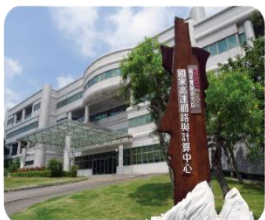


# Research Services in NCHC

Chun-Yu Lin 林俊鈺



Hsinchu HQ  
(1993)



Taichung  
(2008)



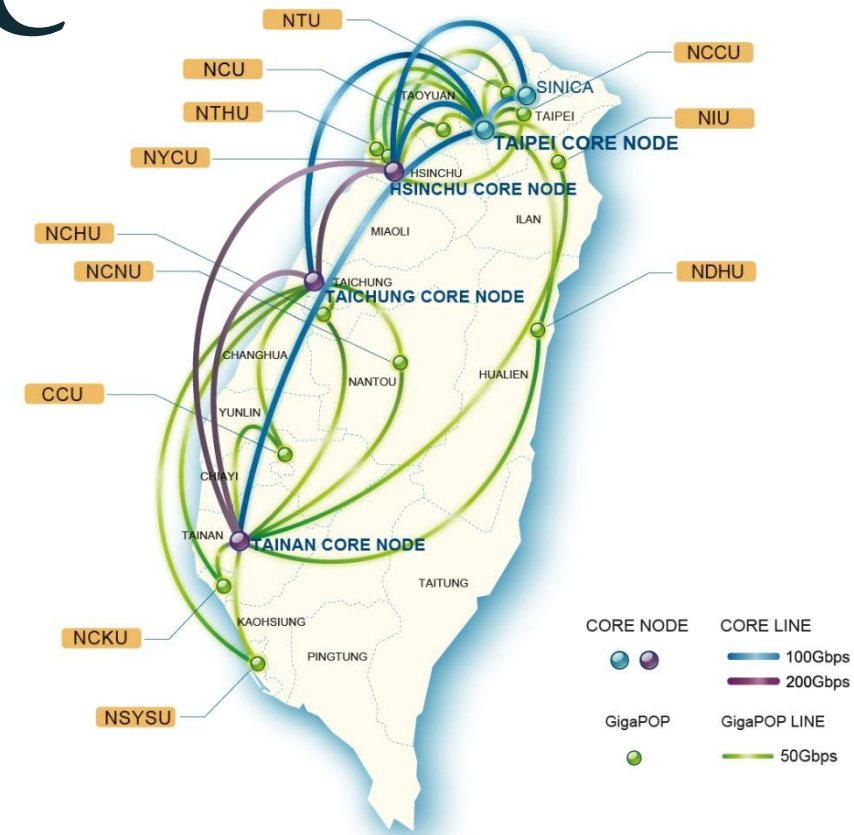
Tainan  
(2005)



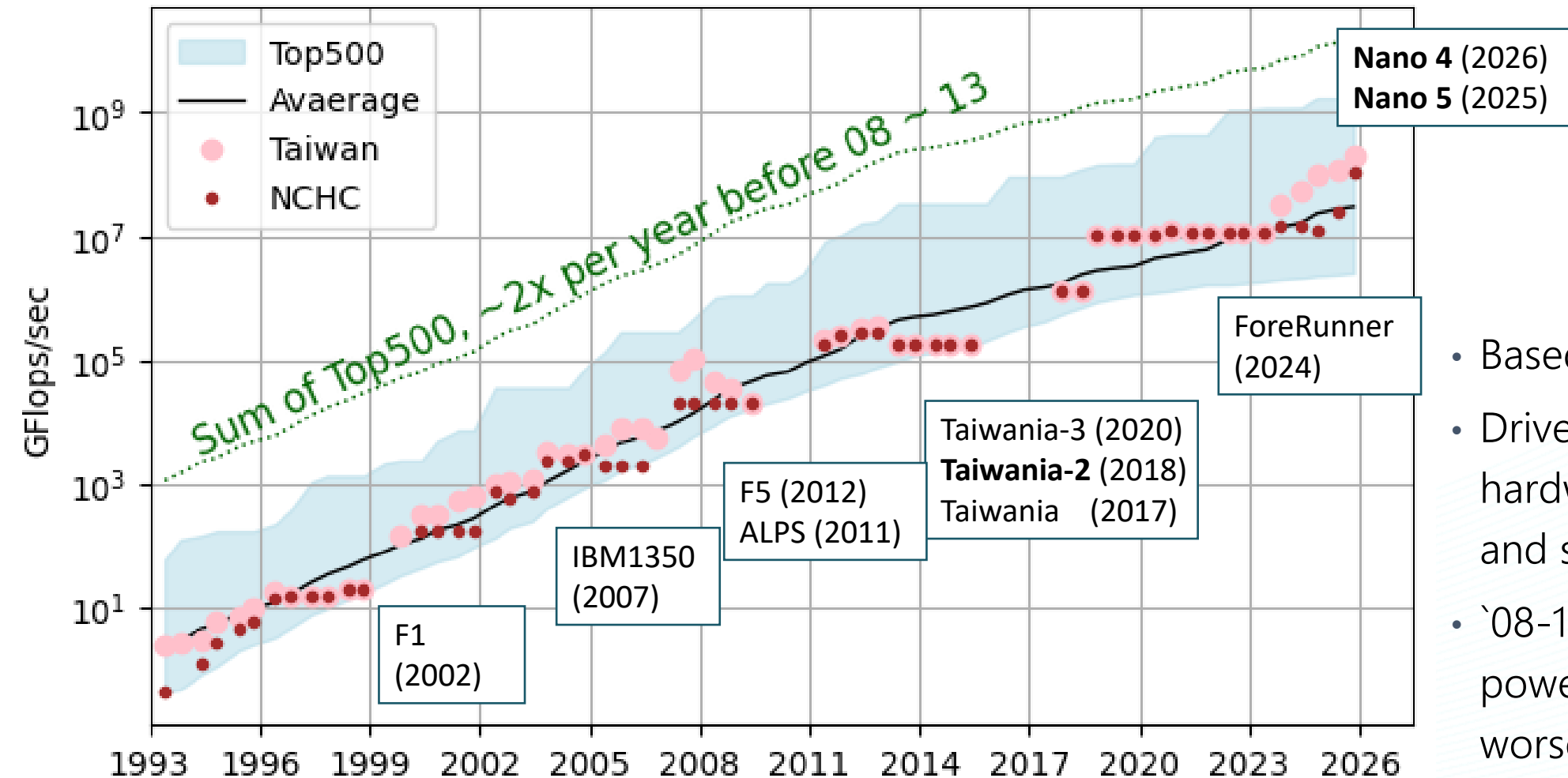
Shalun  
(2018)



Tainan IDC  
(2025 Dec)



# NCHC & Top500



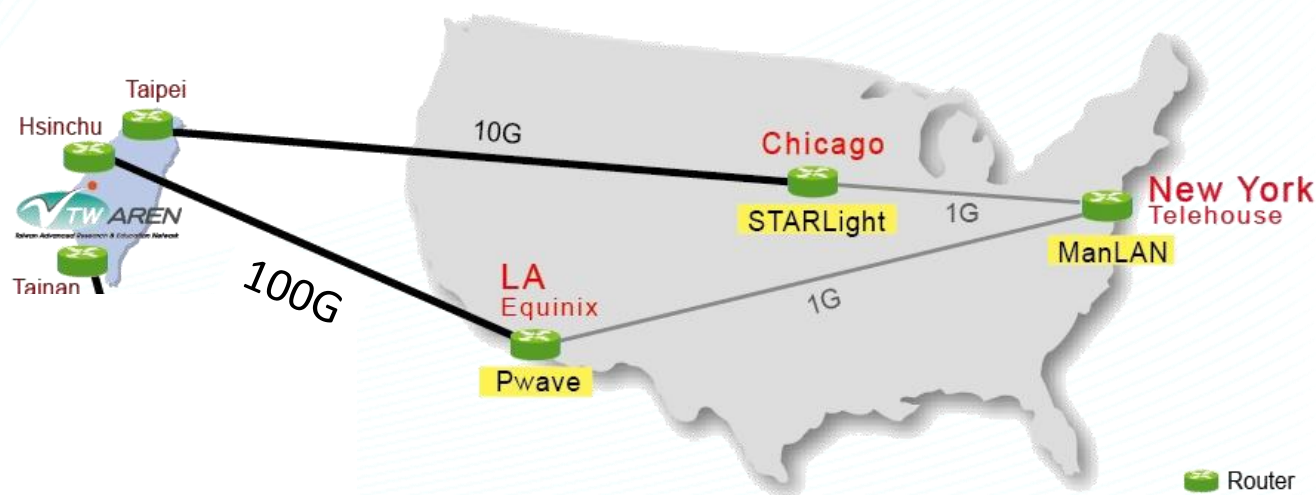
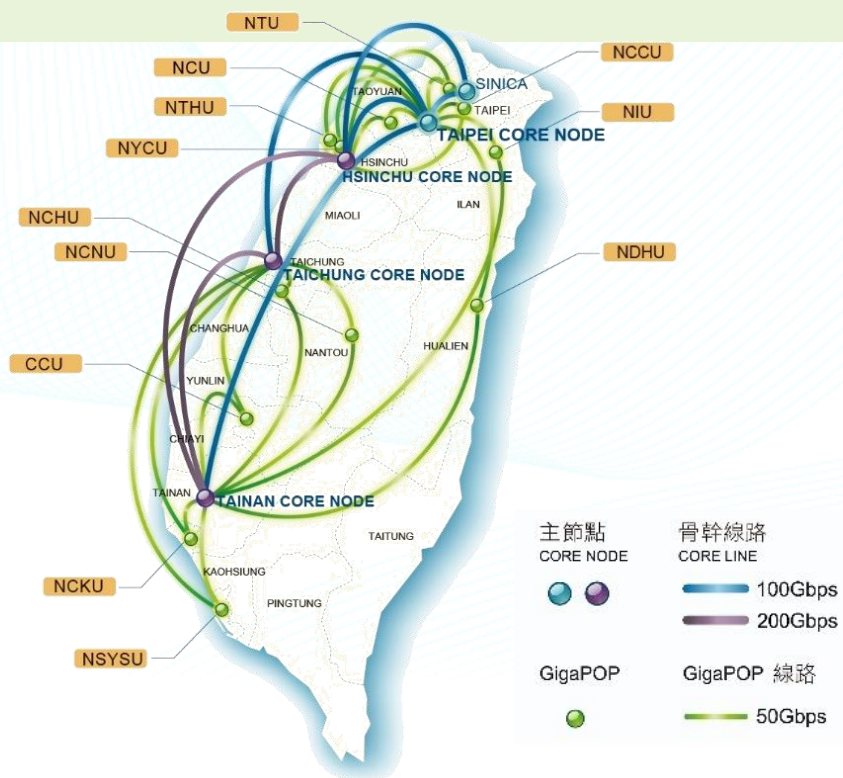
- Based on HPL (FP64).
- Driven by advances in hardware, microarchitecture, and software.
- `08-13 slowdown due to power constraints, even worse for low-ranked system

# Taiwan Advanced Research and Education Network



- Optical dedicated bandwidth in island
  - ✓ 20G (2004) → 200G (2008) → 4\*400G (2026)
  - ✓ 12 GigaPOPs
  - ✓ 94 universities & research institutes
  - ✓ 500k+ users

- Sharing network fiber with **TANet** (4000+ schools, 4.5m+ users)
- Availability: 99.99%+
- 110 Gbps links to **LA, Chicago** (thru which peering to other RENS)



# Supercomputers, Network, and IDC (Internet Data Center)

## HPC & cloud

台灣杉 TAIWANIA

2018  
Twnia2 9 PF

2023  
TAIDE  
3.8 PF

2019  
Twnia3 2.7 PF



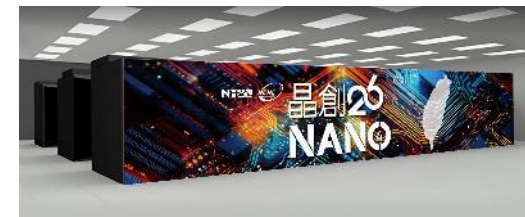
2024  
Forerunner  
3.4 PF



2025  
Nano 5  
13 PF



2026  
Nano 4  
81.5 PF



2028  
HPC-X Quantum  
integrated



2023  
Self-built fiber  
backbone Initiated

2025  
Tainan IDC  
15MW



2026  
4 x 400Gbps  
fiber backbone  
scheduled for  
activation



2029  
Shalun IDC  
90MW

2022  
Formosa Open eXchange



2004  
TWAREN



## Network & data center

# User profile (2026)

- **1 k+** project groups and **11 k+** users:
  - ~ **80% NSTC**
  - ~ 20% Gov,
  - < 1 % Industry (by usage)
- **NSTC** domain usage breakdown:
  - ~ **40 % Math/Phy/Chem**
  - < 30 % Engineering (Material/IT/Semicon)
  - ~ 26 % Environments, Others
  - ~ 5 % Biomedic

## HPC in services:

- Nano4
  - **81.5 PF**, 8\*220 H200, **37 GF/W**, PUE~1.18
  - Top 29 and Green 73 @ Nov 2025
- Nano5
  - **13 PF**, 296 H100/H200, **30 GF/W**, PUE~1.25
  - Top 118 and Green 73 @ Jun 2025
- Forerunner (CPU-based from ASUS)
  - **3.4 PF**, 62k-core, **5.7 GF/W**, PUE~1.35
  - Top 222 and Green 92 @ Nov 2023
- Twnia-3 (CPU)
- Twnia-2 (GPU)

# Applications

- Climate, Weather & Environment
- Health & Biology
- Material, Energy & Chemistry
- Engineering
- Space, Plasma & Physics
- AI, Quantum computing
  - New paradigms and challenging HPC applications.

**Challenges of our time, from environment and health,  
to the global sustainability and exploration of unknown**

# Research & Platform Services

- TCCIP (Taiwan Climate Change Projection Information) Adaptation Knowledge Platform  
臺灣氣候變遷推估資訊與調適知識平台
- Smart city, 3D GIS, Civil IoT Taiwan
- Ocean negative carbon research platform: from seismic reflection data portal to CCS simulation
- Sustainable Health Big Data Platform (健康大數據) & Taiwan biobank (台灣人體生物資料庫)
- GIS for precision agriculture
- Material platform (adv structural materials based on high-entropy alloy) & Semiconductor research
- PCB warpage analysis & Cloud platform
- Render farm
- Nuclear fusion simulation for FIRST
- WLCG/IGWN Grid computing
- Taiwan AI RAP - Sovereign AI and AI democratization, Multilingual Indigenous Language AI/LLM
- Quantum computing...

- Planning and operation
- Integrate academic research capability
- Cultivate talents



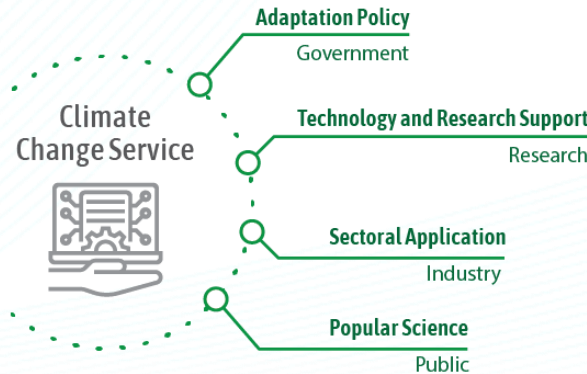
Change Evaluation and Analysis  
ipcc

International Data Interface  
CMIP / CORDEX

Experience Exchange

SENTAN (Japan)  
GERICS (Germany)  
ARA (UK)

International Connection



- The 4-th phase TCCIP (2009~) strengthen **cross-level and cross-sector adaptation** applications to support SDGs.
- Respond to climate emergency and enhance systematic resilience of Taiwan.
- NCHC in **Team3** :
  - Information outlet & Web services
  - Promote and operate climate change services & integrated platform, data store and adaptation resources kit.

**TEAM1**  
Data Generation and Trend Analysis

**TEAM2**  
Impact and Adaptation Application

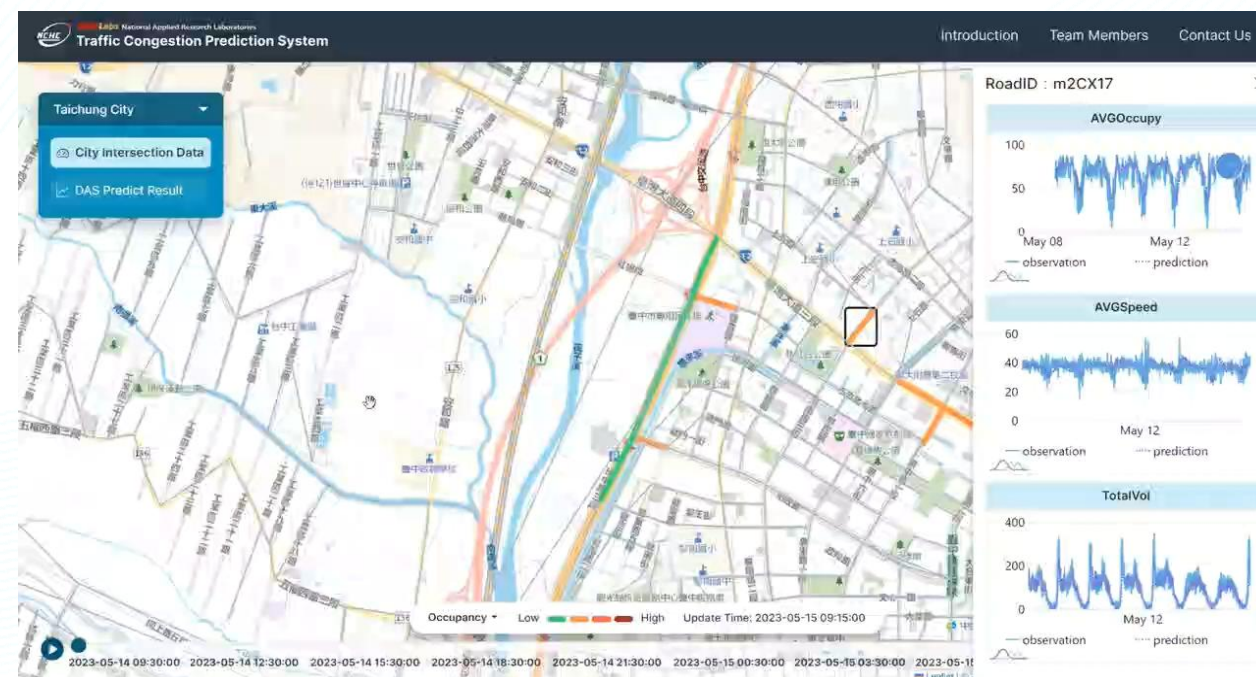
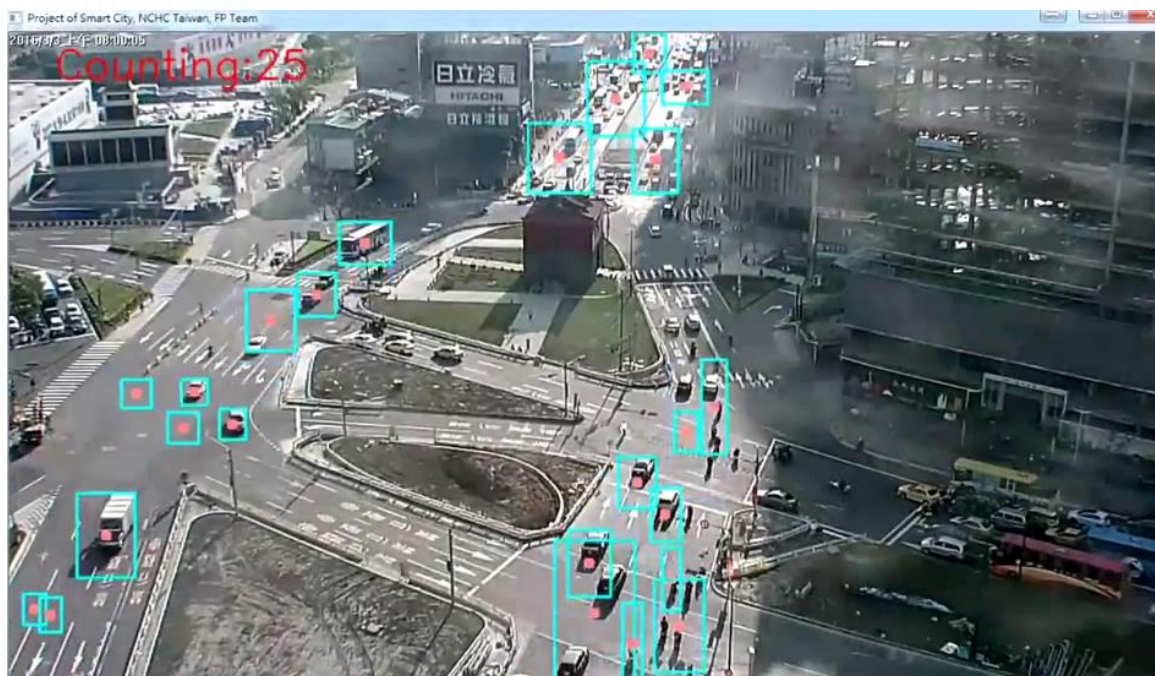
**TEAM3**  
Climate Change Service and Application Promotion

