to the active site. (E) The C-terminal region of the N-terminal peptide fragment is released.

Timescales of protein dynamics



Molecular dynamics simulations

Because no experimental technique can be applied to the investigation of all atoms/groups in a protein, **computer simulations are needed** to obtain a complete picture

MD simulations are based on the integration of classical equations of motion (variation of position, velocity and acceleration) over small intervals of time Δt (constant acceleration, linear motion). At each time step the system energy and forces over atoms are re-evaluated.

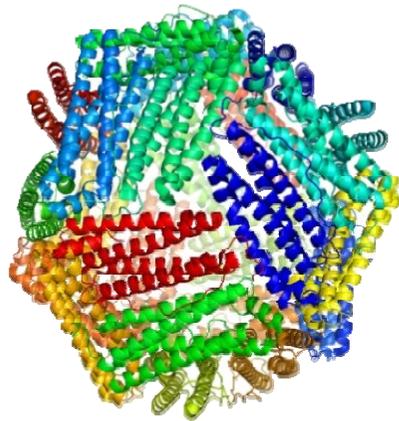
For protein MD simulations $\Delta t = 1-2$ fs. So for **1 μ s of simulation, 1 billion steps** are needed.

Calculations require several days and generate 10's Gb

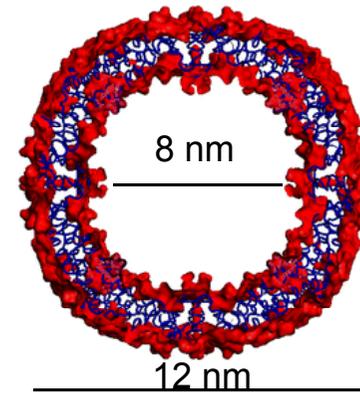


MD simulations on GPGPUs

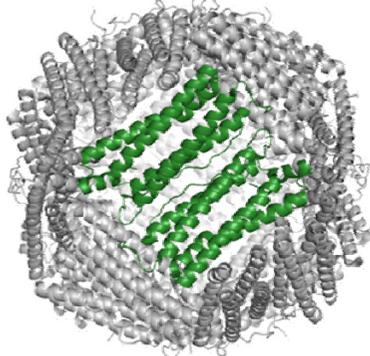
The ferritin homopolymer



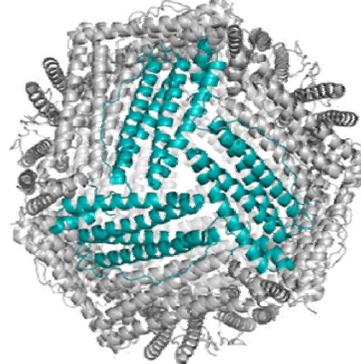
TOTAL MW 480 kDa
24 subunits 175 aa each
Octahedral (432) symmetry



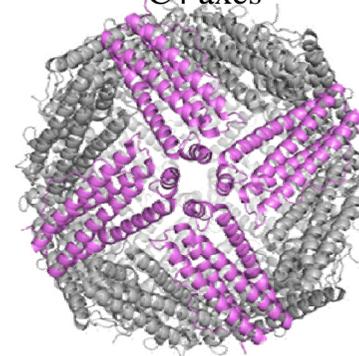
C2 axes



C3 axes



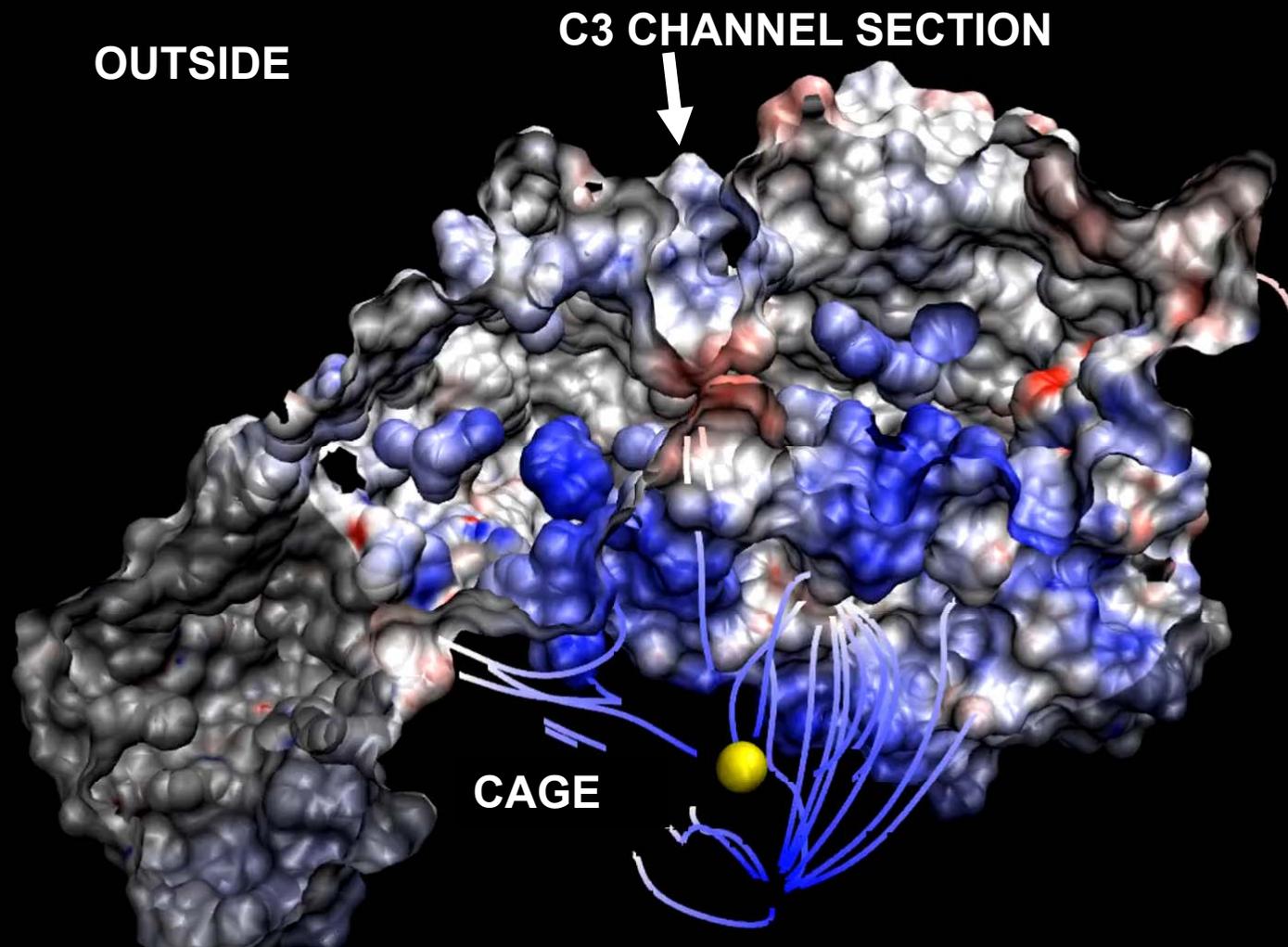
C4 axes



Ferritin plus solvent: 178910 atoms

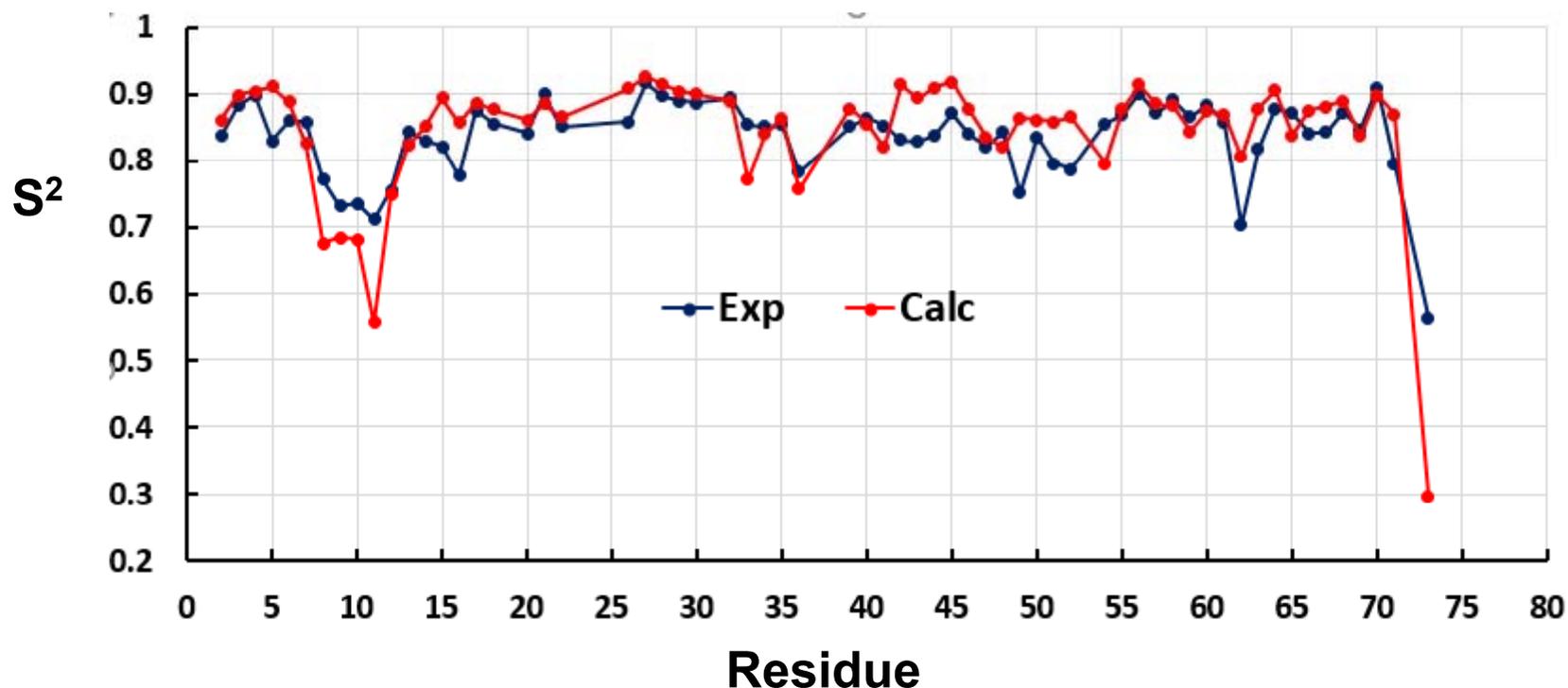


Ion escape from a protein nanocage



MD vs. NMR-derived dynamics

IREDA analysis of a 1 μ s simulation of ubiquitin, compared to order parameters derived from experimental data