Core members: Steven Shiau 蕭志槐  
Jen-Gaw Lee 李正國, Tzumin Chuang 莊子民

<https://tccip.ncdr.nat.gov.tw/>

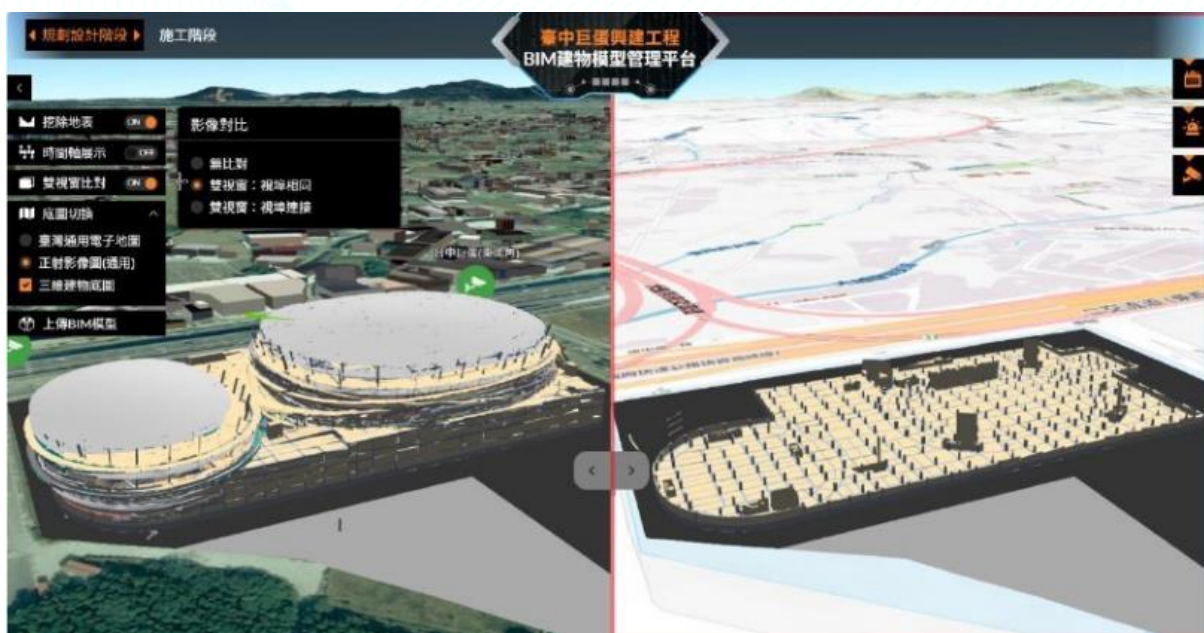
# Smart city & Urban governance

- Predictive traffic analytics: 30-minute road condition forecast.
- Smart policing: multimodal street video recognition for surveillance footage; LLM-aided investigation.
- Accuracy Championship of ICCV 2025 AI City Challenge
- Taichung City: Recognized with **2025 Excellence in City Governance Award** by CommonWealth Magazine (天下雜誌)



# 3D GIS Platform, Building Info Modeling (BIM) & Digital twin

- Integration of BIM and AI in public construction management.
  - Taichung Dome (台中巨蛋): Construction safety evaluation and planning, real-time safety regulation monitoring.
- Accelerate GIS adoption and development for public sector.
  - Bureau of Cultural Heritage: Digital twin of Lukang Longshan Temple
  - Penghu county digital harbor: 2024 Smart City Innovation Application Award



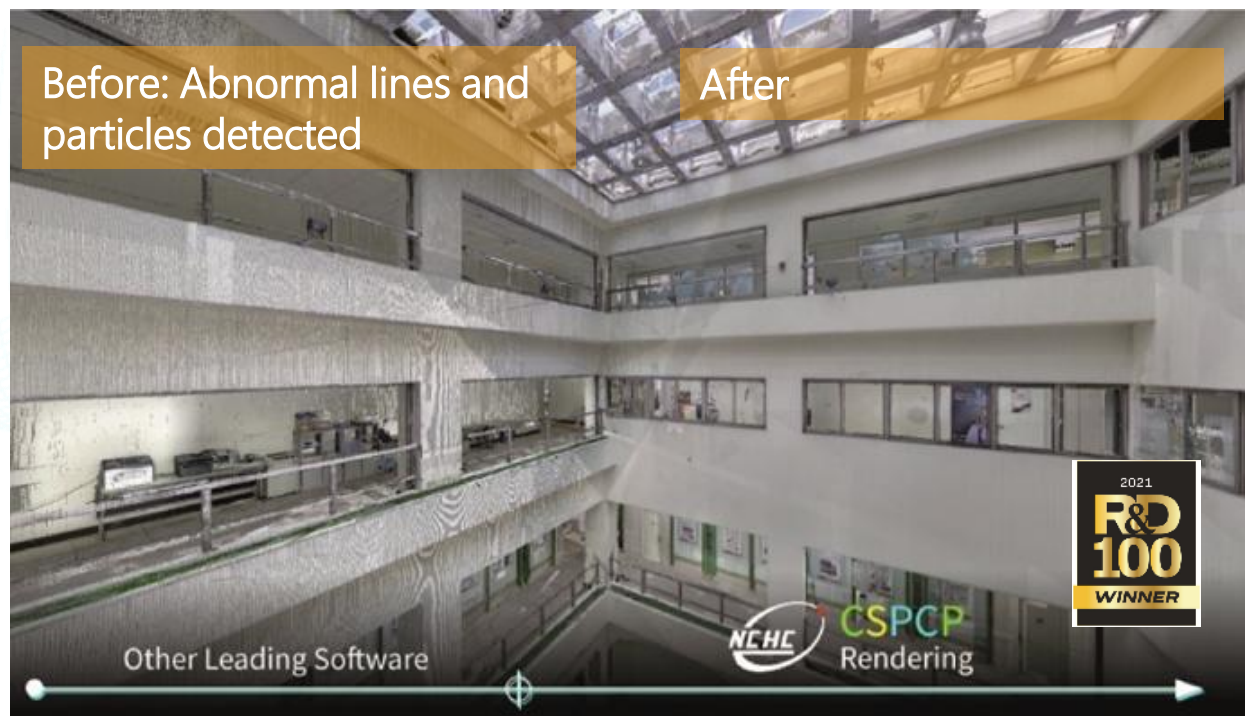
Taichung Dome: Construction Safety Management



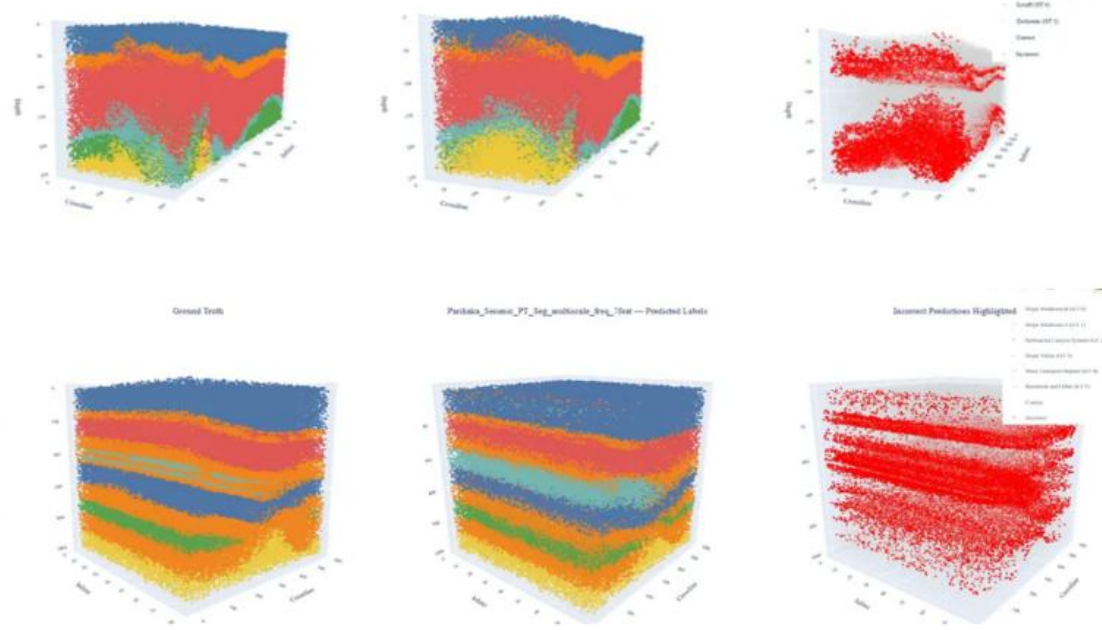
Digital twin of ancient monument model, with temperature and humidity monitored inside

# Cloud-based smart point cloud processing

- Achieved **95%+** accuracy over public Oakland 3-D dataset.
- Recognized with **2021 R&D 100 Award** and **Platinum Award at 2023** Taiwan Innovation Expo Invention Competition.
- Innovative analysis of seismic data for geological carbon sequestration technologies



## Point Cloud based AI seismic data interpretation



Core member: Ming-Jen Wang 王明仁

# GIS for precision agriculture

- On-site crop image classification
  - Field surveys
  - 31 models/crops w/ sparse training sample
- Grape disease diagnostic
  - Classification of Grape Rust, Thrips infestation, and general pathologies.



## Agriculture Spatial Information Collaborative Platform of Ministry of Agriculture

農業空間資訊協作平台



- GPS tracking, LP recognition, and Geofencing
  - Trace pig transport vehicle for epidemic management
  - Transportation auditing



- Web/AI APIs integrated into MoA's **Agri Field Survey Management (農業現地調管)** and **Transport Vehicle Audit System (運輸車輛查核管理)**

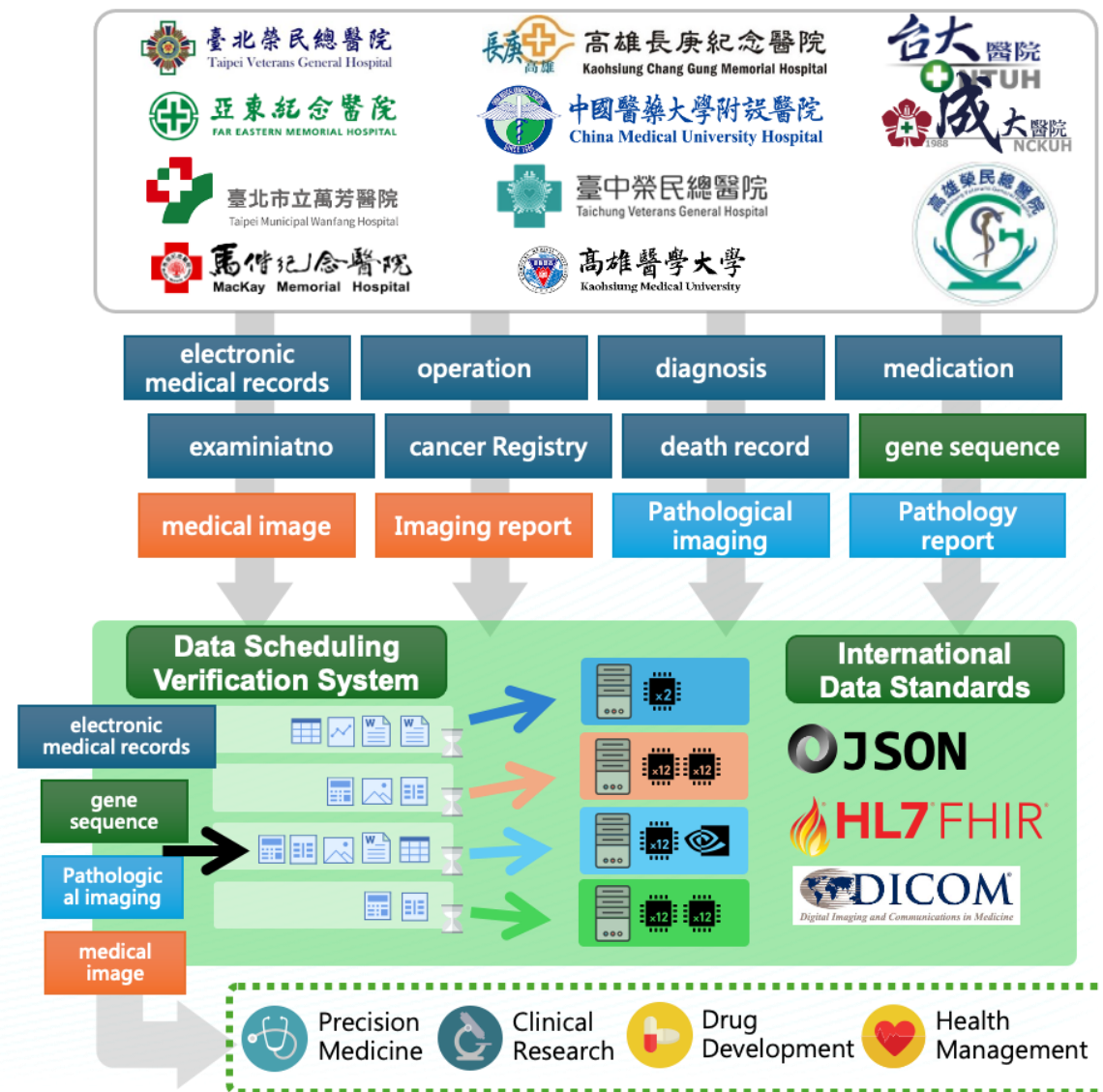
- Collaboration with Agri. Tech. Res. Ins., NCKU, NTU

Core member: Yi-Liang Shih 施亦良

# Sustainable health big data platform

- React to the national-wide goal to create real-world data ecosystem that facilitates data exchange and utilization for medical fields. (MoH, MoE, NSTC)
- Standardized data integration and high-volume interoperable storage services
  - Build data repositories for **EMR, medical imaging, genomics, and digital pathology** with automatic/manual quality checks.
  - Collaborated with **7** medical centers to standardize EMR formats and data exchange protocols under the **Fast Healthcare Interoperability Resources (FHIR)** framework.
  - ISO27001, 27017, 27018, and 27701 certifications.
- Long-term partnership with Taiwan Biobank

Core member: Yen-Jen Lin 林沿姪



# Materials AI platform & Agentic workflow

## The AI Agentic Workflow (Intelligence Layer)



### 1. Task Analysis & Intent Recognition

Identifies query intent and determines required capabilities (knowledge retrieval, computation, structured data access, or hybrid reasoning).



### 2. Task Decomposition & Modular Orchestration

Decomposes into sub-tasks and dispatches to appropriate modules: RAG Retrieval (Literature/Knowledge Base); API Call (Calculation Modules); SQL DB Query



### 3. Evidence Integration & Logical Reasoning

Aligns and synthesizes heterogeneous outputs, performs multi-step reasoning, and resolves cross-source inconsistencies.



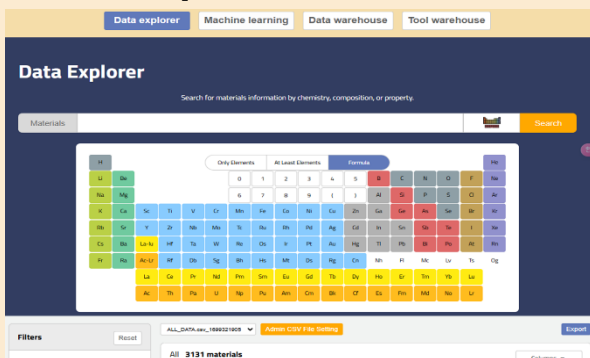
### 4. Structured & Explainable Output Generation

Produces a structured, logically coherent, and comprehensive analysis report, via chatbot.



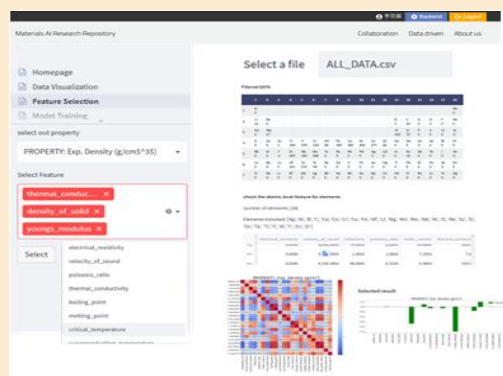
## The Cloud Ecosystem (Infrastructure)

### Data Explorer & Warehouse



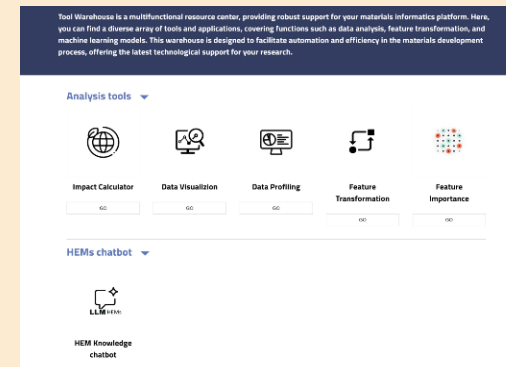
- SQL DB with multi-level IAM
- Retrieval and Filtering by Composition, Structure, and Properties

### ML Environment



- No-code training and validation (Scikit-learn/AutoML)
- Feature engineering and Correlation analysis

### Tool Warehouse



- Preprocessing, Visualization & External analysis programs
- Social impact calculator and LLM knowledge base

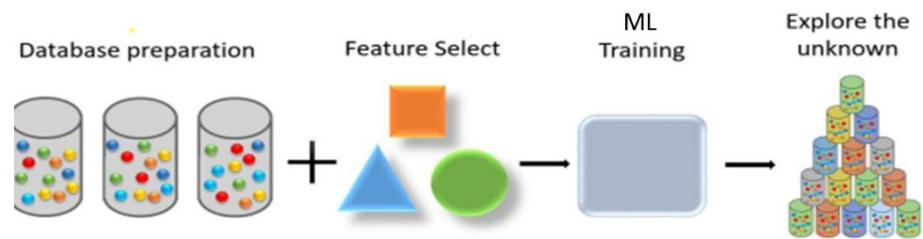
- “Materials Genome” toward interpretable/GenAI discovery. Eg., High-entropy alloy-based adv. structural materials.

# AI for Semiconductors

Core members: Wen-Jay Lee, An-Cheng Yang, Nan-yow Chen, Kuan-Peng Chen

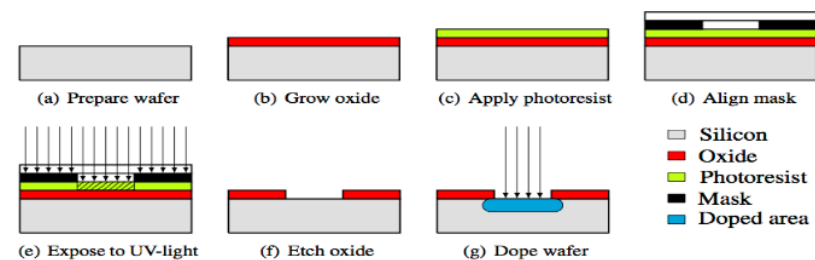
## Data-driven exploration

- Harder high-entropy alloy
- ML to find additive molecular for Li battery



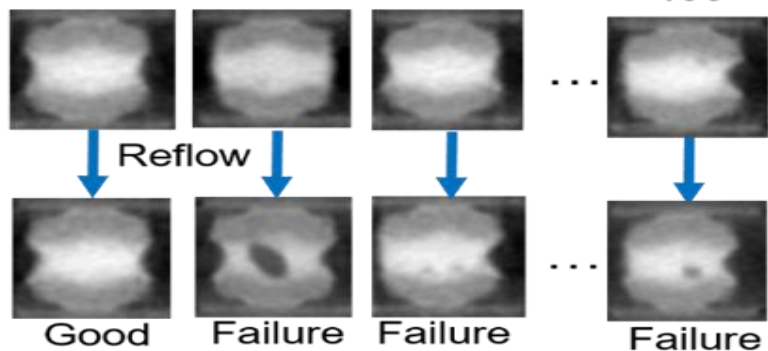
## Process optimization

- Improve multistage manufacturing of HEA and power device



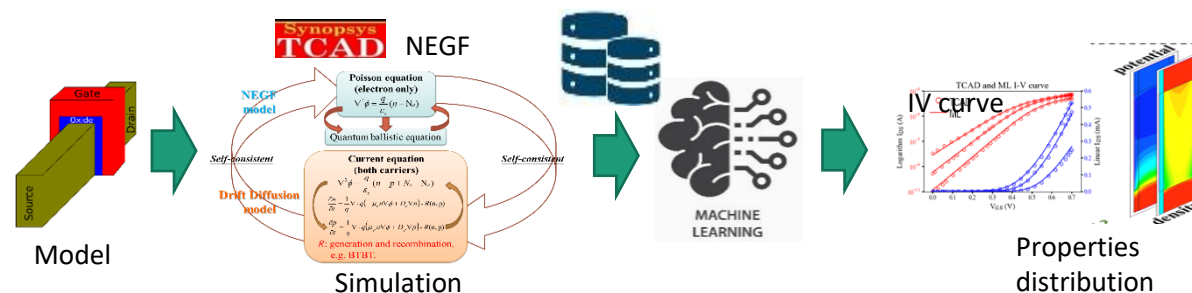
## Reliability prediction

- Early detect 3D-IC structural weakness
- Rapid prediction of battery life



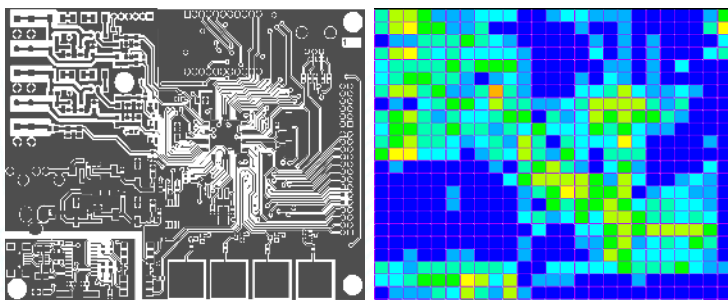
## AI-aided design

- Data-driven/ Physical-informed, end-to-end deep-learning device simulation

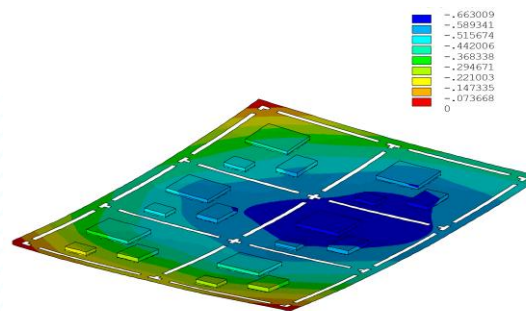


# PCB warpage analysis & Cloud platform

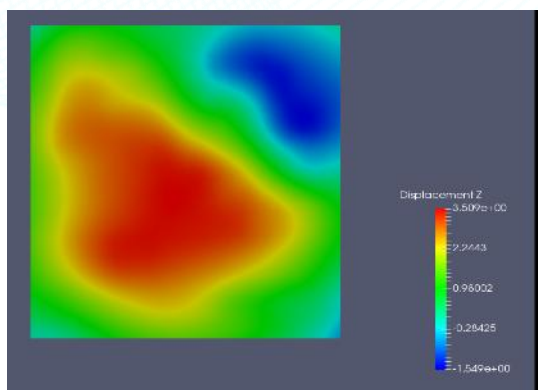
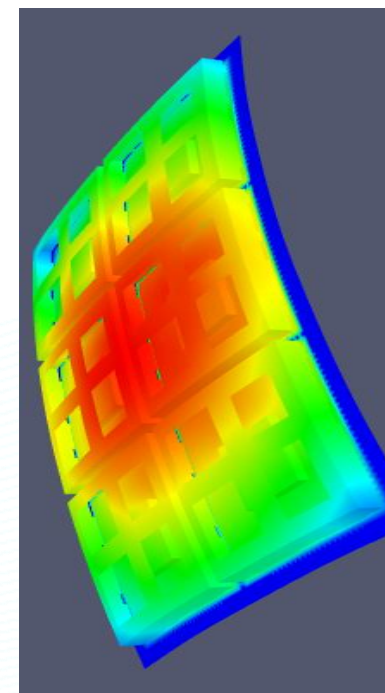
- Simplifies PCB warpage analysis and optimization parameter adjusting, automatically generate stress and deformation maps interactively.
- Reduce time for each trial from days/weeks → tens of minutes
- Key concern: Vendor data privacy