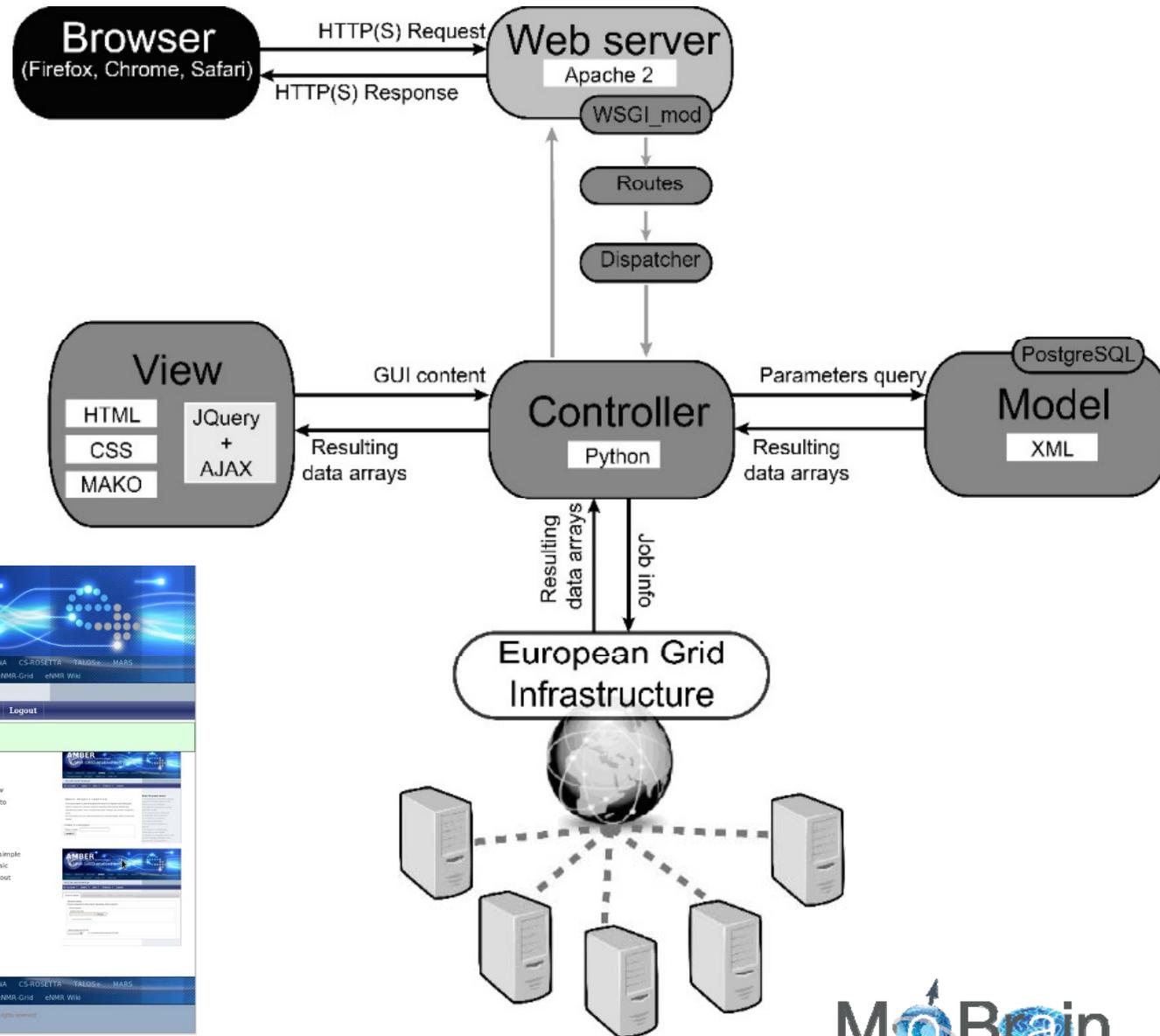


Pearson coefficient Exp-Calc = **0.82**

Prompers, J. J., & Bruschweiler, R., 2002, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 124(16), 4522–4534.
Tjandra *et al.*, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 1995, 117 (50), pp 12562–12566



Structure of our current portal for short MD calculations



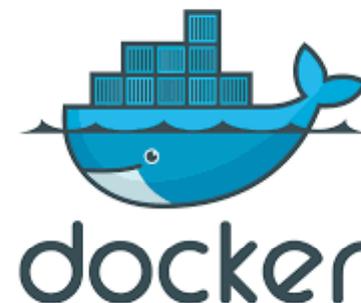
Bioinformatics, 27, 2384-2390 (2011). A Grid-enabled web portal for NMR structure refinement with AMBER.
 Bertini I, Case DA, Ferella L, Giachetti A, Rosato A.



Building a cloud-based web server for MD analysis

We used solutions developed by the **INDIGO-DataCloud** project (<https://www.indigo-datacloud.eu/>)

The AmberTools software package for MD was implemented as a container for Docker



We additionally implemented the **Oneclient** application in the Docker image

ONEDATA

Onedata is a Dropbox-style cloud storage solution. Its Oneclient component allows mounting your Onedata space in the local file system tree



In the Dockerfile

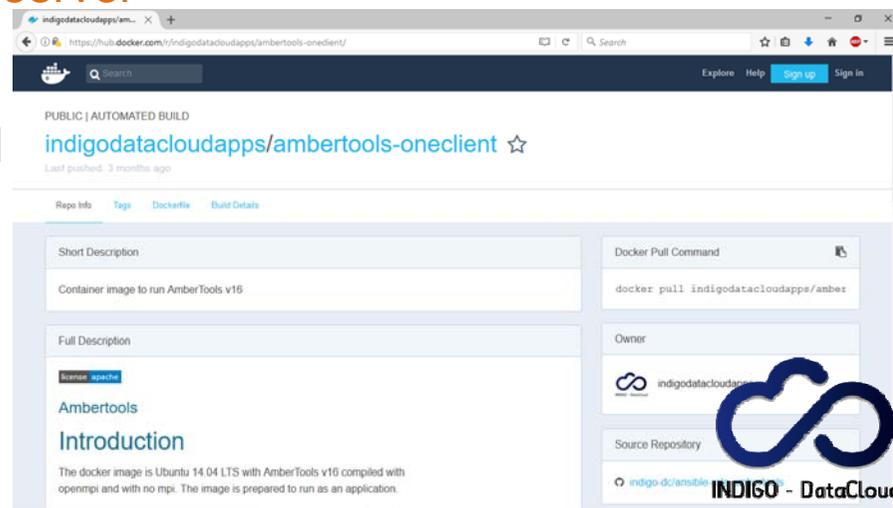
```
[...]  
ENV PROVIDER_HOSTNAME=oneprovider.cloud.cnaf.infn.it  
ENV ONECLIENT_AUTHORIZATION_TOKEN='AADDFF.....'  
ENV MOUNT_POINT=/tmp/onedata  
RUN mkdir /tmp/onedata
```