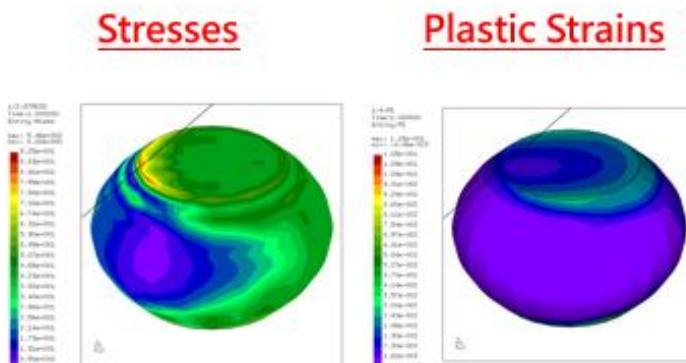
copper trace distribution



PCBA panel warping



PCB module warping

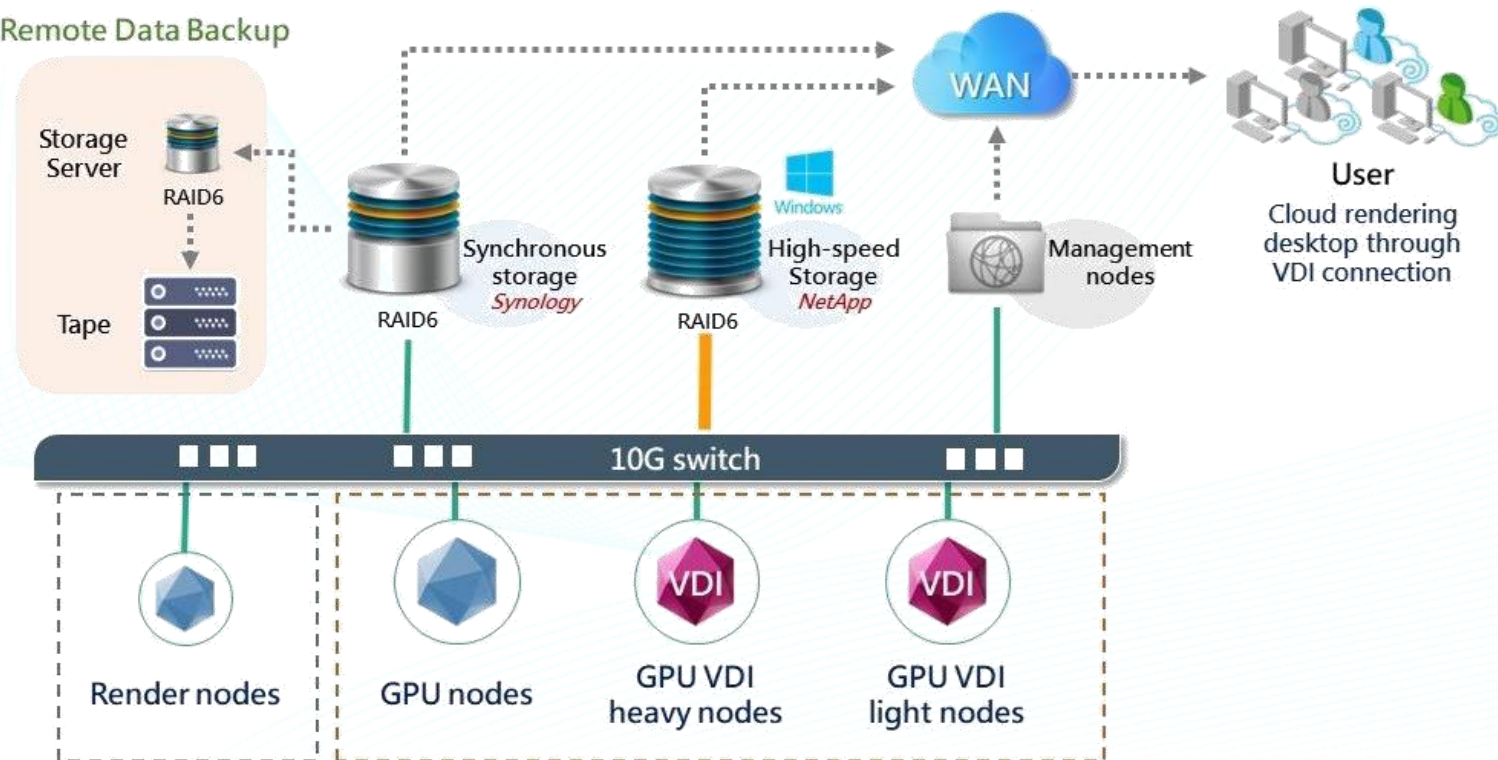


solder ball lifespan predictions

# Cloud GPU Render farm

- Launched in 2011 to promote Taiwanese animation film industry
- **Remote-GPU desktop** to speed up film production w/ industrial rendering engines & management S/W
- Develop special effect algorithm

## Remote Data Backup



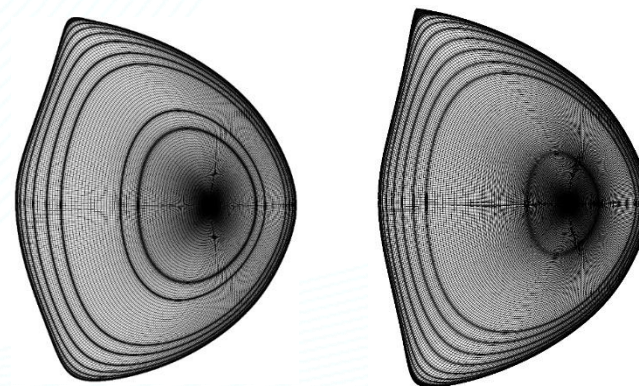
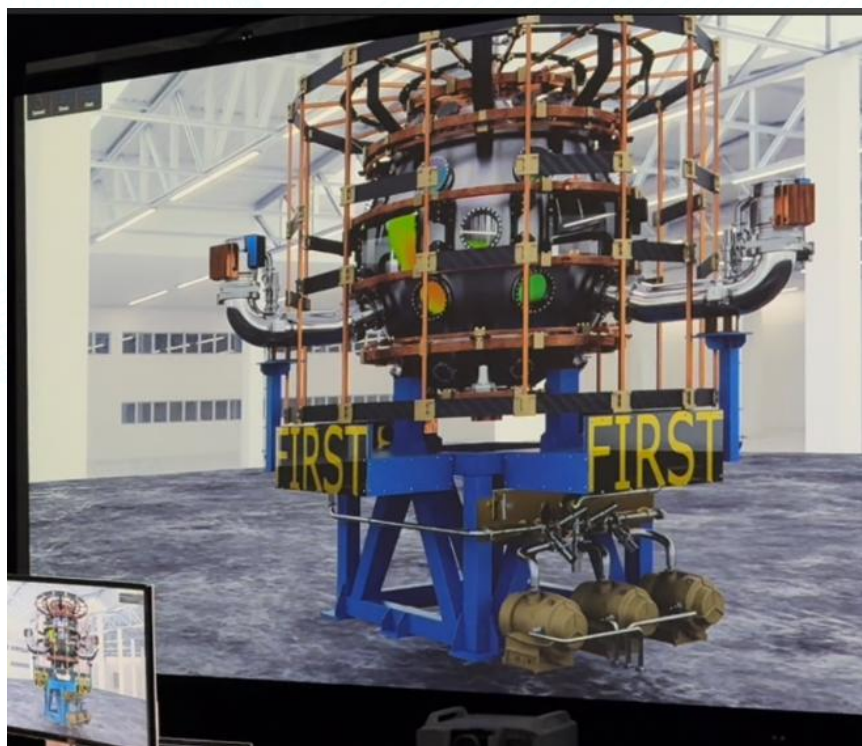
Support iconic film productions



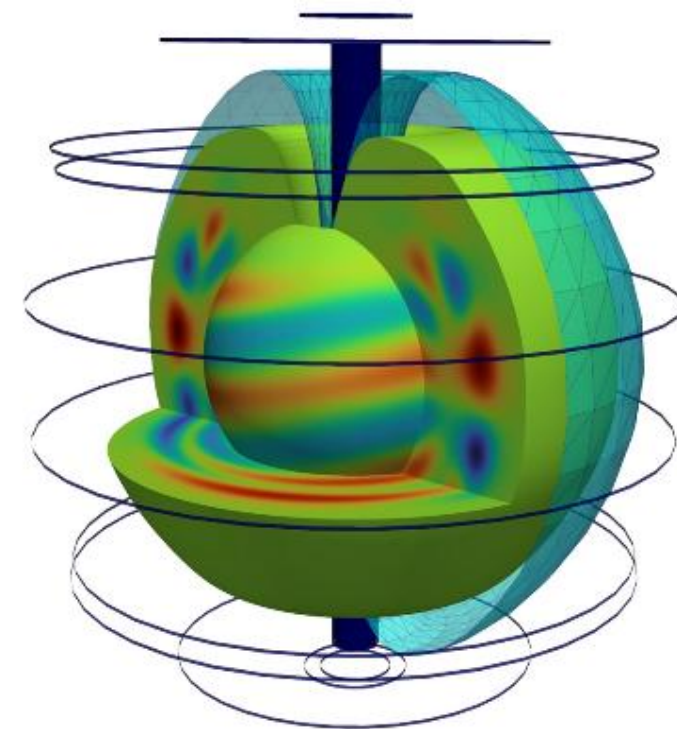
"Below Horizon" special effect of fire

# Nuclear fusion simulation for FIRST

- Support National Atomic Research Institute (NARI) for designing Formosa Integrated Research Spherical Tokamak (FIRST, eta. 2027)
- Optimize tokamak design to enhance simulation accuracy
- Strengthen real-time monitoring and control capabilities



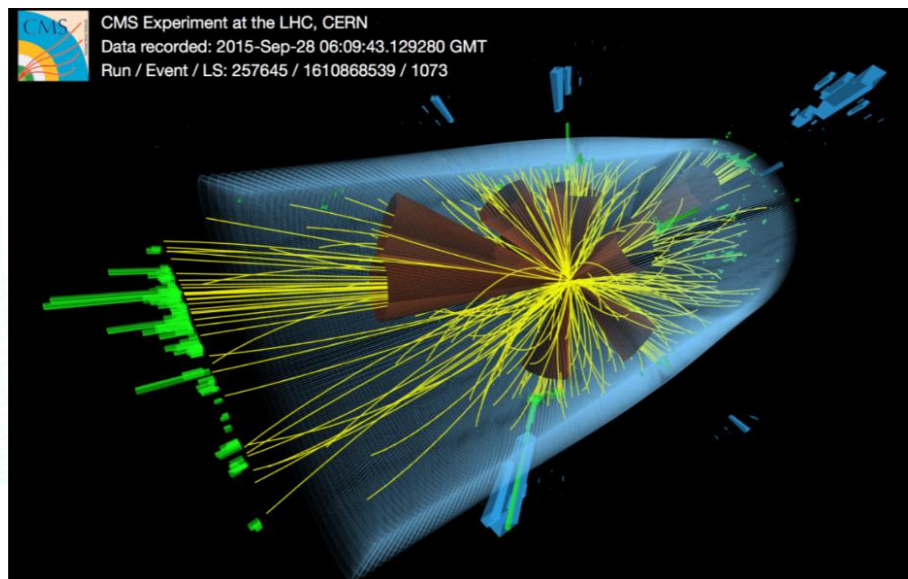
MHD stability in TOQ / EFIT format



Core member: Tsung-Che Tsai 蔡宗哲

# Scientific grid

- Support fundamental science with dedicated / opportunistic resource.
  - 2015- WLCG Tier-2 for LHC/CMS
  - 2022- Int. Gravitational Wave Network (IGWN: KAGRA/LIGO/Virgo) via OSG
- How HPC / Grid learn from each other ? Accelerator, Distributed storage, ... ?



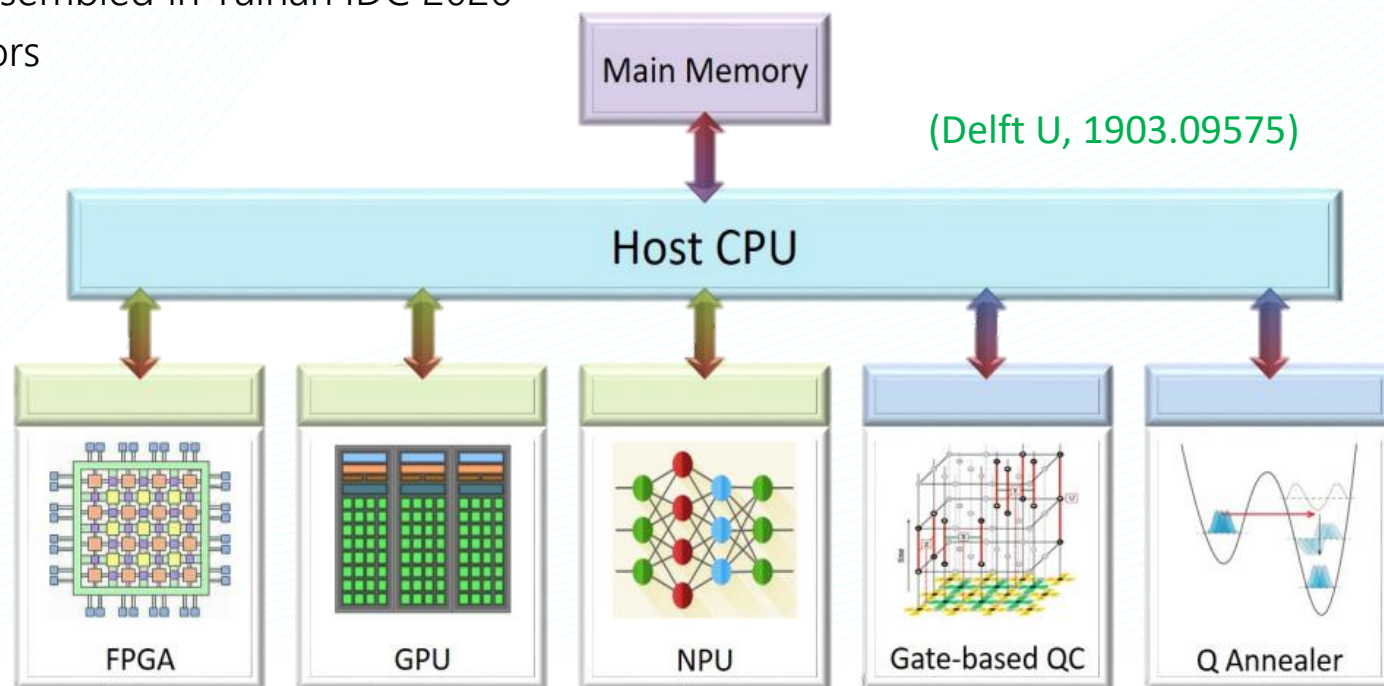
# Sovereign AI and AI democratization

- TAIDE (Trustworthy AI Dialogue Engine) project since 2024 (7/13B model based on opensource ).
- **Taiwan AI RAP** ( **R**esilient and high-performance **AI** Platform )
  - GenAI services platform, from **Infra** and **model fine-tune** to **workflow design**, **API service**, and **UI frontends**...
- Applications & Pilot run customers:
  - Multilingual Indigenous Language AI/LLM Platform (16 tribes, 42 languages)
  - **Pedagogical** platform (NCU for traditional Chinese, 源智匯)
  - Storytelling: AI Visual Novel (中正大學)
  - **Industry** management (創鑫智慧 NeuChips)
  - Pig health & behavior monitoring platform (MoA)
  - **Solar power** monitoring & management (森歲能源)
  - Smart **shifting** (高雄榮總 KSVG Hospital)
  - Smart **Quality Assurance Manual** for medical materials (弘世生技)
  - LLM/RAG-based **knowledge hub** system, **chatbots** (MoDA, TASA, CDNA of Sinica, ...)
  - LLM-based image search, ASR & translation, ... (慧演智能 Claireye, 環球睿視, ...)
  - AI customer service (大橡科技, 環資國際, TW Biobank...)
  - myPDA infra service for SME's agentic AI deployment (NYMCTU)
  - ...



# Quantum computing & HPC

- New computing paradigm, rethink information processing and rebuild toolchains.
- On the other hand, QC as accelerator, fit naturally in heterogenous HPC.
- They're challenging HPC app: Circuit/Quantum simulator, EDA & quantum chip design.
- Most Q algorithms now is hybrid, need to cooperate with classical computers.
  - Hybrid Quantum-Classical Computer to be assembled in Tainan IDC 2026
  - "Quantum hub" collaborated with Lab/ Vendors



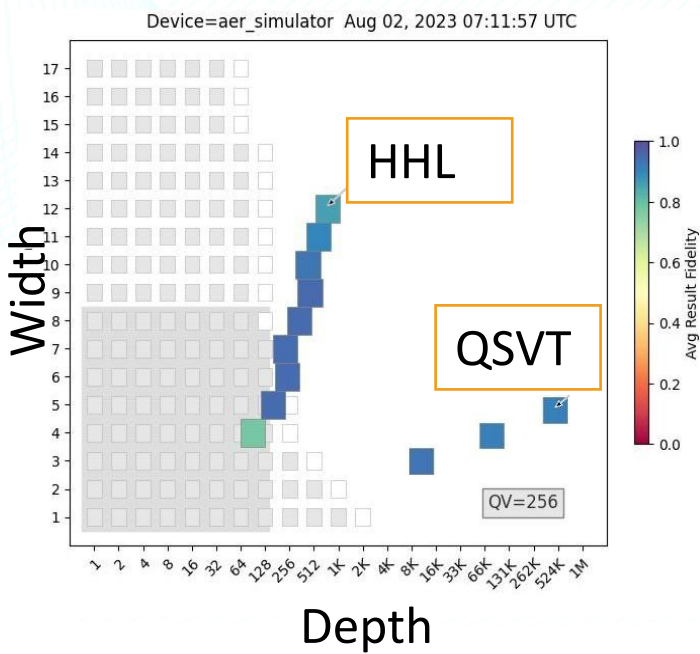
# Some popular QC modality in 2026+

Modality	Phy. Qubits	1q err (%)	2q err (%)	T1/T2	Gate time	Features
Superconducting (IBM/ Google)	120 – 1080	0.007 – 0.01	0.06 – 0.4	O(100 ns)	O(10 ns)	Fixed-freq/Flux-tunable transmons. Heavy-hex and Square-lattice topologies for QEC.
Superconducting (IQM)	20 – 150+	< 0.02	< 0.07			Star/Crystal Topologies; Tunable couplers ( <a href="#">2508.16437</a> )
Superconducting (Fujitsu)	64 – 1024	< 0.01	< 0.1			Vertical 3D Connection; STAR architecture (Space-Time efficient Analog Rotation, <a href="#">2408.14929</a> ) to reduce gates;
Trapped Ion (IonQ, Qudora)	36 – 100	< 0.02	< 0.4	<b>O(hours-min)</b>	O(10-100us)	Algorithmic qubits (#AQ) as metric; Microwave-controlled ions (Oxford Ionics); Laser-driven gates;
Trapped Ion (Quantinuum)	96 – 1000	-	<b>0.01 – 0.05</b>			QCCD (Quantum Charge-Coupled Device) allows ions physically moved ( <a href="#">2003.01293</a> ). All2all interaction reduce circuit depth. TKET toolkit.
Neutral Atom (QuEra, Pasqal)	<b>256 – 3k</b>	< 0.03	< 0.5	O(sec)	O(us – ms)	Atoms as perfect qubits; Rydberg blockade; Optical tweezers; Dynamic topology; Analog/Hybrid mode. ( <a href="#">2304.05420</a> )
Photonics (Quandela)	6-24	< 0.4	< 1	Loss-based	O(ps)	Quantum-dot single-photon sources (95%+ photon indistinguishability); Full-stack QML software;
Silicon Spin	12 – 50	0.01 – 0.1	0.1 – 1.0	O(ms - sec)	O(10-100 ns)	Quantum Dots; 300mm CMOS Fab integration; P-31 donors or hole spins in Silicon.

# On-going studies

## Simulator & Benchmark

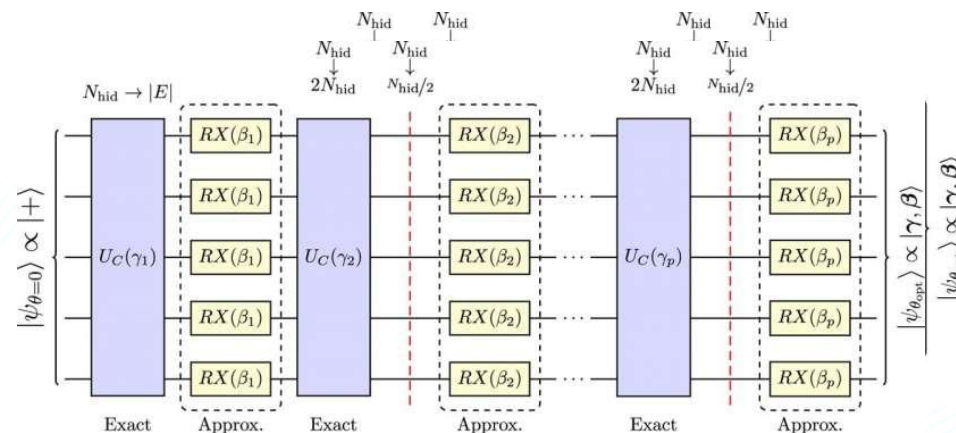
- Circuit / TensorNetwork sim
  - 43 qubits full state vector sim on F1
  - $O(1000)+$  qubits MPS-TN sim
- Application-level benchmark



Depth-width tradeoff of quantum linear problem

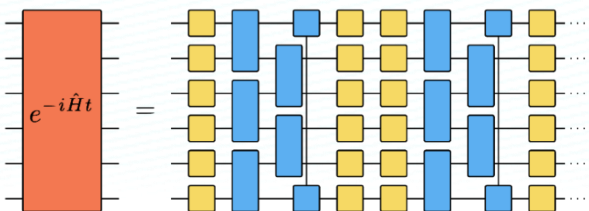
## Machine learning & Optimization

- Industrial optimization via QUBO, QAOA.
- Neuron network via parameterized, variational quantum circuit.
- Quantum analogue of CNN, Graph network, LSTM, ...



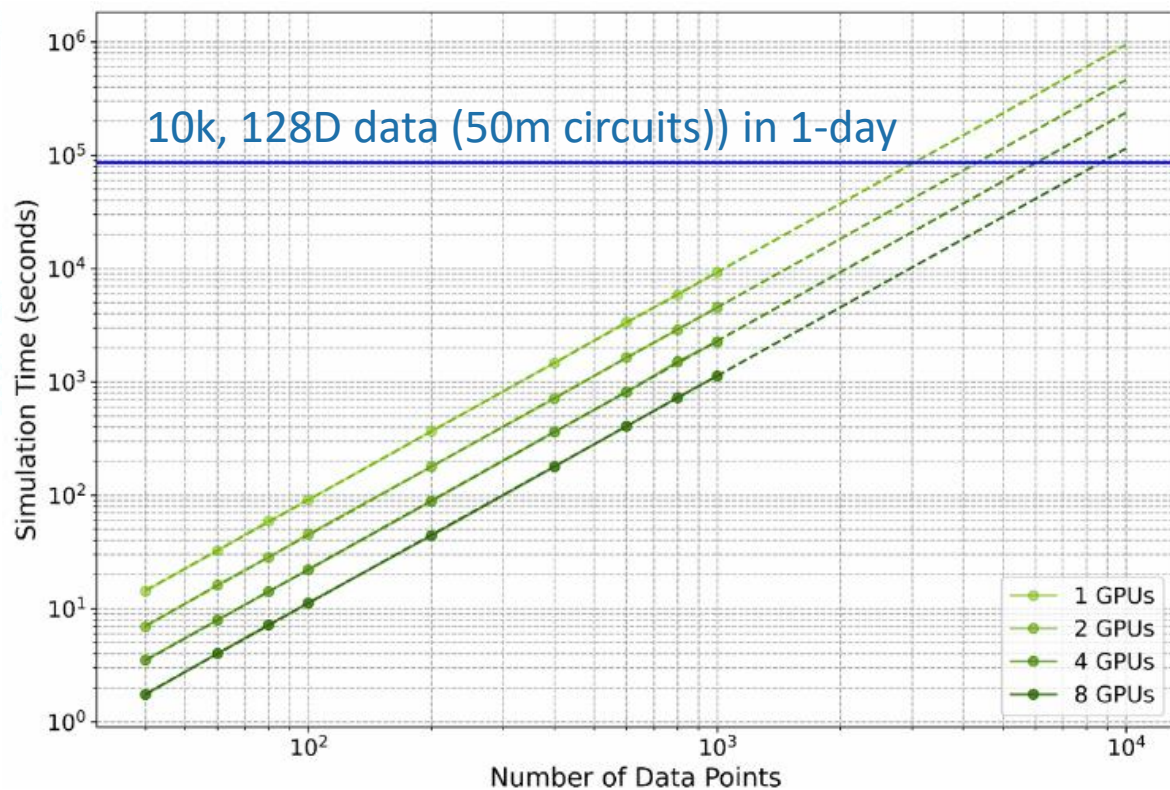
## Quantum Simulation

- Many-body effects of quantum dynamics

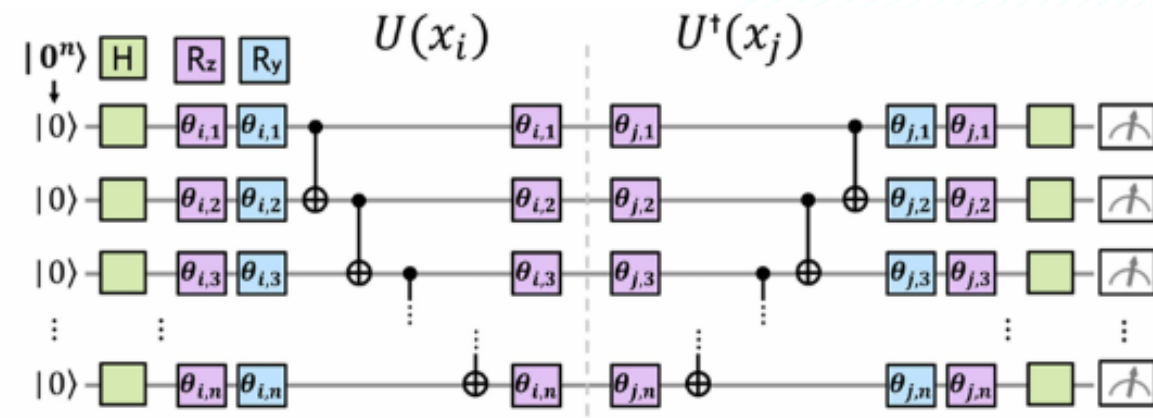


# Scalable kernel-based QSVM via Tensor-Network

- Kernel functions in SVM  $\rightarrow$  Overlap of quantum features (Feature dimension = #qubit)  
 $k(x, x') \rightarrow \langle \psi(x) | \psi(x') \rangle$
- Train  $N$  samples  $\rightarrow N^2$  circuits; Inference  $M$  samples  $\rightarrow NM$  circuits to compute.
- Linear time scaling over  $N$



[Machine Learning: Sci. Tech. 6 \(2025\)](#)  
w/ TY Li, NY Chen, AC Yang



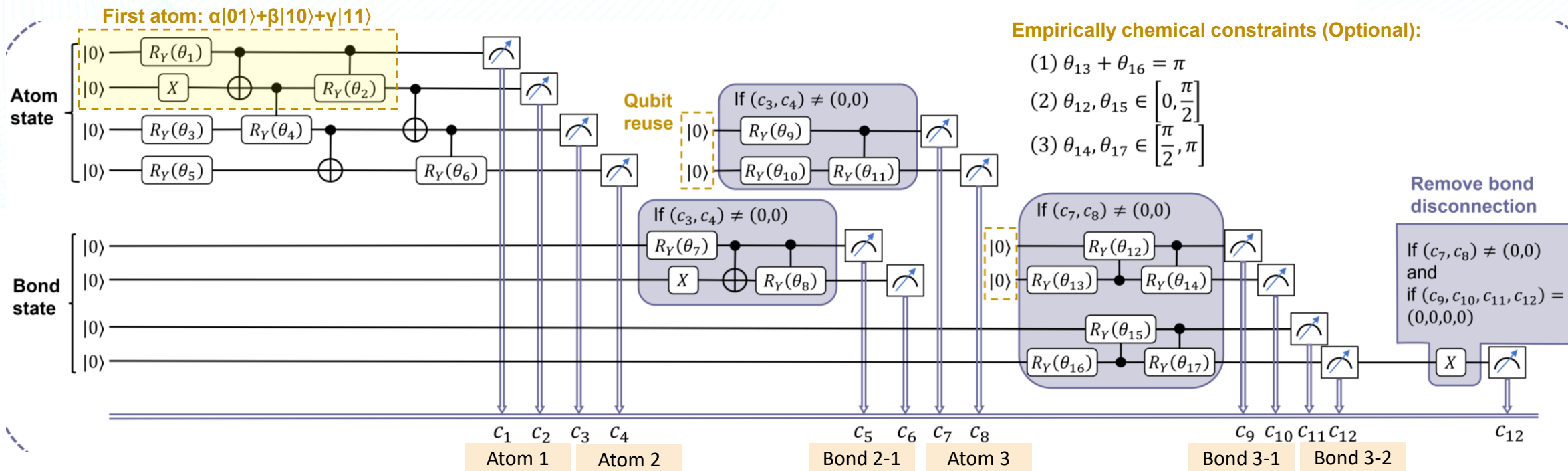
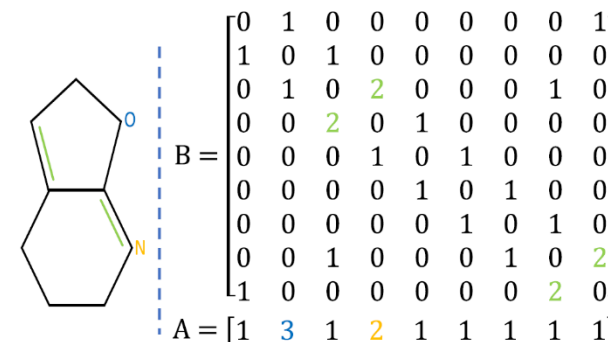
# Quantum Molecular Generation

“Exploring Chemical Space with Chemistry-Inspired Dynamic Quantum Circuits in the NISQ Era”, J Chemical Theory and Comp (2025)

- Domain knowledge-driven, high chemical validity gen model
  - parameter efficiency: 134 parameters enumerate 9-heavy atom molecular (C, N, O).
  - Tailored generation by constraining parameters & Bayesian optimization.

- Dynamic circuit to reduce qubit overhead,  $O(N^2) \rightarrow O(N)$  for  $N$ -atom.

- Atom types:  $\{|00\rangle_{\text{None}} \ |01\rangle_{\text{C}} \ |10\rangle_{\text{N}} \ |11\rangle_{\text{O}} \ \}^N$
- Bond types:  $\{|00\rangle_{\text{None}} \ |01\rangle_{\text{Single}} \ |10\rangle_{\text{Double}} \ |11\rangle_{\text{Triple}} \ \}^{C_2^N}$
- 90  $\rightarrow$  **20** qubit for 9 atoms (C,N,O)

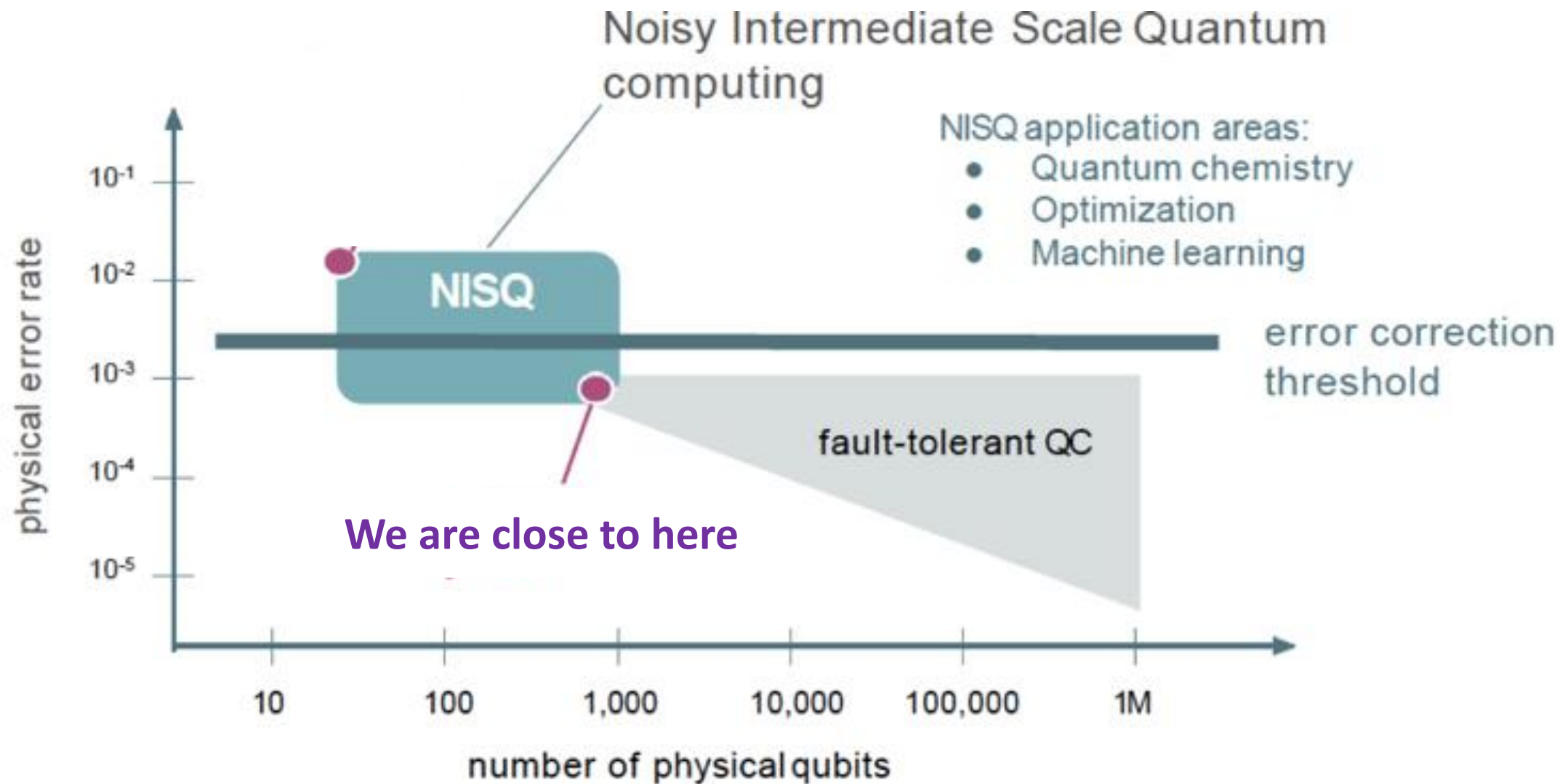


# Summary

- NCHC as the service provider of supercomputing and the TWAREN backbone.
- Diverse research and platform services response to communities with blurring boundary of HPC and Cloud
- Preparing for quantum:
  - We've focused on algorithm, application, and software toolchains.
  - Work on hybrid quantum-classical computing integrated with HPC (in Tainan IDC).
  - Quantum Hub to bridge technology gaps through collaboration.

**~ Thank you ~**

# NISQ



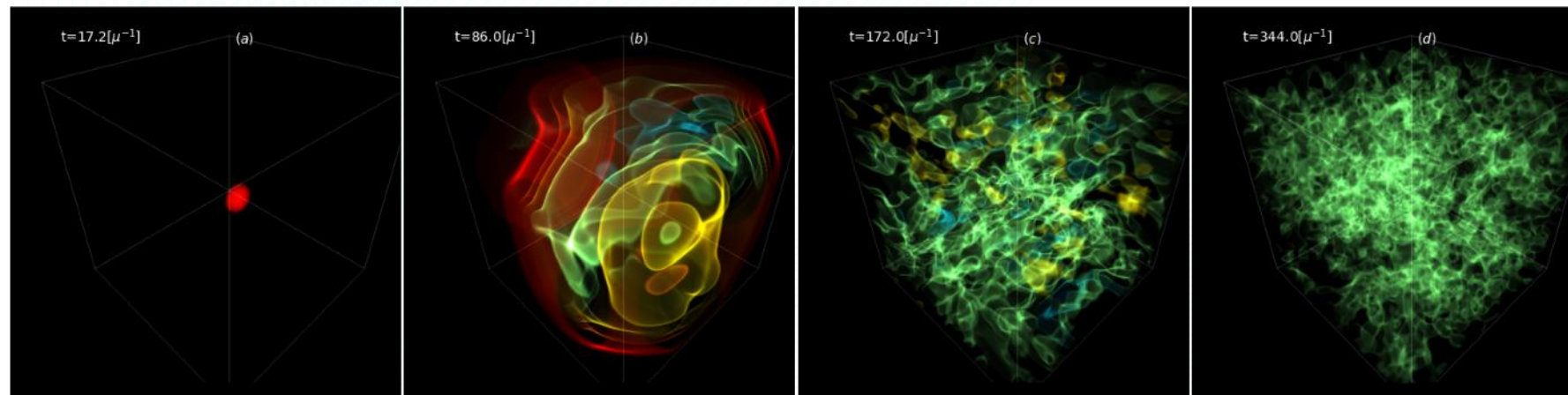
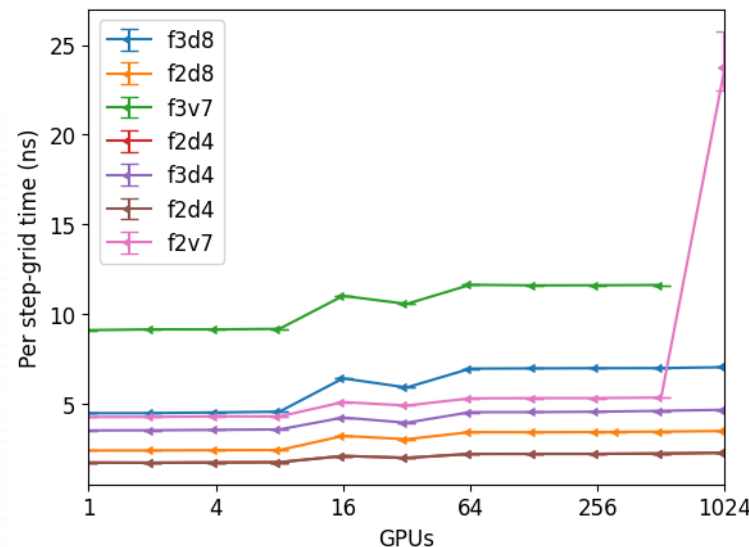
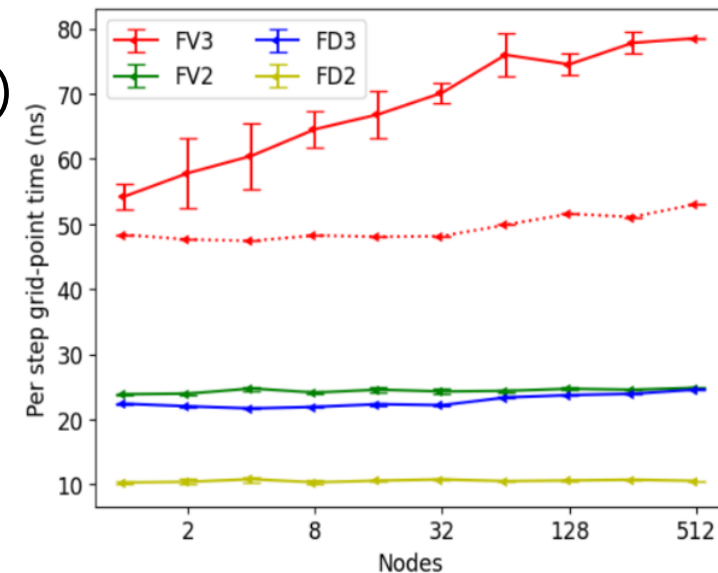
# iService SSO portal



- Frontend & backend for project application, IAM, accounting, wallet management, resource purchasing, quota request, usage analytics, etc...

# Collective neutrino oscillation simulation

- Precision simulation of neutrino transport **quantum kinetic equations (QKEs)**
- Developed **classical surrogate models** to bridge microscopic effects with macroscopic fluid dynamics.
- Collaborated with Meng-Ru Wu's group (ASloP), [PRL 134 \(2025\)](#)
- Large-scale scalability on Forerunner-1 and Nano4



# Research Service & Platform

- TCCIP (Taiwan Climate Change Projection Information) Adaptation Knowledge Platform  
臺灣氣候變遷推估資訊與調適知識平台
- 3D GIS Platform, Smart City & Environmental disaster prevention & relief
- Ocean negative carbon research platform: from seismic reflection data portal to CCS simulation
- Sustainable Health Big Data Platform (健康大數據) & Taiwan biobank (台灣人體生物資料庫)
- GIS for precision agriculture
- Material platform (adv structural materials based on high-entropy alloy) & Semiconductor research
- PCB warpage analysis & Cloud platform
- Render farm (算圖農場)
- Nuclear fusion simulation for FIRST
- WLCG/IGWN Grid computing
- Taiwan AI RAP - Sovereign AI and AI democratization, Multilingual Indigenous Language AI/LLM
- Quantum computing...

~ Thank you ~

2022 May

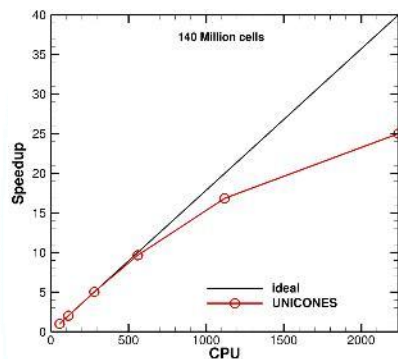
Users <i>Select examples</i>	Applications <i>Not mapped to verticals</i>	Software offerings <i>Includes control software</i>	QPUs <sup>2</sup>		Hardware / components <i>Select examples only – not representative of entire ecosystem</i>
Material Science	Not strictly categorized given diversity of operations <sup>1</sup>		Superconducting		Cryogenics (includes testing)
Finance			Ion Trap	Neutral Atoms	Lights and lasers
Life Sciences			Silicon	Photonics	Other componentry (examples)
	Cloud access to QPUs				
Other			Other		

<sup>1</sup> Software offerings can be further classified into SDKs, firmware / enablers, algorithms / applications, simulators etc. but many companies are offering a mixture across the stack

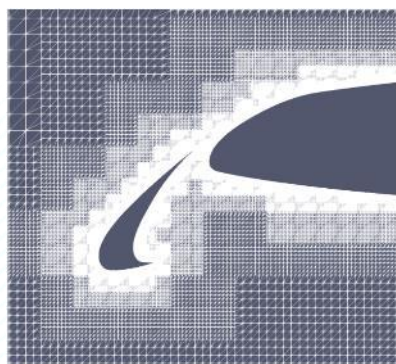
<sup>2</sup> Many QPU providers are offering full stack services (e.g. Pasqal acquired Qu&Co, Quantinuum was originally CQC prior to merger with HQS, etc.)