can be accessed via POSIX

```
[...]  
EXPOSE 8080  
CMD oneclient --authentication token $MOUNT_POINT --no-check-  
certificate && mvn jetty:run
```

Web server

Based on
<https://hub.docker.com/r/indigodatacloudapps/ambertools-oneclient/>



indigodatacloudapps/ambertools-oneclient

Short Description

Container image to run AmberTools v16

Full Description

License: [apache](#)

Ambertools

Introduction

The docker image is Ubuntu 14.04 LTS with AmberTools v16 compiled with openmpi and with no mpi. The image is prepared to run as an application.

Docker Pull Command

```
docker pull indigodatacloudapps/amber
```

Owner

indigodatacloudapps

Source Repository

indigo-dc/ansible

INDIGO - DataCloud



Building a cloud-based web server for MD analysis

The container further includes

- A data browser, so the container can be accessed via your web browser (i.e. no need to use the Onedata web interface in another tab).
- A viewer for macromolecular structures (NGL, a highly memory-efficient and scalable WebGL-based viewer)

We then instantiate the VM using Ansible with specifications in YAML

This is compatible with the **PaaS Orchestrator** of INDIGO



To instantiate the VM

YAML file

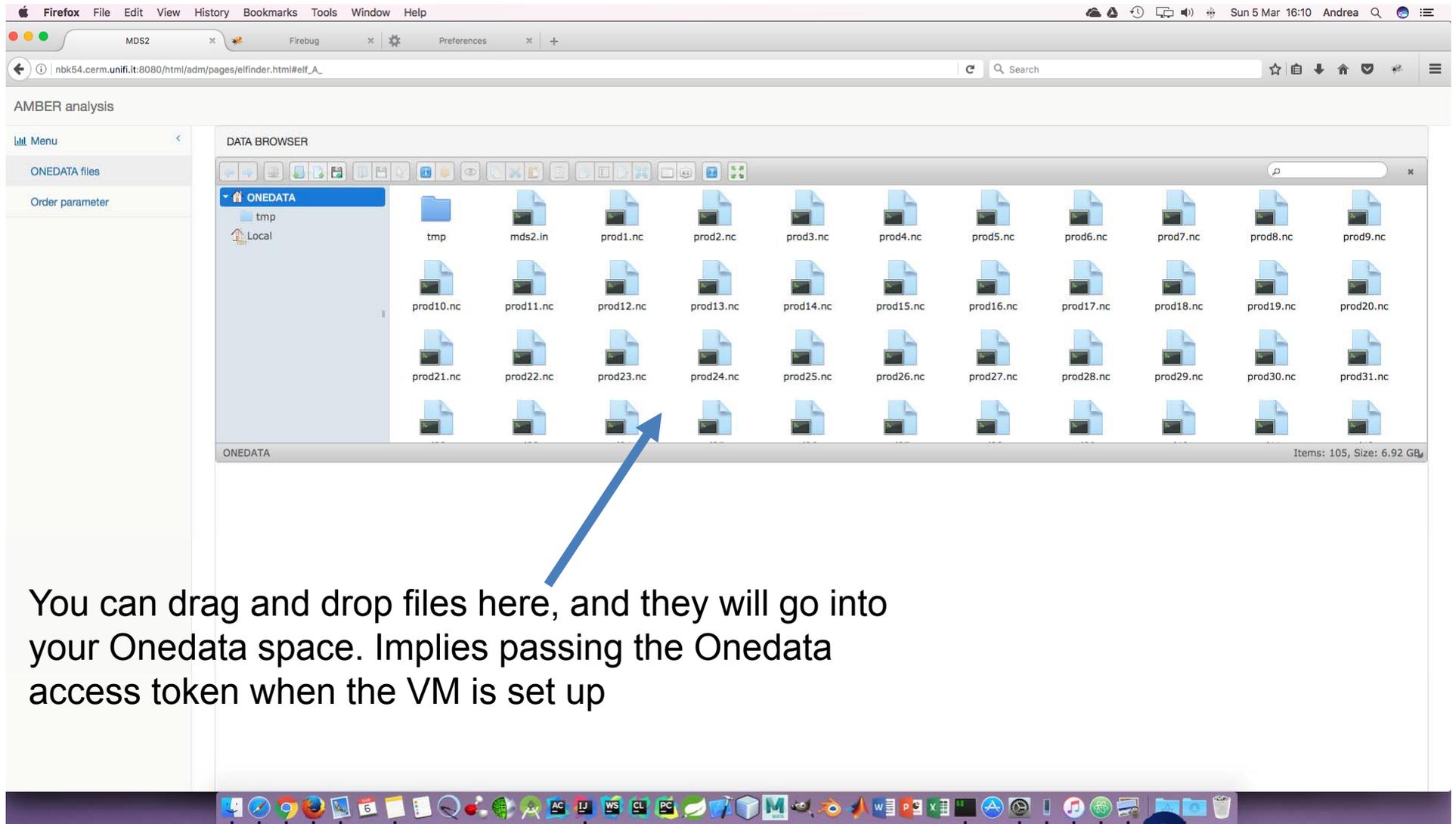
[...]

```
- name: build the image
  docker_image:
    path: /tmp/site
    name: cirmmp/mds2
```