# High-accuracy simulation platform

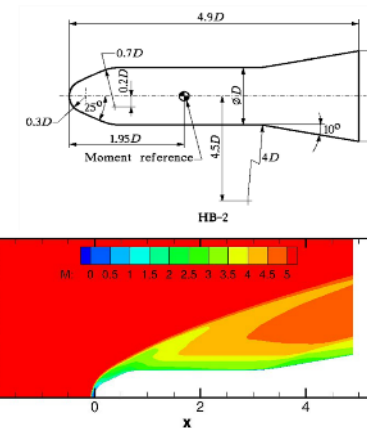
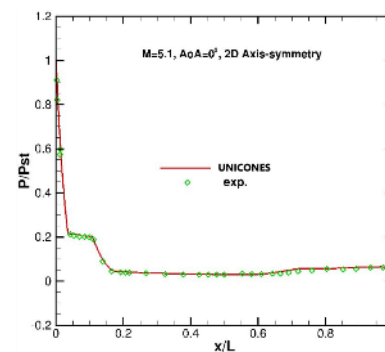
- High-fidelity numerical methods (CE/SE method)
- High-efficiency parallel computing (up to 84% for over 1000 CPUs)
- Automatic mesh generation (Octree meshes)



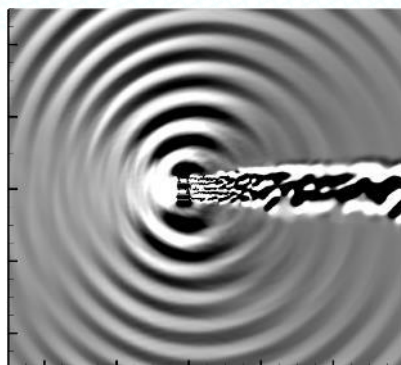
Parallel efficiency



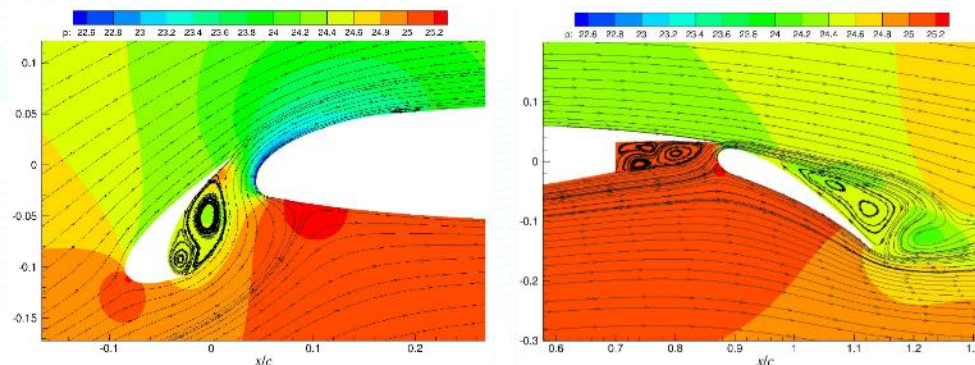
Octree mesh generation



Hypersonic flow simulation



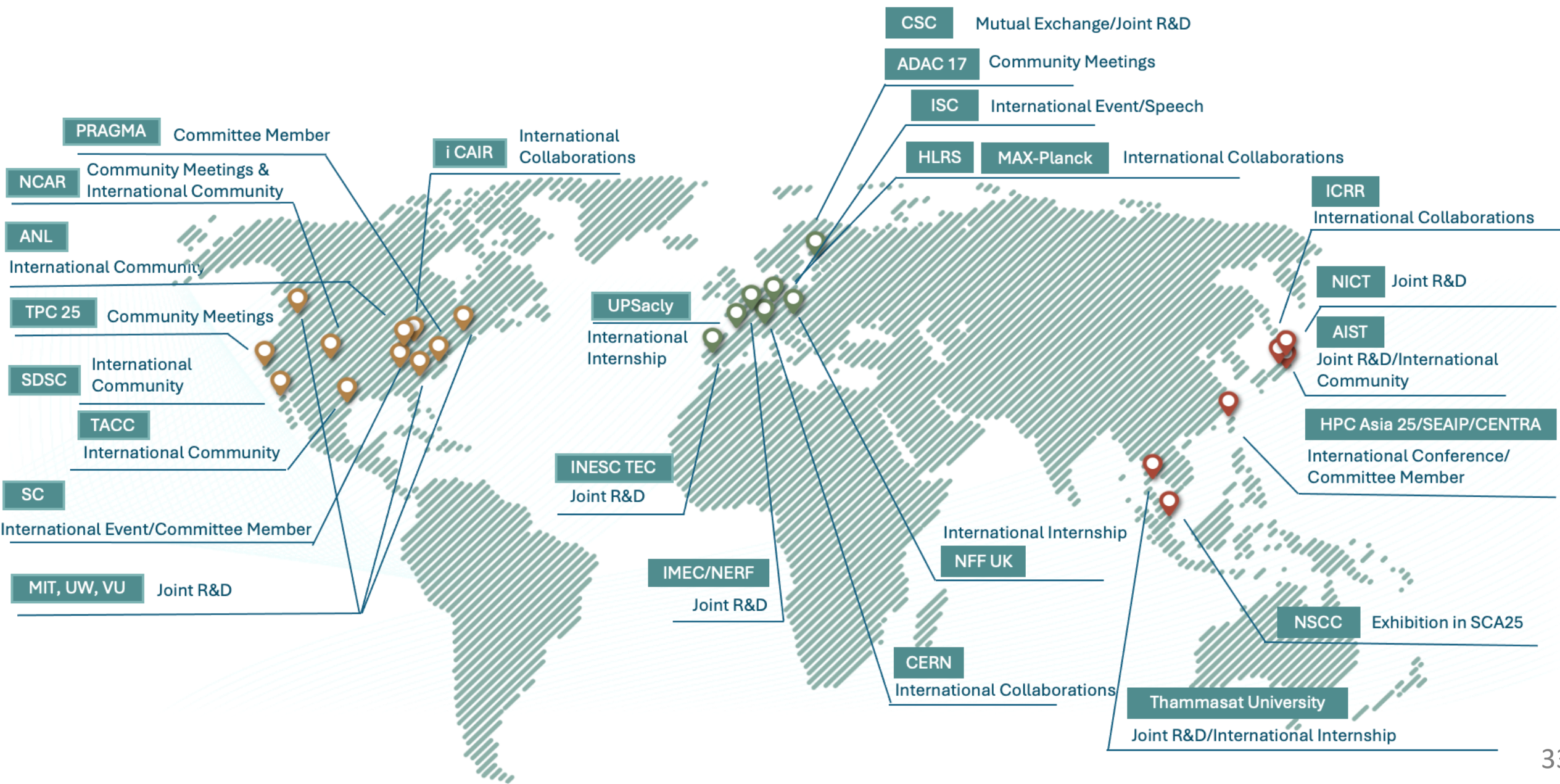
Acoustic wave simulation



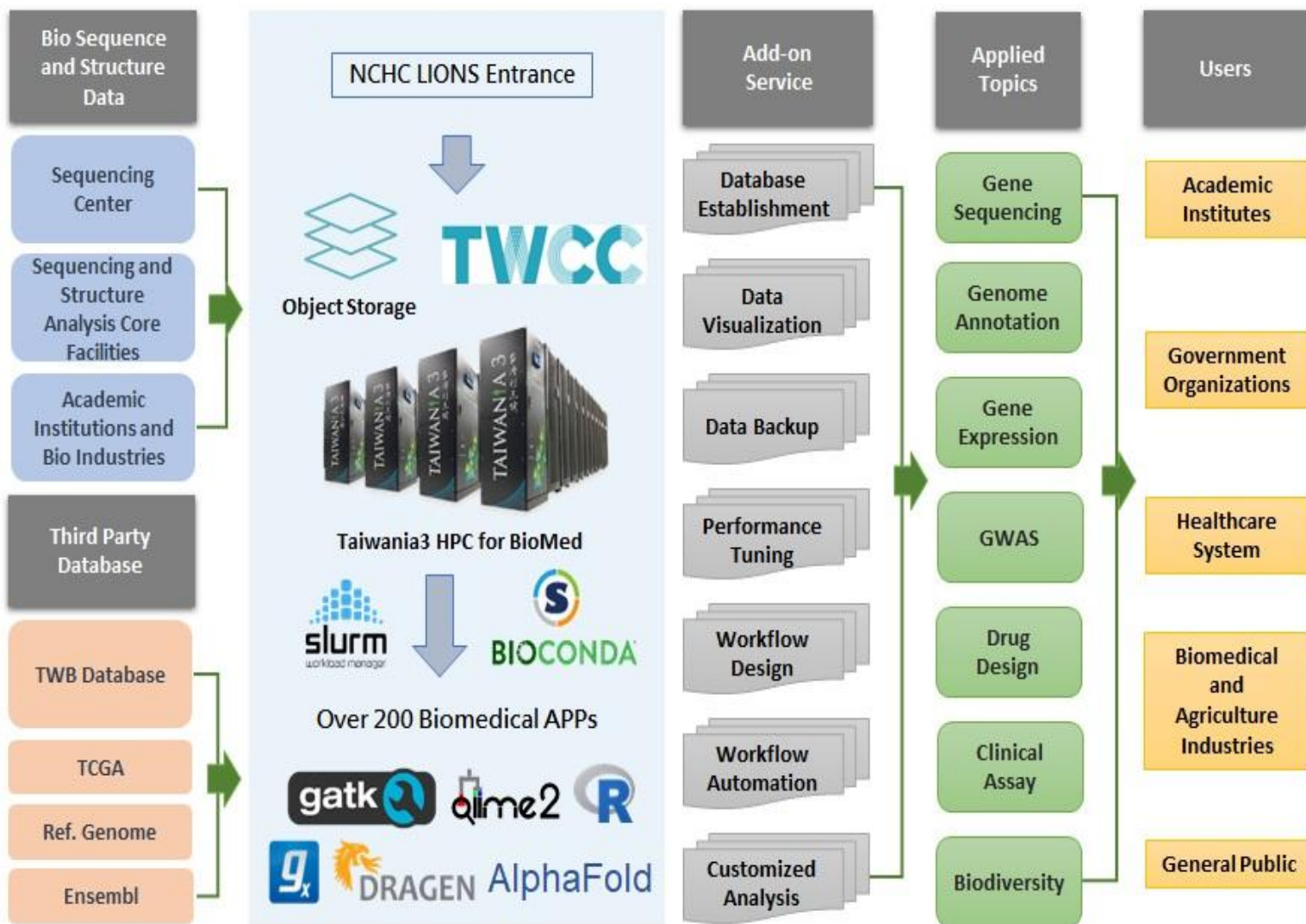
Complex fluid structure

Slides from Fang-An Kuo 郭芳安

# International Collaboration (Y2024-2025)



# Life Science Cloud



- Trustworthy environment for large group users of biomedical data
- Provide libraries, software, and packages for analysis and computing in life science, medicine, and agriculture.
- Optimized to fit characteristics of biological data to improve computing services.

# Computing Power Plan

2024-2028

## Taiwan Chip-based Industrial Innovation Program

To support this program, NCHC will develop a shared heterogeneous architecture supercomputer for general-purpose AI, large-scale scientific research, and quantum computing, creating a user-friendly cloud service platform to foster application efficiency.

**0.8 MW**  
**(16 PF) GPU**

- 400+ GPUs
- 10 PB storage
- InfiniBand 200Gbps
- PUE <1.35

**4.3 MW**  
**(100 PF) GPU**

- 1680+ GPUs
- 25 PB storage
- InfiniBand 200Gbps
- PUE <1.3

**3.6 MW**  
**(80 PF) GPU+CPU**

- 1200+ GPUs
- 20 PB storage
- InfiniBand 400Gbps
- PUE <1.27

**2 MW**  
**(35 PF) GPU+CPU**

- 520+ GPUs
- 10 PB storage
- InfiniBand 400Gbps
- PUE <1.25

**2.7 MW**  
**(49 PF) GPU+CPU+Quantu**

- 700+ GPUs
- 10 PB storage
- InfiniBand 800Gbps
- PUE <1.25

**Total**  
**13.4 MW**  
**(280 PF)**

2024

2025

2026

2027

2028

2029

**Total**  
**9.6 MW**  
**(200 PF)**

**2.9 MW**  
**(60 PF) GPU+CPU**

- 1000+ GPUs
- 15 PB storage
- InfiniBand 400Gbps
- PUE <1.25

**3.7 MW**  
**(75 PF) GPU+CPU**

- 1260+ GPUs
- 25 PB storage
- InfiniBand 800Gbps
- PUE <1.25

**3 MW**  
**(65 PF) GPU+CPU**

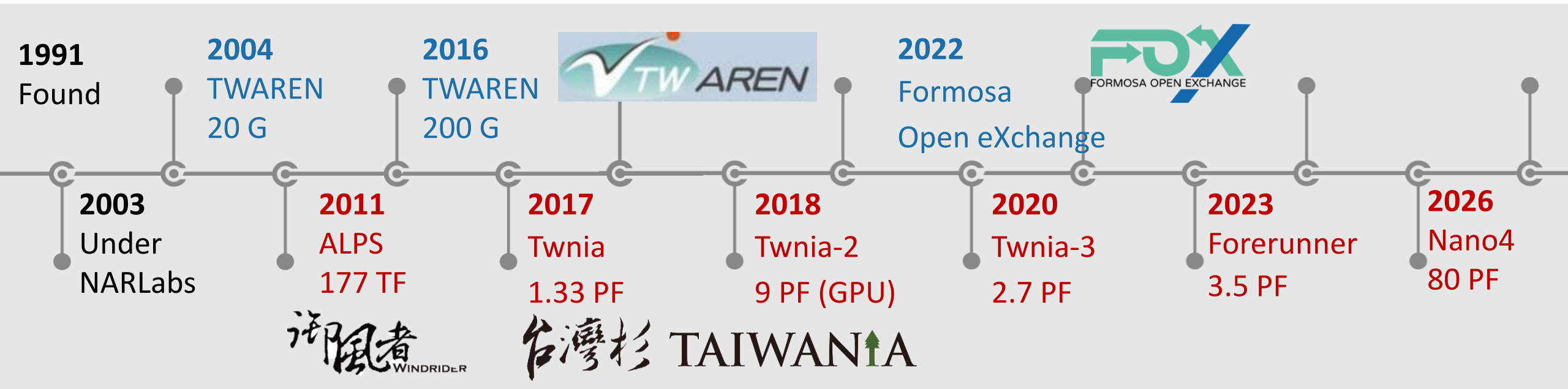
- 1020+ GPUs
- 20 PB storage
- InfiniBand 800Gbps
- PUE <1.25

2027-2029

## New Silicon Valley in southern Taiwan Project

The National Science and Technology Council announced the launch of a new national program in August 2024, planning to invest in the development of Taiwan's own artificial intelligence platform over the next five years to promote the smart technology industry ecosystem in southern Taiwan. The plan will establish 200 PF of computing power and increase the nation's overall computing power to 480 PF.

# NCHC milestones -- Network & Computing

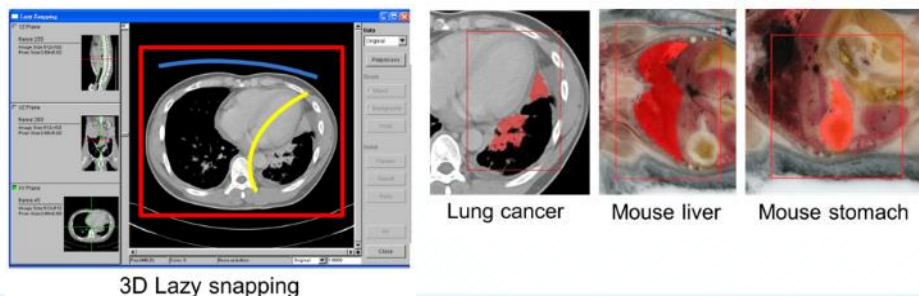


# Scientific Visualization

- Total solution from data processing to visualization and interactive browsing in VR
- In-house software: **MiiL** - Medical image illustrator,  
**vvViewer** - Visualization & interactive media lab's VR Viewer

## Medical image processing and browsing

【 MiiL 】 image labeling and segmentation



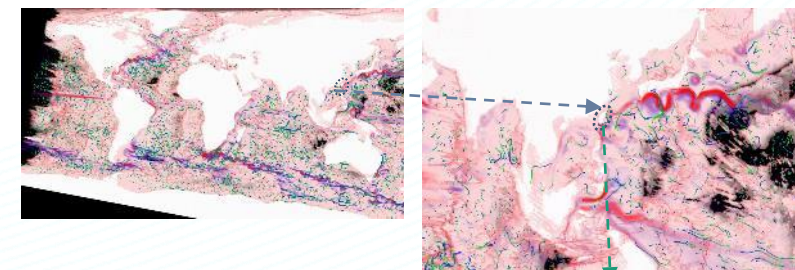
【 vvViewer 】 VR browsing



CT, MRI data processed by MiiL, viewed in vvViewer.

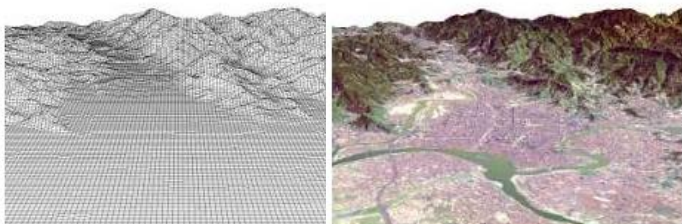
## Global Ocean and Atmospheric Simulation

Data from Sinica, NTU, NAMR



## GIS

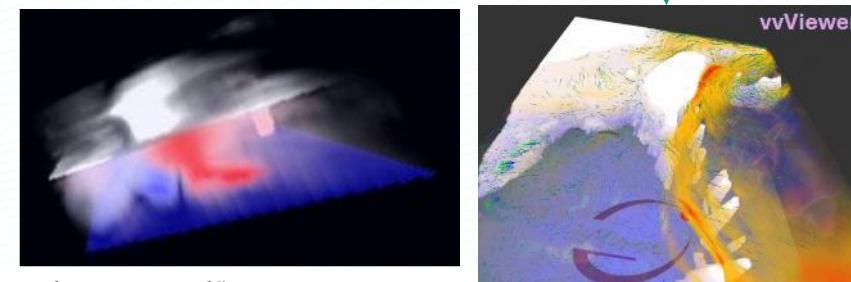
Satellite, aerial photo, and 3D terrain data, for disaster prevention decision support, and facilitate post-disaster reconstruction planning and evaluation.



Interior Departments DTM and aerial photo



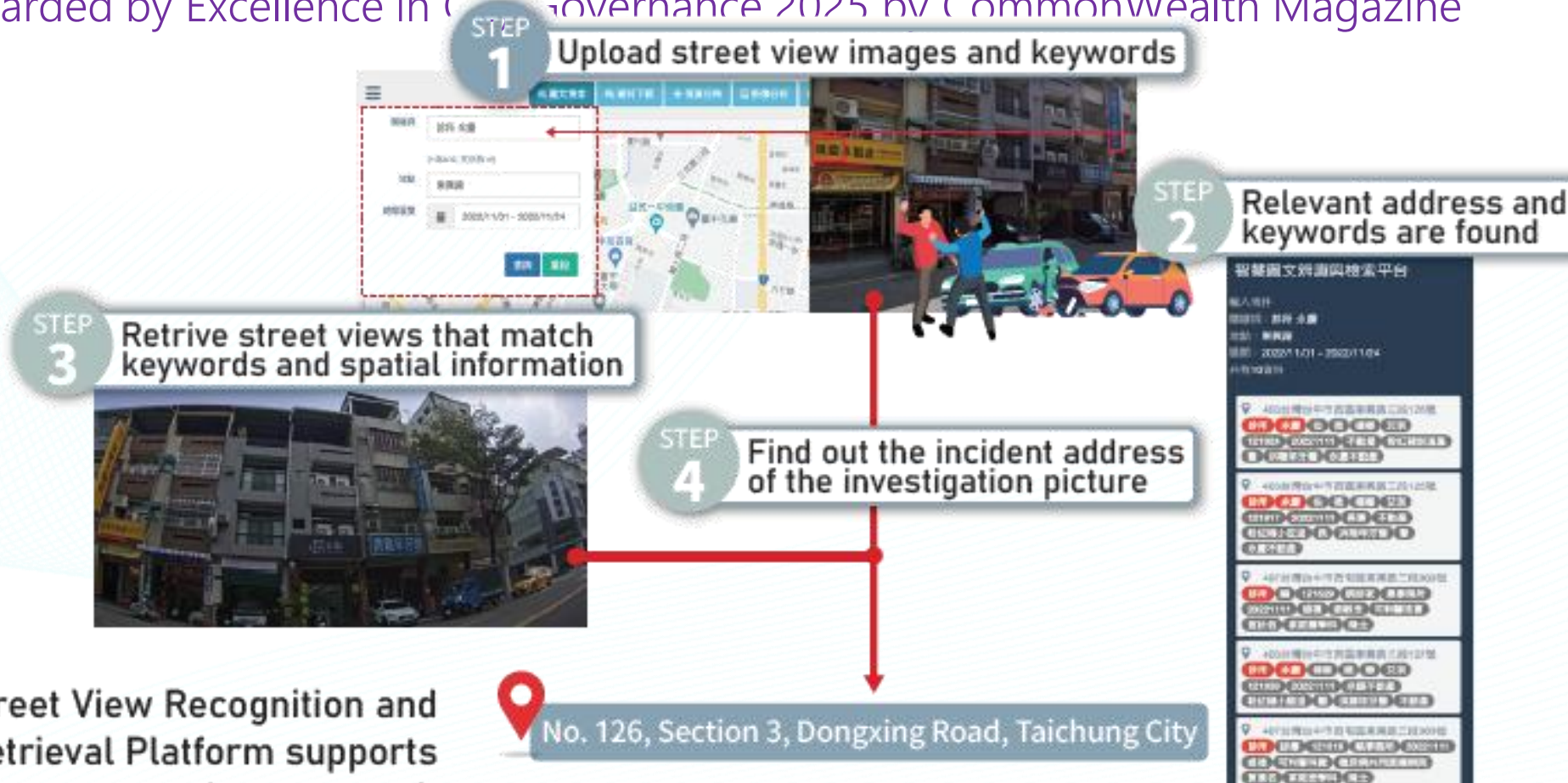
TASA Formosa-2 satellite images



Simulated El Niño ocean-atmosphere anomaly field data (TaiESMI, WCRP)

# Street View Recognition and Retrieval AI Platform

- Search addresses by image; Application of intelligence analysis and **AI Agents** in police investigation
- Enhanced with **LLM-based generation** for comprehension, analysis, and intelligent response
- Taichung awarded by Excellence in City Governance 2025 by CommonWealth Magazine

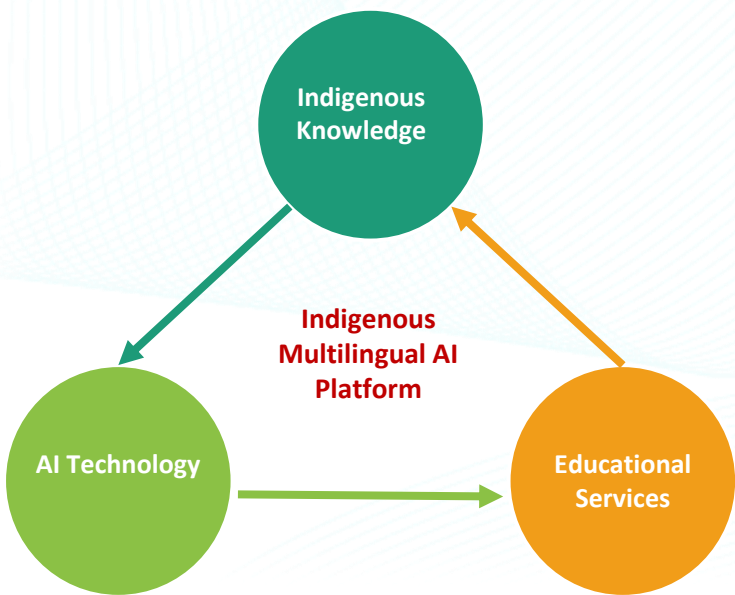


The Street View Recognition and Retrieval Platform supports street image search

Core member: Chien-Hao Tseng 曾建濤

# Multilingual Indigenous Language AI/LLM Platform

- Taiwan is home to **16** Indigenous tribes with **42** languages, most endangered
- AI Application services for low-resource languages, grounded in Taiwan's sovereign AI
  - Data Sovereignty – Build indigenous language corpora (Truku, Cou, and Puyuma) in Taiwan and the world
  - Model Sovereignty – Develop low-resource Indigenous language AI/LLM models (ASR, TTS, Translation, Chatbot)
  - Computing Sovereignty – Provide high-performance inference APIs for Indigenous language AI/LLM models



Man

Embiyax su.  
你好。

Woman

Mhuway su balay.  
謝謝你。

Mowsa ku smluhay kari Truku.  
我要去學太魯閣語。

Sriyu ka Hakaw Utux iyax siida. Balay bi Truku. Balay bi seeljq Truku o empstrung utux rudan.  
每到忘記出現的那一天，真正的大魯閣族人就能與祖先相會。

### Truku TTS model

Truku Language Input :

Sriyu ka Hakaw Utux iyax siida. Balay bi Truku. Balay bi seeljq Truku o empstrung utux rudan.

Input

Truku Language Pronunciation :

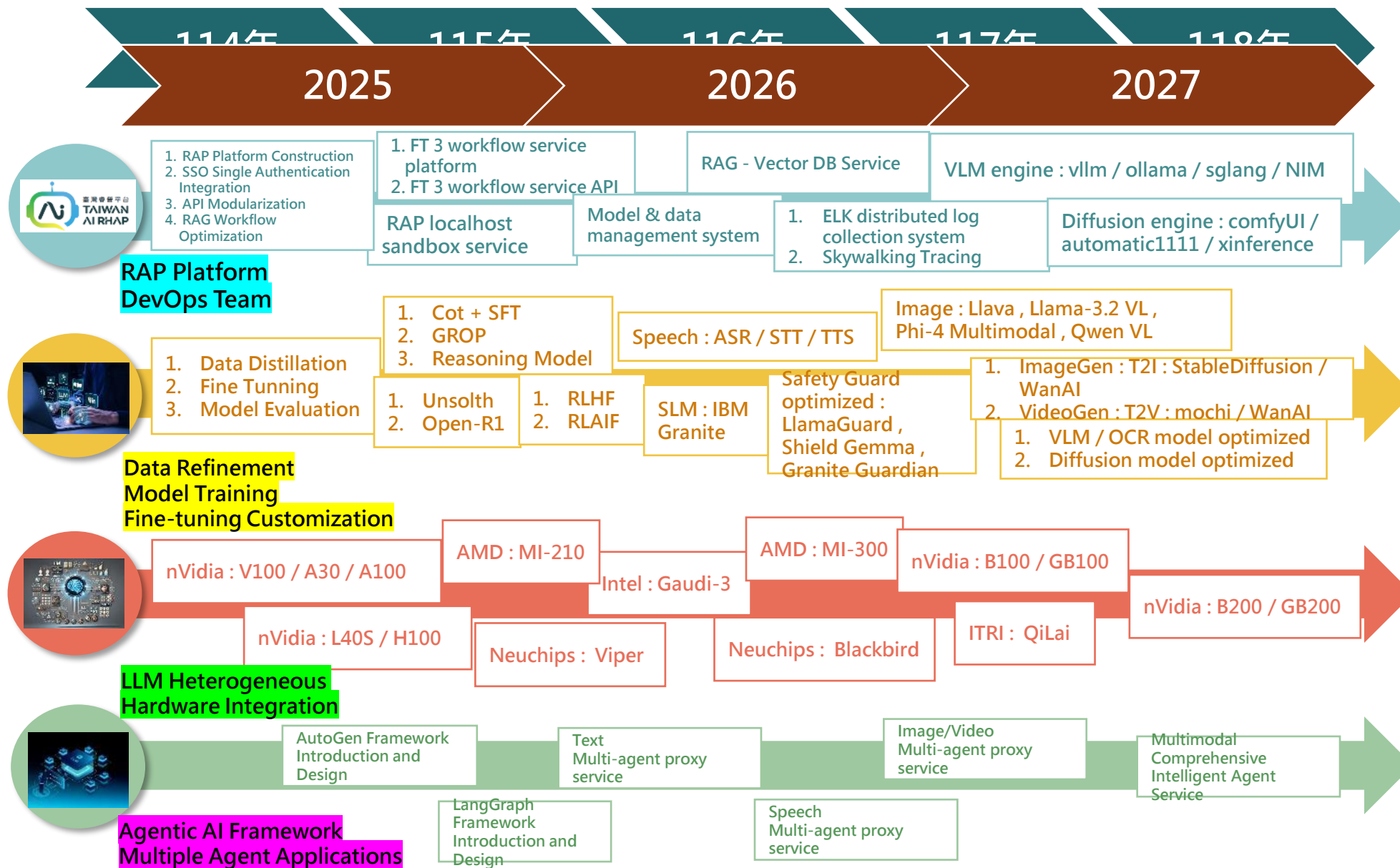
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TTS

原住人傳介魯道生平 (Educan kinsan Ciwang)

ASR

# TAIWAN AI RAP - Four Development Tracks

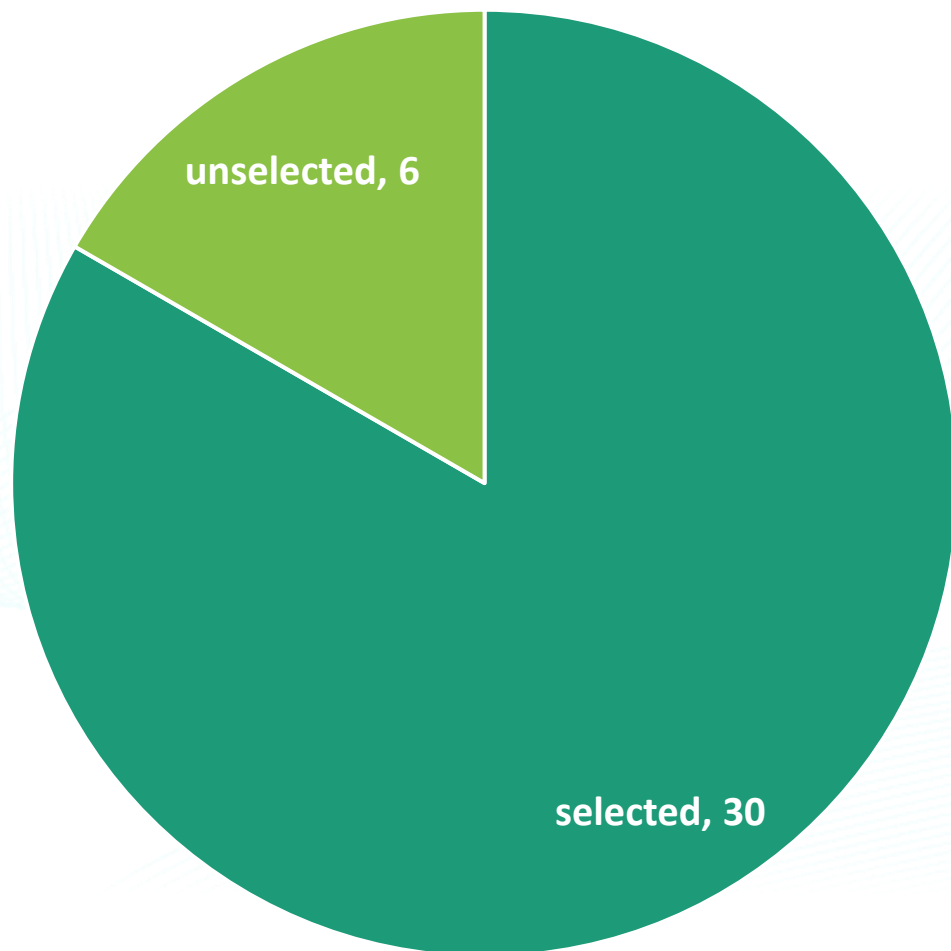




# 1st and 2nd Phase Pilot Run : Customer Selection Overview

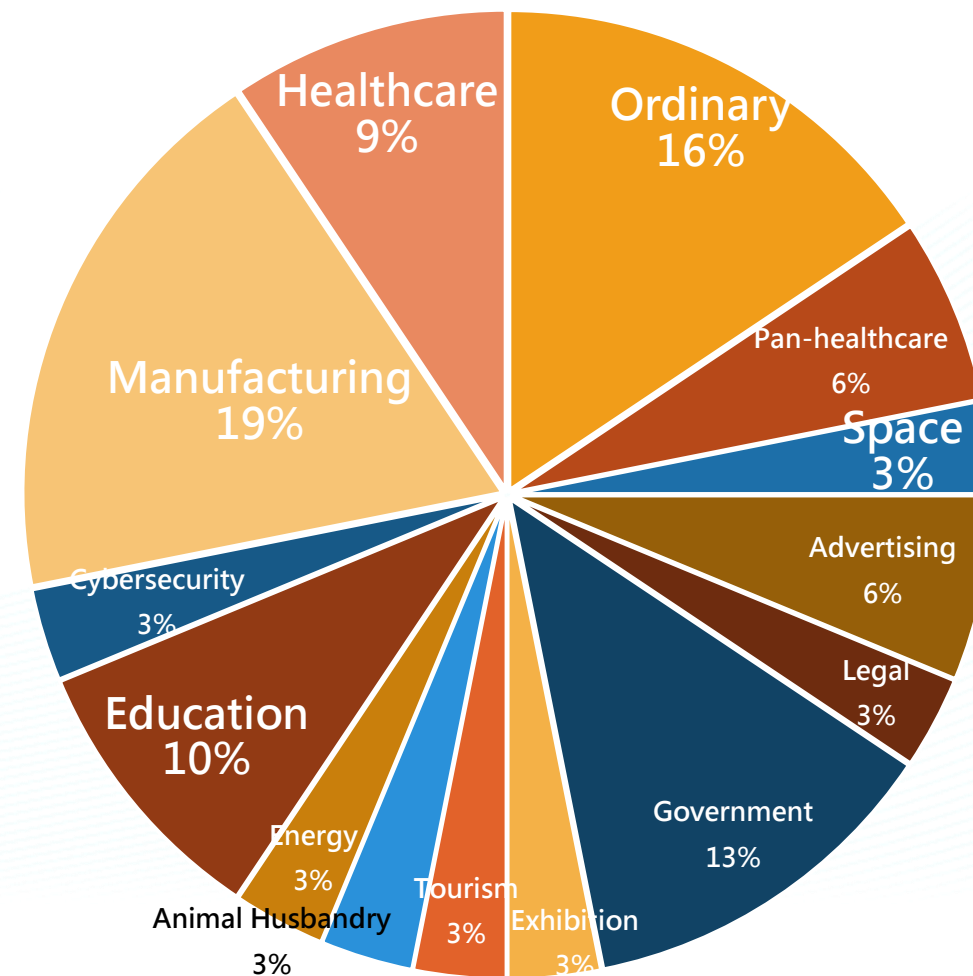
pi run user selection overview

36 applicants, 30 selected; the other 6 referred to the Semiconductor pi run and G-TAIDE cooperation



Pi run user application development fields

30 selected companies across 13 application development fields



# Cyber Security

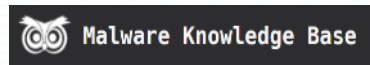
## Cyber Defense Exercise Platform

- Cyber Defense Exercise Platform (CDX) is to provide an environment for exercise of information security courses offered in coordination with the government's promotion of information security talent cultivation.
- The platform can be used for long periods of time in coordination with school courses, including the simulation of a real company's network environment with randomly selected vulnerabilities in cyber defense contests, which enhance the hacker defense skills of different sectors.



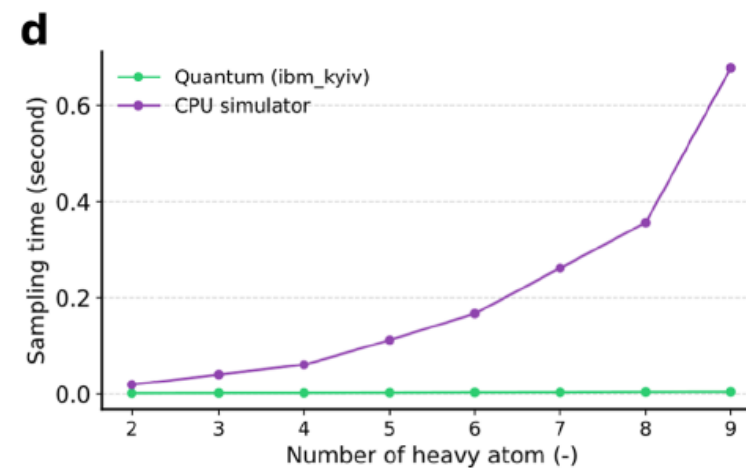
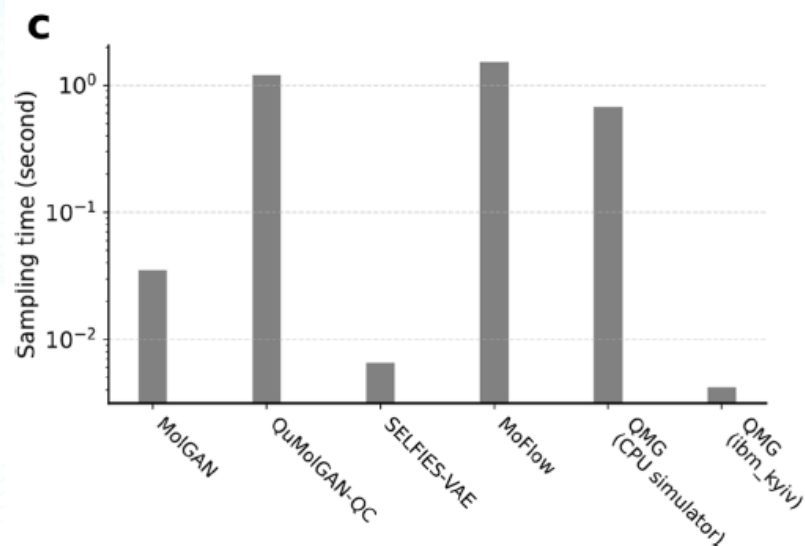
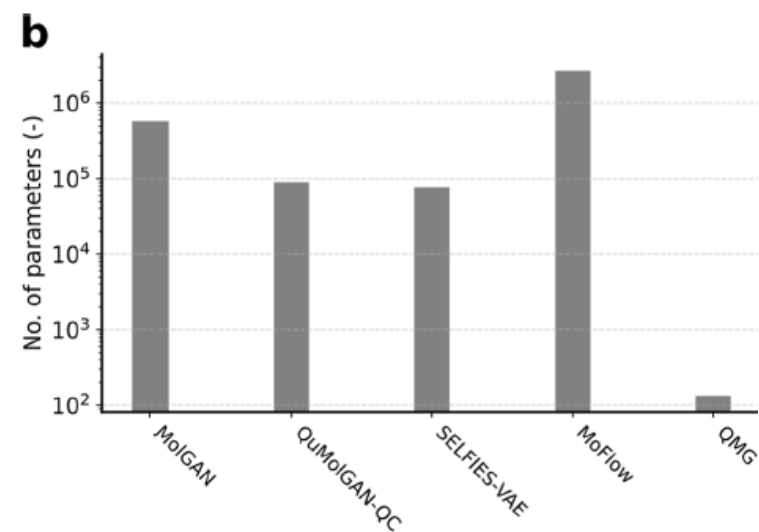
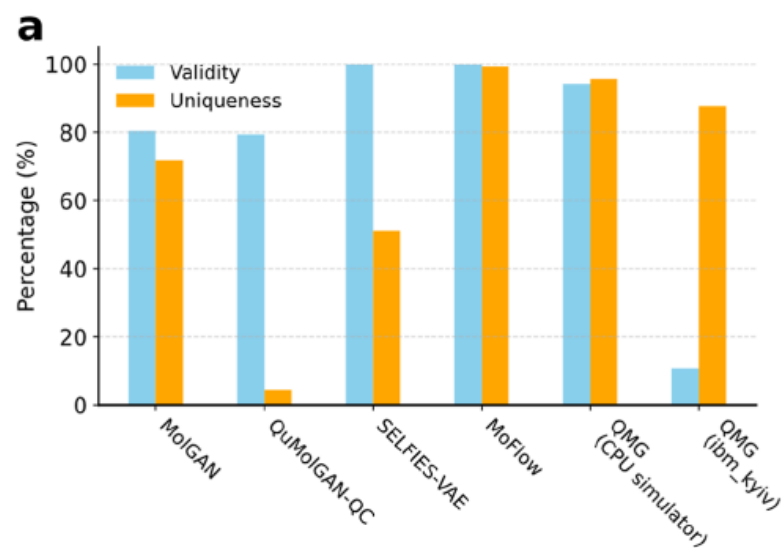
## Malware Knowledge Base

- Malware Knowledge Base is a cybersecurity open dataset maintained by the National Center for High-Performance Computing (NCHC). It collects malware samples and analysis reports, serving as a vital resource for malware research.
- To date, the Malware Knowledge Base has accumulated over 33 million distinct malware samples and 13.11 million analysis reports. It also offers data annotation and conditional search capabilities, enabling researchers to efficiently locate the materials they need for their studies.



MIS	File Type	File Size	VirusTotal Result	Malware Categories	Threat Labels	Download
2b2b2b2b-2b2b2b2b-2b2b2b2b-2b2b2b2b	PE	4,098B	Analysing...	Analysing...	Analysing...	Sign It
5b2b2b2b-5b2b2b2b-5b2b2b2b-5b2b2b2b	PE	1,692B	Analysing...	Analysing...	Analysing...	Sign It
c37e3a1-d31-66036ca044f35-cc7e	PE	3,398B	Analysing...	Analysing...	Analysing...	Sign It
1-0b2b2b2b-1-0b2b2b2b-1-0b2b2b2b-1-0b2b2b2b	PE	4,498B	2/24	NEW	Analysing...	Sign It
2c3ac3eccc473734486c71d2833	PE	831,508B	2/24	TRIGGER	Analysing...	Sign It
7-0b2b2b2b-7-0b2b2b2b-7-0b2b2b2b-7-0b2b2b2b	Comes	401,438B	Analysing...	Analysing...	Analysing...	Sign It
2ead0baf1-2ead0baf-2ead0baf-2ead0baf	PE	1,738B	1/25	Browser/Search/Center	Analysing...	Sign It
1138d3c72-bc8c3b78606d4b-c6d6d3	PE	0,838B	2/25	NEW	Analysing...	Sign It
8f808f11-8f808f11-8f808f11-8f808f11	PE	251,288B	8/27	Analysing...	Analysing...	Sign It
8f808f11-8f808f11-8f808f11-8f808f11	PE	736,868B	Analysing...	Analysing...	Analysing...	Sign It

# Quantum Molecular Generation (cont.)



“Exploring Chemical Space with Chemistry-Inspired Dynamic Quantum Circuits in the NISQ Era”, J Chemical Theory and Comp (2025)

# QC: rethink of computing, rebuild development framework

## Applications

Programming environment, SDK,  
Single-source hybrid programming

**Domain specific algorithm:** PDE solvers, Mesh/particle-based simulation, ...

Efficient algorithm on  
Quantum device?

**Algorithm:** Graph, Sorting, FFT, Monte Carlo, ...

### Q algorithm:

- QFT, Quantum sorting, linear solver, ...

Build complex task from gates

**Classical circuit & universal gates:** NAND / NOR

### Q circuit & universal gates:

- Single qubit gate + two-qubit gate (CNOT)

**Classical information** based on bit (0-or-1)

- Foundation of today's computing, storage, networking.

### Quantum information

 based on qubit (0-and-1)

- Superposition:  $(a|0\dots\rangle + b|1\dots\rangle)$
- Entanglement:  $(a|00\dots\rangle + b|11\dots\rangle)$

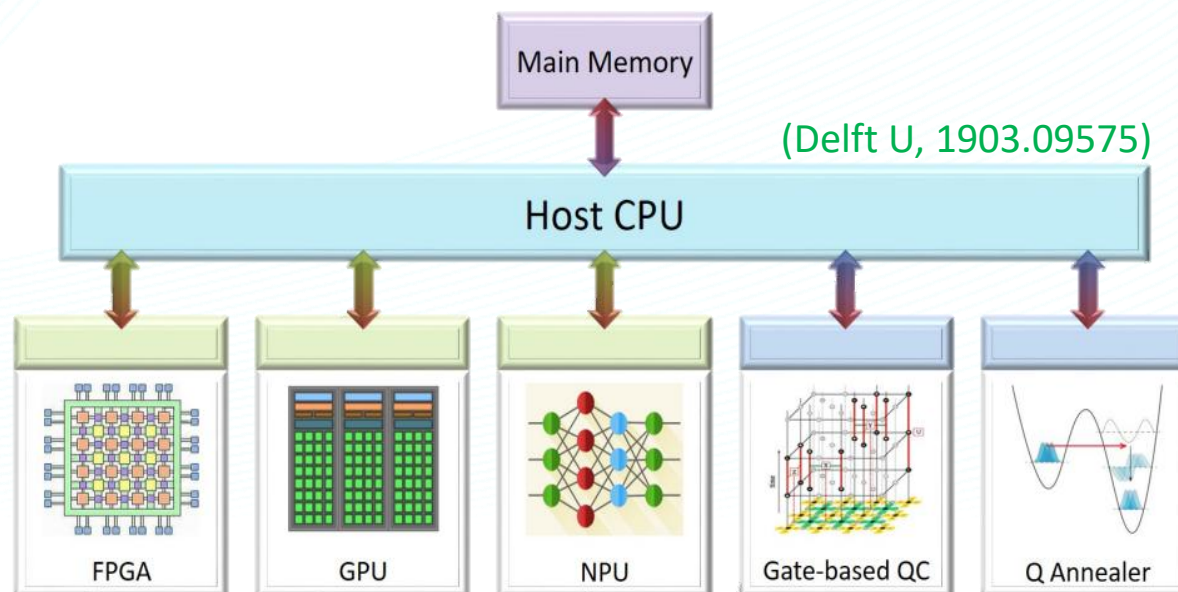
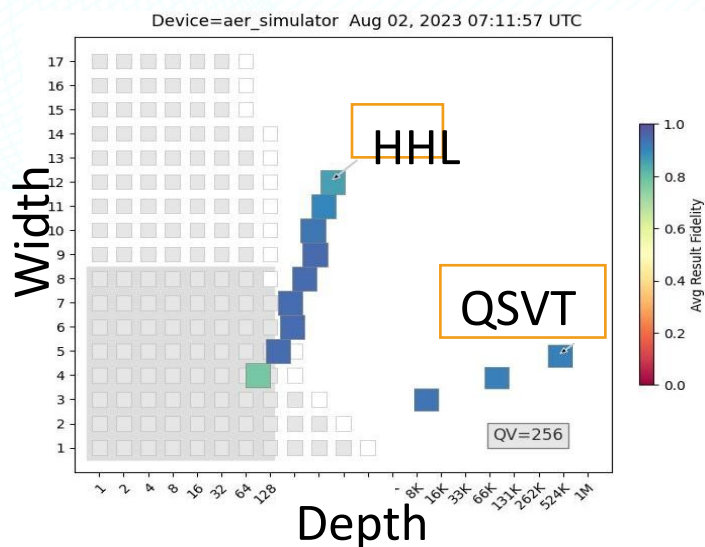
Need quantum RAM, quantum network, and tech that can utilize quantum properties.