As we are in dev, the container is stored locally

```
- name: run the site in a docker container
  docker_container:
    name: mds2
    privileged: True
    image: "cirmmp/mds2"
    dns_servers: 150.217.1.32
    published_ports: 8080
```

How it looks



The screenshot shows a Firefox browser window displaying an AMBER analysis interface. The browser's address bar shows the URL `nbk54.cerm.unifi.it:8080/html/adm/pages/elfinder.html#elf_A_`. The page title is "AMBER analysis". On the left, there is a "Menu" section with "ONEDATA files" and "Order parameter". The main area is a "DATA BROWSER" window showing a file tree with "ONEDATA" and "Local" folders. The "ONEDATA" folder is expanded, showing a grid of files: "tmp", "mds2.in", and a series of "prodX.nc" files from "prod1.nc" to "prod31.nc". A blue arrow points to the "prod23.nc" file. The bottom right of the browser window indicates "Items: 105, Size: 6.92 GB". The browser's taskbar at the bottom shows various application icons.

You can drag and drop files here, and they will go into your Onedata space. Implies passing the Onedata access token when the VM is set up

Display of the results of MD analysis

AMBER analysis

Menu

- ONEDATA files
- Order parameter

ORDER PARAMETER ANALYSIS

Run Calculation

Calculated order parameter S2

Year	Calculated order parameter S2
1910	0.85
1920	0.85
1930	0.85
1940	0.85
1950	0.85
1960	0.85
1970	0.00

PDB Structure

Output data remain in your Onedata space when the VM is shut down

Infrastructure to compute MD simulations

Presently:

- GPGPU-based using the HTC infrastructure of EGI

Next

- Dockerized version for GPGPU VMs

Computing MD simulations is much more efficient on GPGPUs: see <https://documents.egi.eu/public/ShowDocument?docid=2774>
Instead, MD analysis does not require GPGPUs



Next steps

Integrate this with the INDIGO **IAM** (Identification and Authorization Mechanism), to simplify management of the access token

Adapt to check running calculations on the fly

Improve the design of the web interface



Thank you for your attention!

People involved:

- Davide Sala
- Andrea Giachetti

Financial support:

Italian Ministry of University

Regione Toscana

European Commission



R1 relaxation parameters of Menkes protein

MD simulations of the WT- and A629P-MNK6 domain in the apo-form.

After 0.5 μ s of simulation the IRED analysis was performed



R1 correlations (Exp-Calc)

A629P = 0.50

WT = Sample partly aggregated