How to represent/encode  
classical data ?

**Computability, Complexity: (non-) deterministic Turing machine, or others**

# 量子電路模擬 與 量子計算應用研究

- 量子計算唯一嶄新的計算模式，重新思考計算邏輯與工作流程。從計算架構角度來看，量子計算可視為異質計算架構的延伸 (如下右圖)。無論從古典及量子計算，都具備挑戰與前瞻性。
- 國網中心目前參與量子國家隊中清大團隊之量子古典計算架構與量子電路模擬研究。
- 主要研究包含：
  - 基本量子電路演算法 Benchmark, 研究 與 模擬。(如下左圖比較兩線性系統求解演算法之量子電路深度及寬度的 scaling )
  - CPU/GPU 高速計算之大型量子電路模擬環境建置與 Benchmark：Forerunner 全機量子態 (state vector) 或張量網路模擬
  - 量子優化與量子機器學習，如與 NVIDIA 共同發表大型 QSVM 在GPU環境下的評測 ([2405.02630](#))。



# Considerations of on-premise quantum computer

On-premise deployment under evaluation for the accelerator model of QC.

- From operation side, technological and supporting considerations matter.

Modality	Super-conducting	Trapped Ion	Photonic	Neutral Atom	Silicon Spin
# Qubits	O(100q)	32Q	20 Photons/ 216 Qumode	100Q	12q
T2 Lifetime	Short 15 $\mu$ s-256 $\mu$ s	Long 0.2s-50s	Short 150 $\mu$ s	Long 0.2s-10s	Mixed 1 $\mu$ s-0.5s
2Q Gate Fidelity	High 99%-99.7%	High 98.5%-99.92%	Promising 98%	Promising 97.4%	Promising 90%-98%
Gate Speed	Fast 10ns-196ns	Mixed 1 $\mu$ s-3ms	Very Fast 1ns	Medium 1 $\mu$ s	Fast 0.8ns-80ns

<https://quantumtech.blog/2022/10/20/quantum-computing-modalities-a-qubit-primer-revisited/>

Advantages:

1. **Latency:** of hybrid Q algorithms.
2. **Streamlining operations:** from simulators to quantum devices
3. **Device Autonomy:** for ore customization and tuning possibility
4. **Security & Privacy.**

# Taiwan Quantum Program (2021-2025)

## • Hardware for universal QC

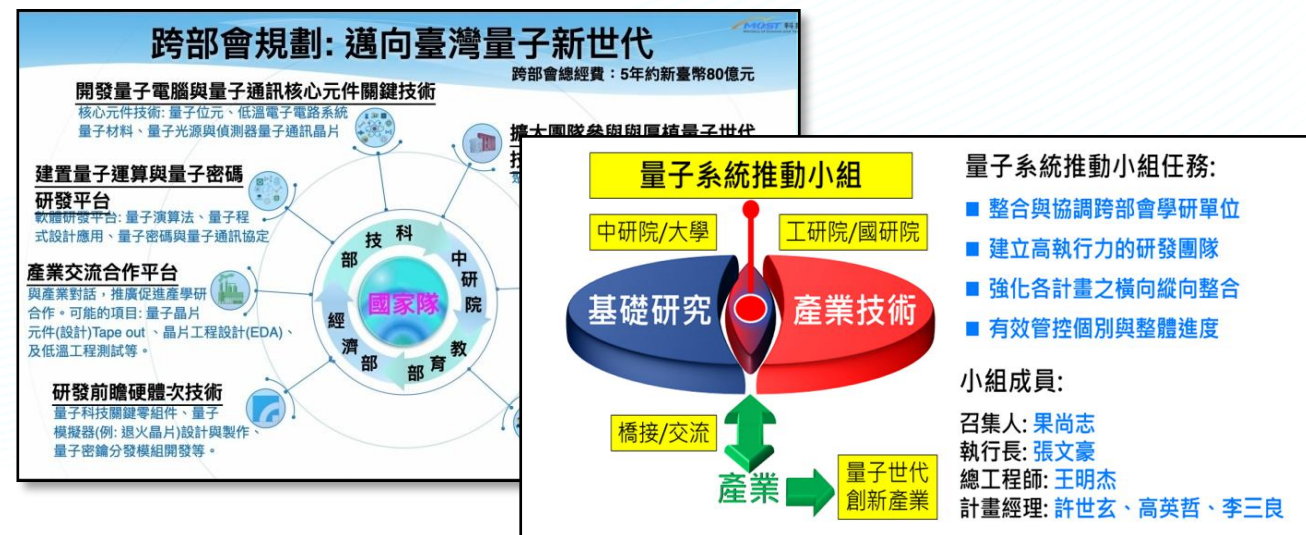
- Silicon-based Q dot (NTU Phy)
- DC/RF spice model for CryoCMOS (NTU GIEE)
- Superconducting parametric amplifier (NTHU Phy)
- Material for superconducting Q circuit (NTHU Phy)
- Germanium qubits & CMOS IC (NYMCTU IE)
- Cesium array neutral atom QC (AS IAMS)
- Superconducting QC (AS IoP)

## • Silicon photonic QC and comm

- QKD fiber comm tech (NTU GIPO)
- QRNG (NTHU IPT)
- Metropolis comm network (NTHU Phy)
- Error corrected photonic chip (NCU DOP)

## • Software & Applications

- Noise characterization in Q simulation (NTU Chem)
- **Q virtual machine & Q-C architecture (NTHU Phy)**
- Error correction in NISQ (NYMCTU EE)
- Q program, (post-)Q crypto, and tomography theory (AS IIS)
- Industrial optimization & Finance (CYCU Phy)
- Q compiling system (NTU GIEE)



# QC application -- Examples

- Finance
  - Portillo opt (Barclays)
- Energy and materials
  - Safer, lighter, and cost-effective battery materials (Volkswagen/Xanadu)
  - Accelerate oxygen reduction reaction (ORR) for fuel cell (BMW/Airbus/Quantinuum)
- Chemicals & Pharmaceuticals
  - Better enzyme inhibitors for drug discovery (Kuano)
  - Chemistry, Logistics and Scheduling (BASF/Nvidia)
  - Electronic structure simulation (Dow/IonQ)
- Travel & Logistics:
  - Coordinate LNG carriers and requirement (ExxonMobil/IBM)
  - Persistent supply chain; Last mile delivery (IBM)
  - Disruption management
- Advanced industries ...

## Underlying problems:

- Combinatorial optimization
- Quantum simulation
- Solving linear equations

# Hybrid quantum-classical algorithms

- Almost every Q algorithms are “hybrid”

Callison and Chancellor,

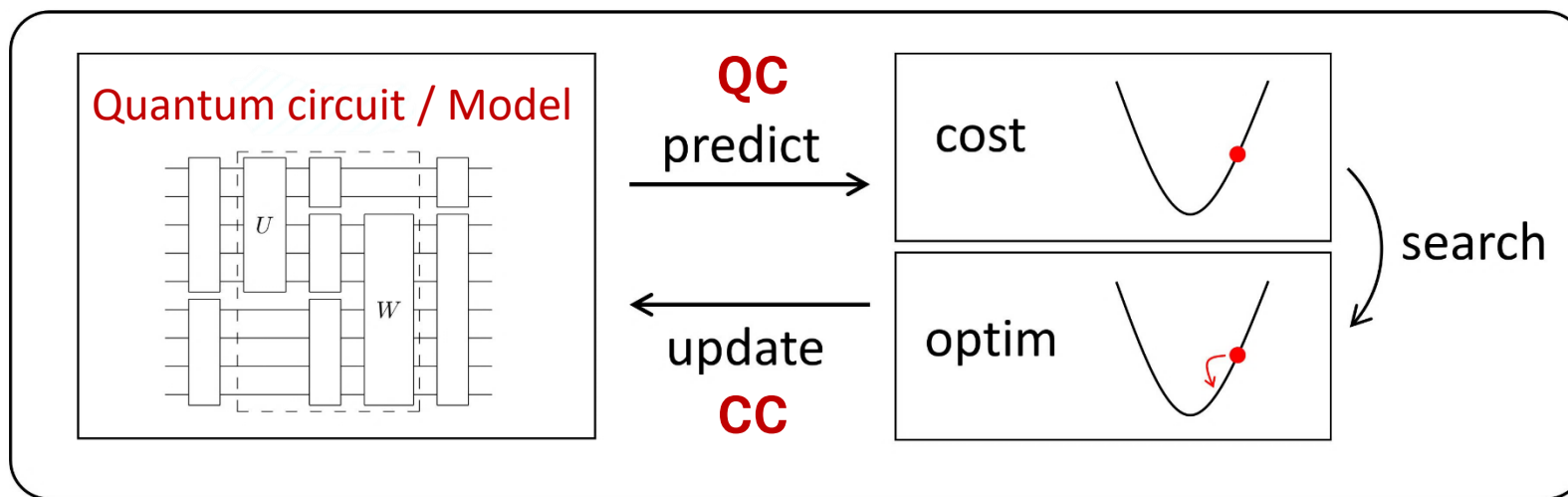
2207.06850

- Classical intervention in Problem mapping, State preparation, Post-selection, Error correct/mitigation...

- Variational Quantum Algorithms (VQA)

- Offload cost function evaluation to QC
- N-qubit operation ( $2^N \times 2^N$  matrix) is modeled by far fewer parameters with certain state/circuit ansatz
- Training VQA is NP-hard problem
- Example: VQEigensolver, QAOA, QML, ...

Bittel and Kliesch, PRL 2021



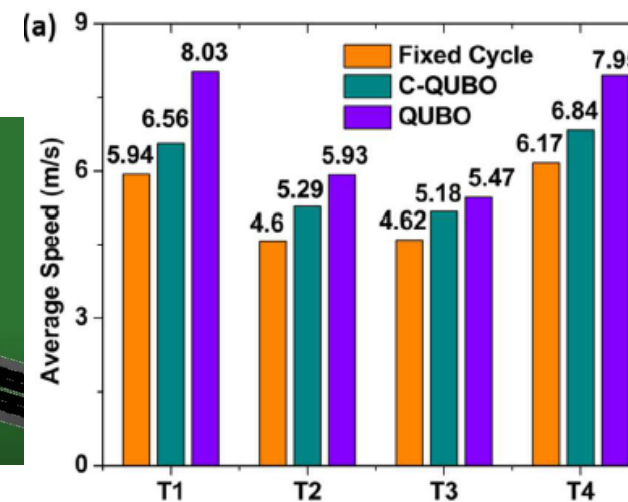
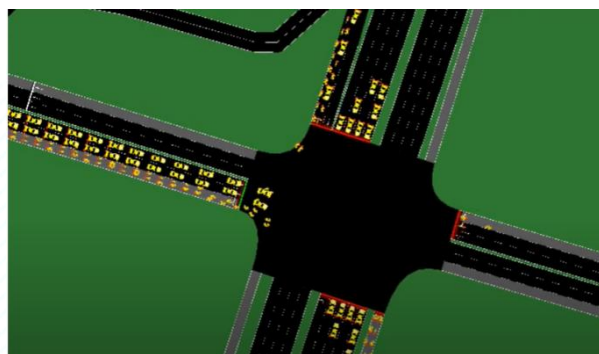
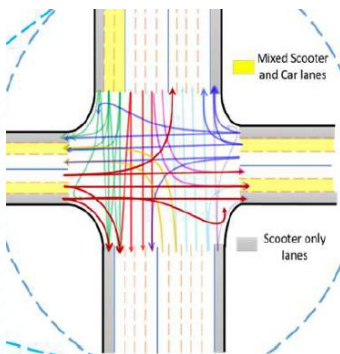
- Q assisted algorithms: QC calculate all needed matrix elements at once avoiding feedback cycle

# Optimization -- from QUBO to QAOA

Amit+ 2021  
NCHC internship

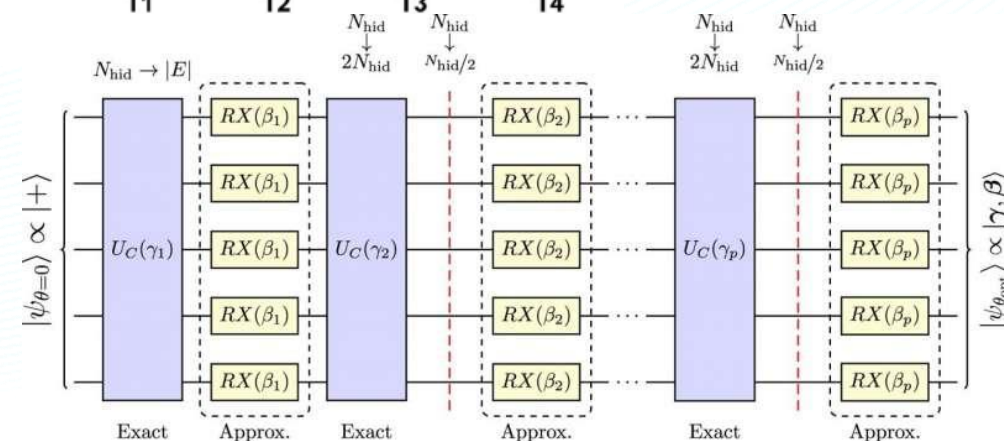
- Traffic light control on SUMO simulator via QUBO

- Quadratic Unconstrained Binary Optimization (QUBO) → to find ground state energy of Ising model
- Minimize #car in the intersection as cost function
- Higher avg. velocity for various traffic conditions



- QAOA (Q Approximate Optimization Algorithm)

- A VQA with many ansatz variants, see [2306.09198](https://arxiv.org/abs/2306.09198)
- Barren plateaus in training large circuits
- Intel report max-cut requires  $O(100)$  qubits for Q speed-up



# Benchmark & Characterization

- Single metric may NOT capture whole picture:

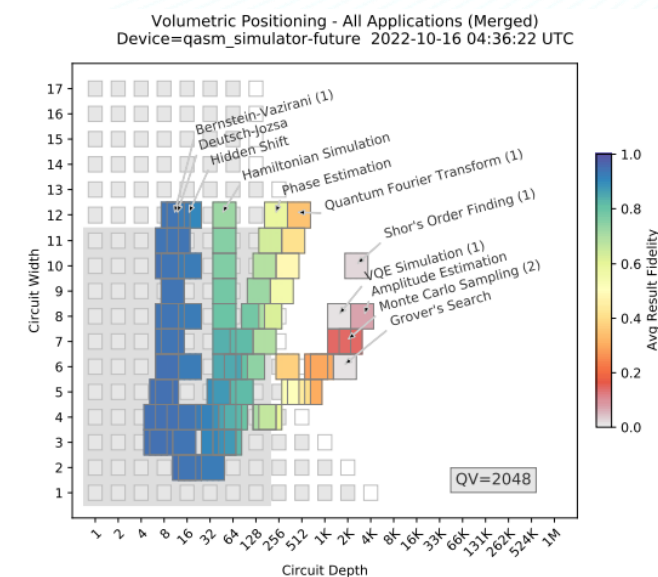
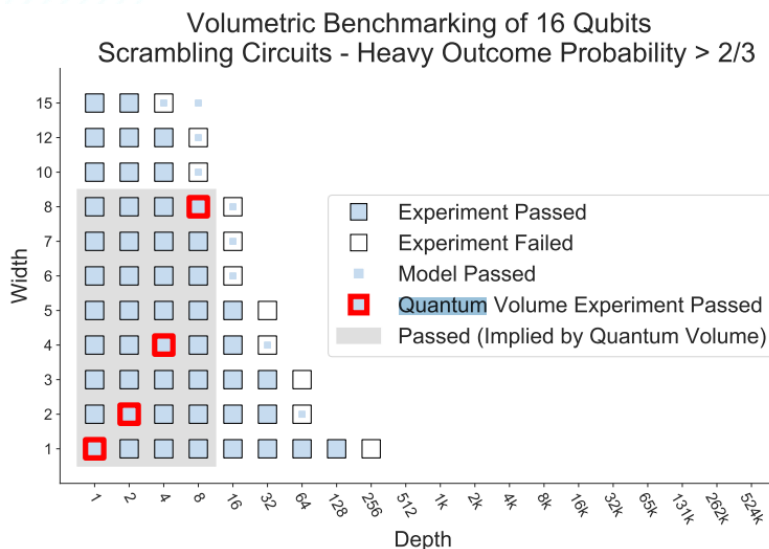
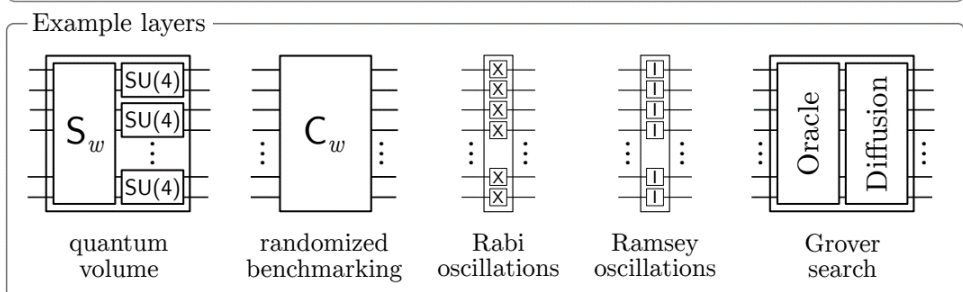
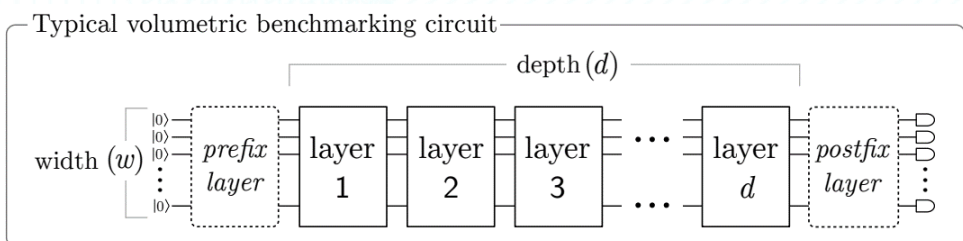
- Gate fidelity from Randomized benchmark (RB)
- Quantum volume (QV), Cross-entropy benchmark (XEB)

- General gate-set tomography is parameter estimation problem.

1904.05546, 2110.03137

- Application-oriented benchmarks (by QED-C) characterize hardware-depended behaviors

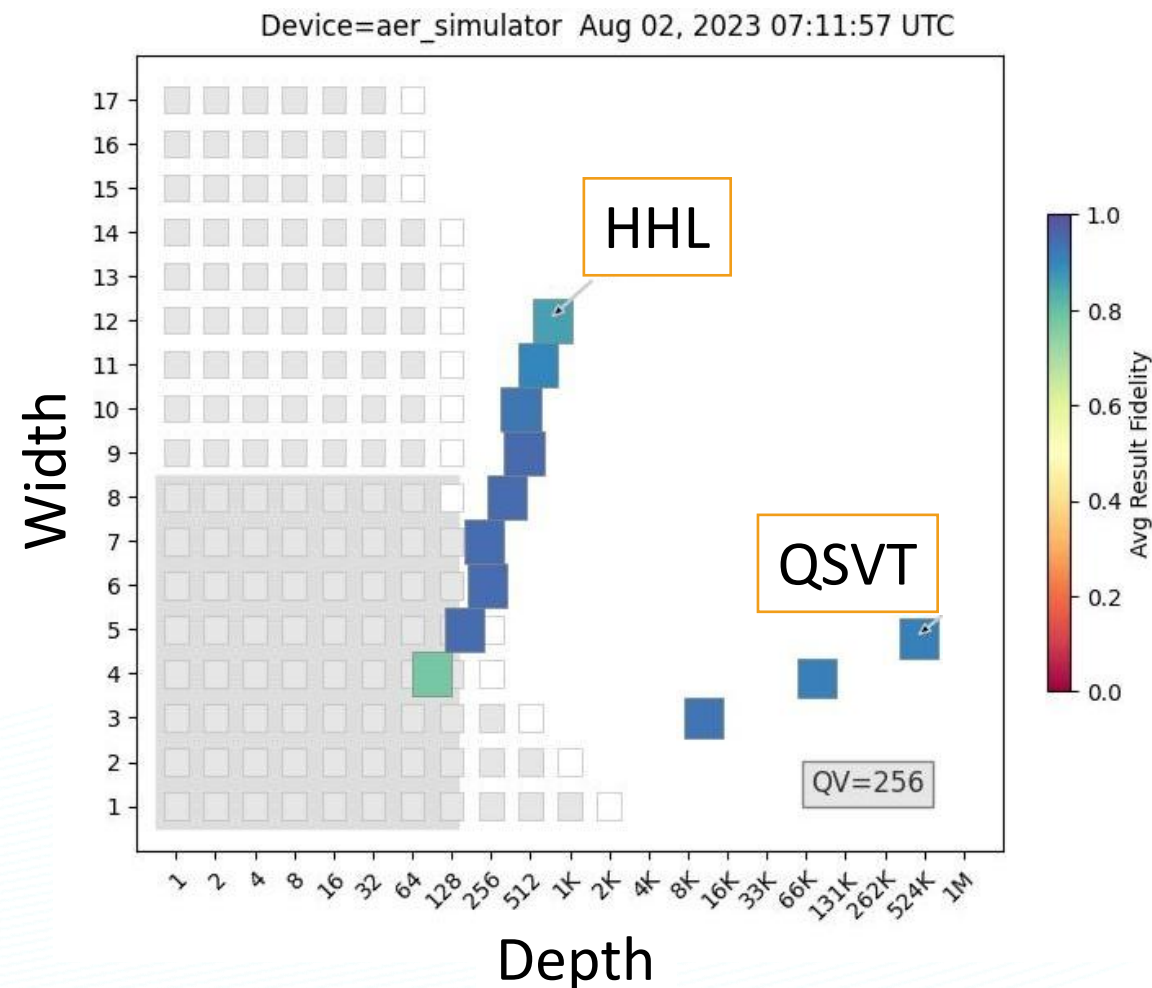
- Cf. Roofline model in HPC
- Similar with IonQ's Algorithmic qubits (#AQ)



# Solving linear equations -- HHL vs QSVT

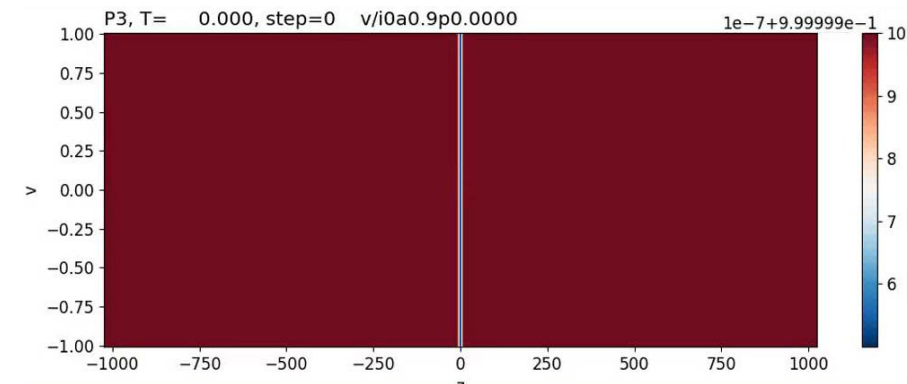
Lin and Ning, 2023  
NCHC internship

- Benchmark cases:
  - Solve  $Ax=b$  problems for  $A = 2 \times 2, 4 \times 4, 8 \times 8$
  - Ideal simulator w/ 4 primitive gates
- Vanilla HHL:
  - Circuit input:  $b$
  - $A$ -op is in Q phase estimation: More qubits needed
  - Post-selection of ancilla qubit
- Q singular value transform (QSVT):
  - General Q signal processing framework (2019)
  - $A$  was Hermitian-block-encoded into larger matrix  $(N+1)$
  - Iteratively approximate the inverse.
  - Less qubits but far deeper circuit



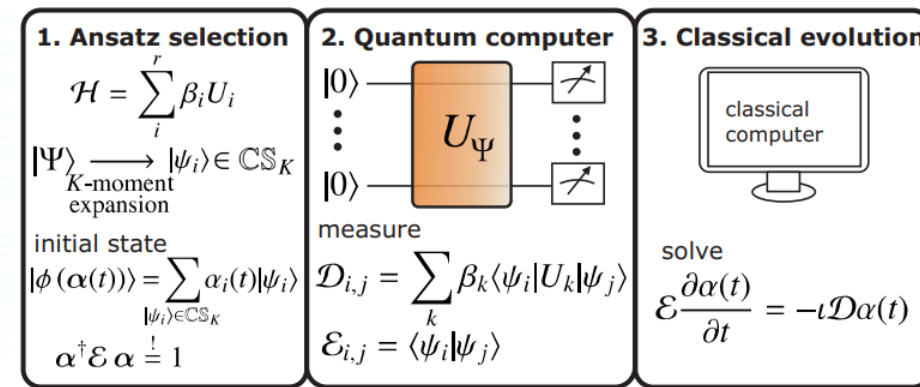
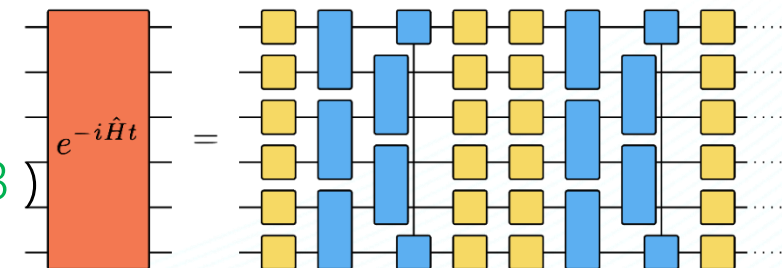
# Toward neutrino many body simulation

- Neutrinos are complicated many-body problem astrophysically
  - Small perturbation can trigger flavor instability
  - Classical mean-field simulation may fail to capture intrinsic Q effect.
  - There is many-body effects beyond mean field behavior ( [2203.02783](#) )
- Trotter Q simulation of small system demonstrates the real-time evolution of entanglement entropy
  - Many SWAP gates for all-all interaction
  - Trotter decomposition results deep circuit



$$i \frac{\partial \psi(t)}{\partial t} = H \psi(t)$$

- Quantum assisted simulator with reduced CNOT gates ( [2308.09123](#) )
  - Assume  $H = U_1 + U_2 + U_3 + \dots$  unitary operator
  - Ansatz are  $|0\rangle$  acted by  $U$ s and their powers (K-moment states)



# Concluding remarks

- A thrilling time to witness Q information science → Q computing.
- QC promising for more complex problem, but challenges remain.
- Accelerator QC model naturally fit and enrich today's HPC model.
- Q advantage comes from advances of **both** Q / classical computing techniques.
- We currently focus on core algorithms and benchmarks:
  - QAOA for combinatorial optimization
  - Algorithms for solving linear equations
  - Quantum assisted simulation
  - Operate a GPU cluster to support Q program
- Evaluating Q-C integration with real quantum device (cloud/on-premise) is underway.

**~ Thank you ~**



# Scalable Quantum Circuit Simulation on HPC Platform

Tai Yue, Li  
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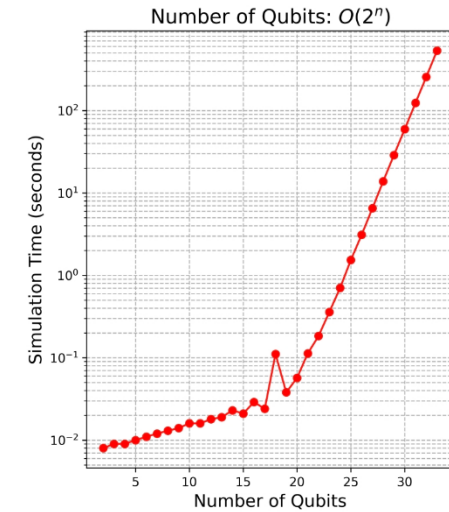
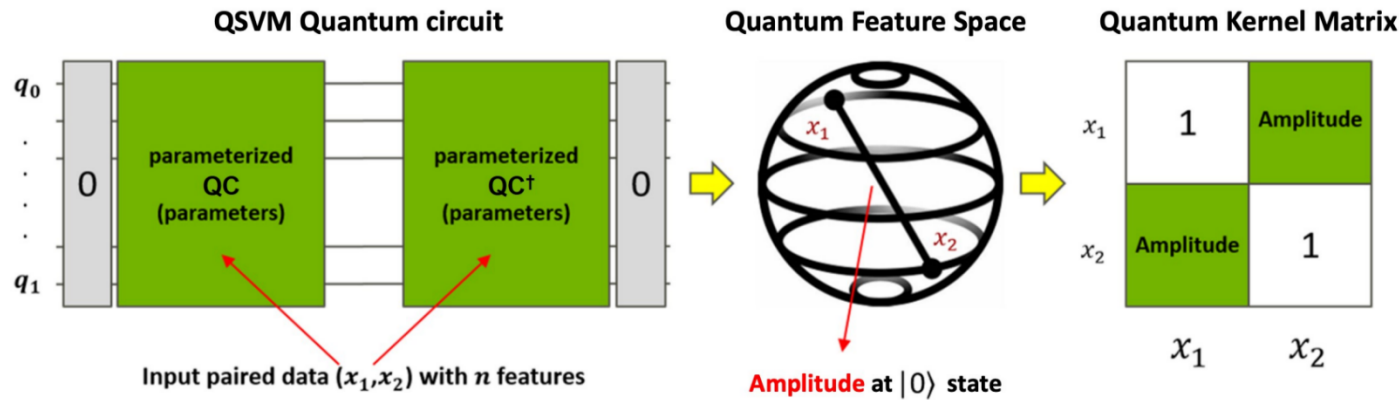
# Main Works

- Scalable Quantum Support Vector Machine Simulation
- Quantum Circuit for Molecular Generation

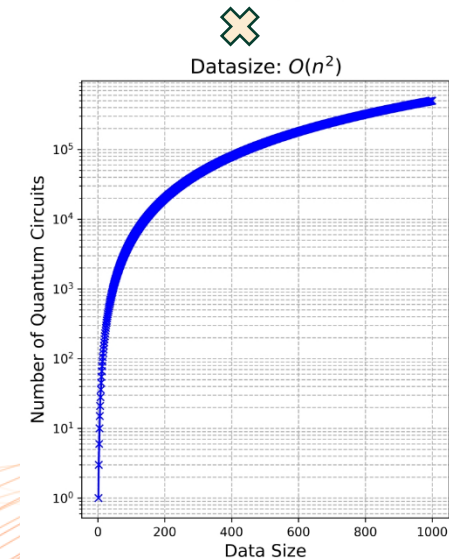
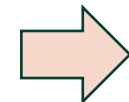
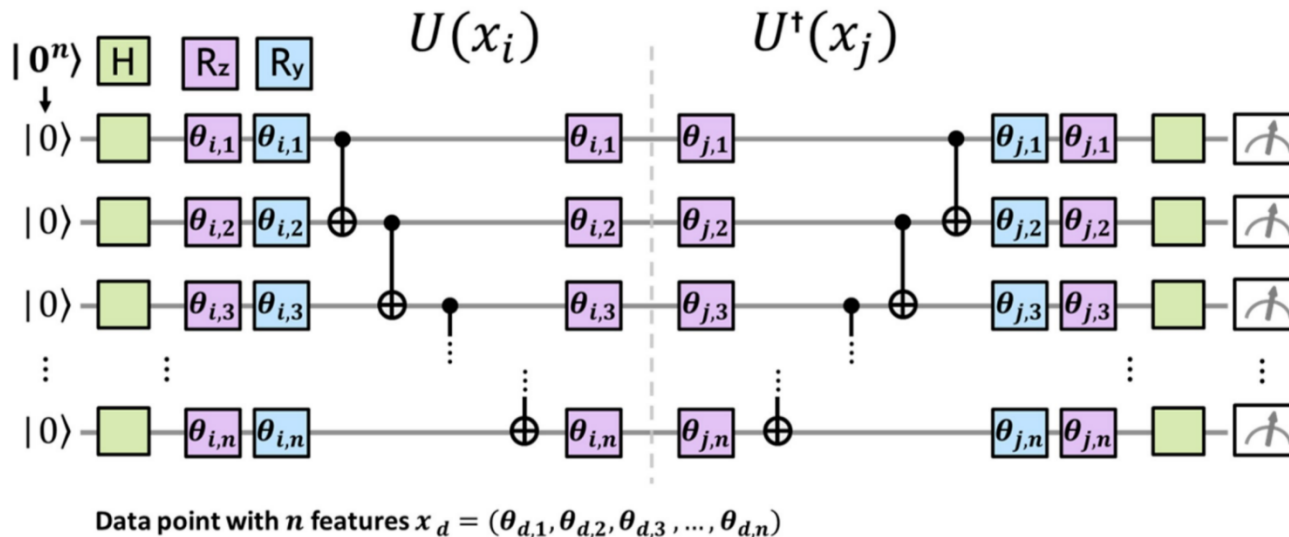
# Scalable Quantum Support Vector Machine Simulation

## QSVM Workflow and Computational Complexity on HPC Platform

(a)



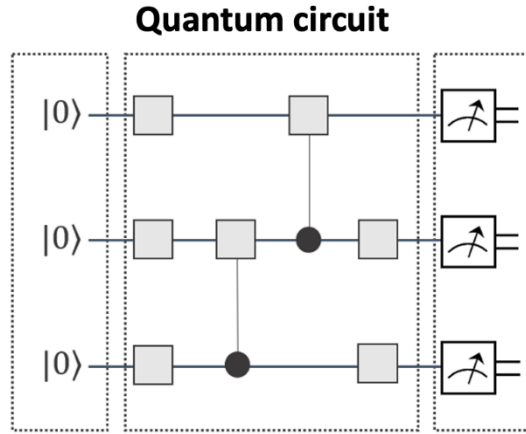
(b)



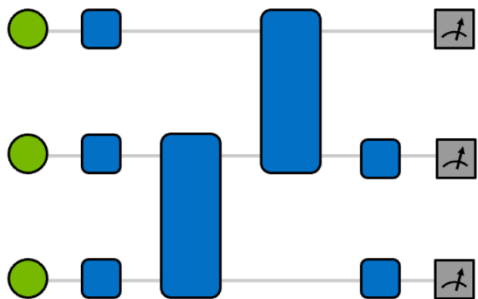
# Scalable Quantum Support Vector Machine Simulation

## Tensor Network Simulation using cuQuantum

(a)

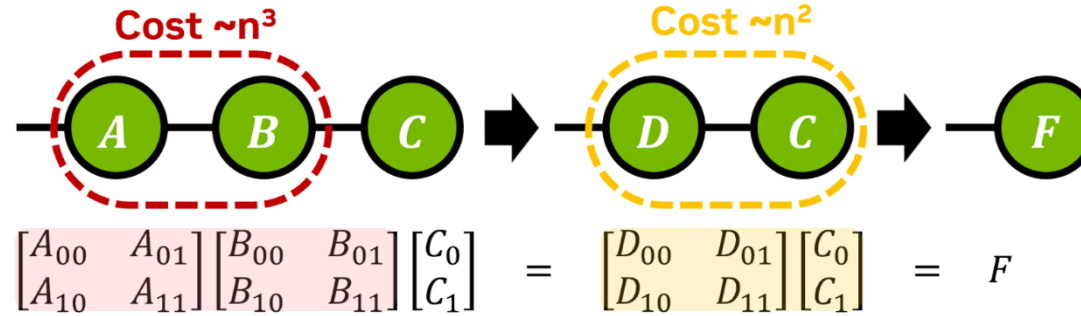


**tensor network representation**

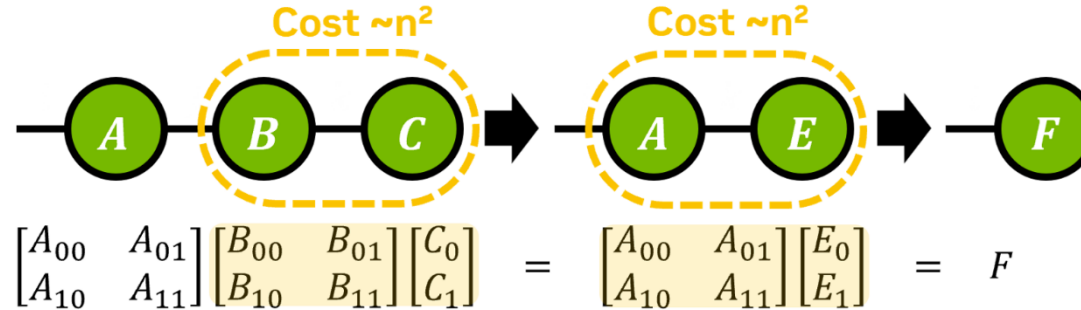


(b)

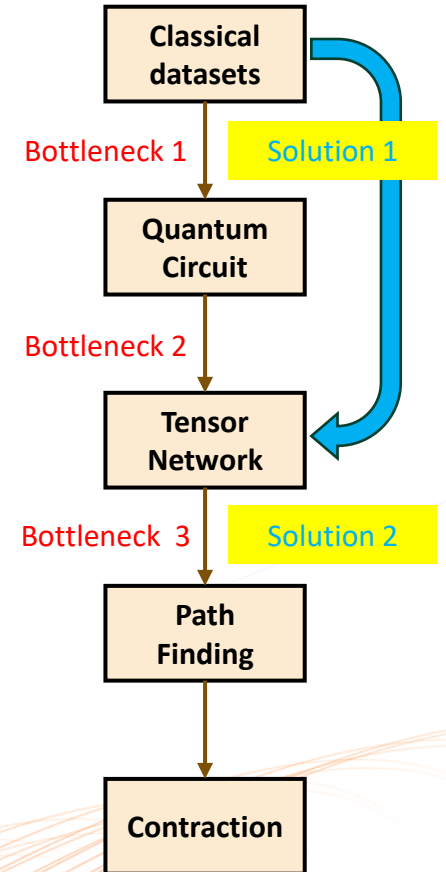
**Contraction path 1**



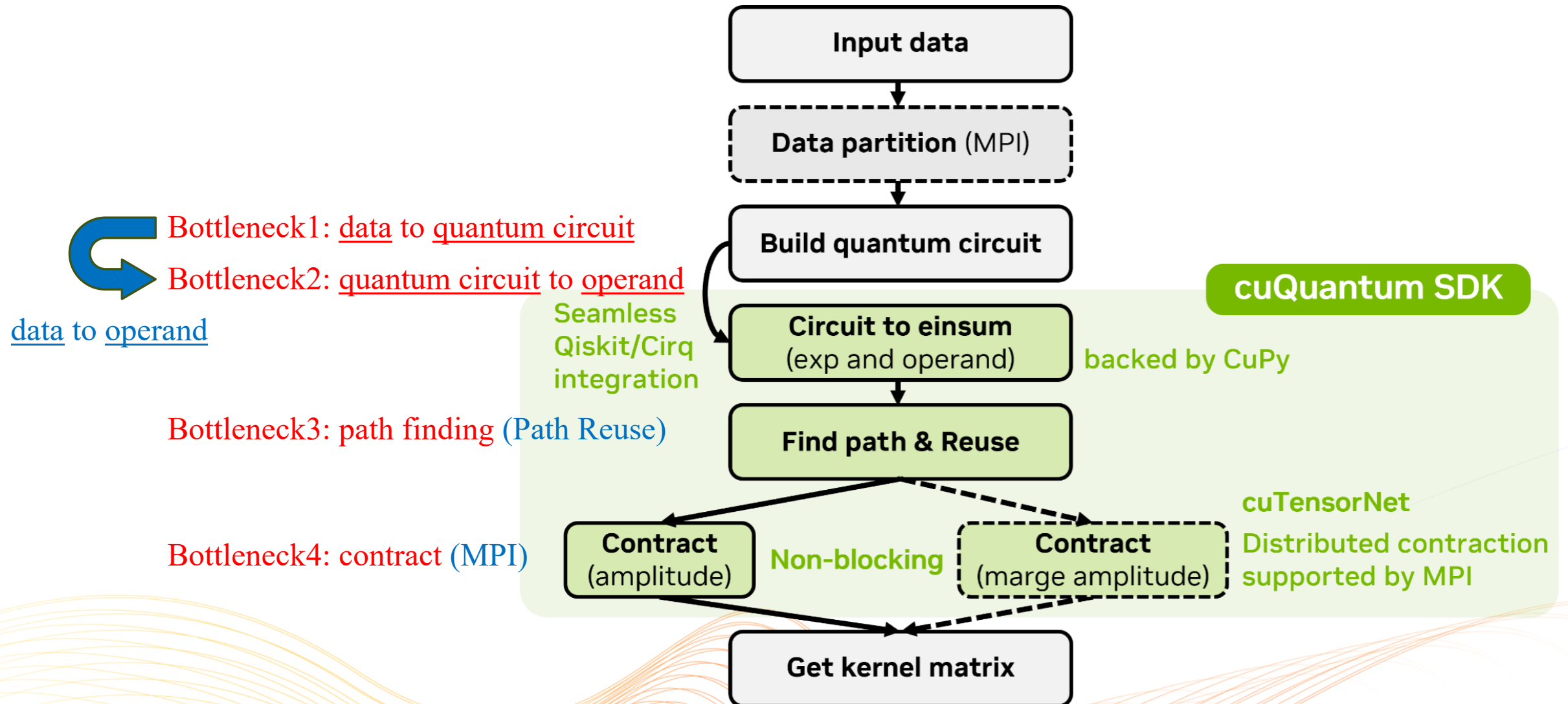
**Contraction path 2**



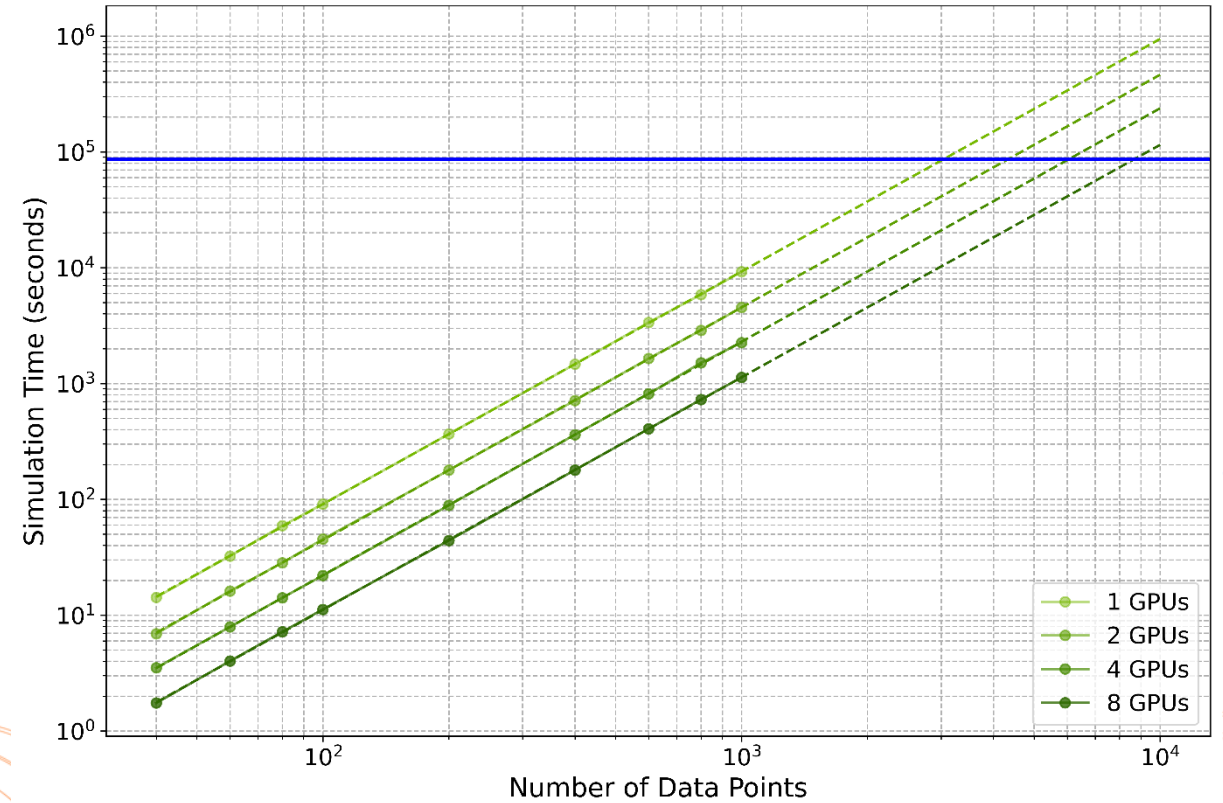
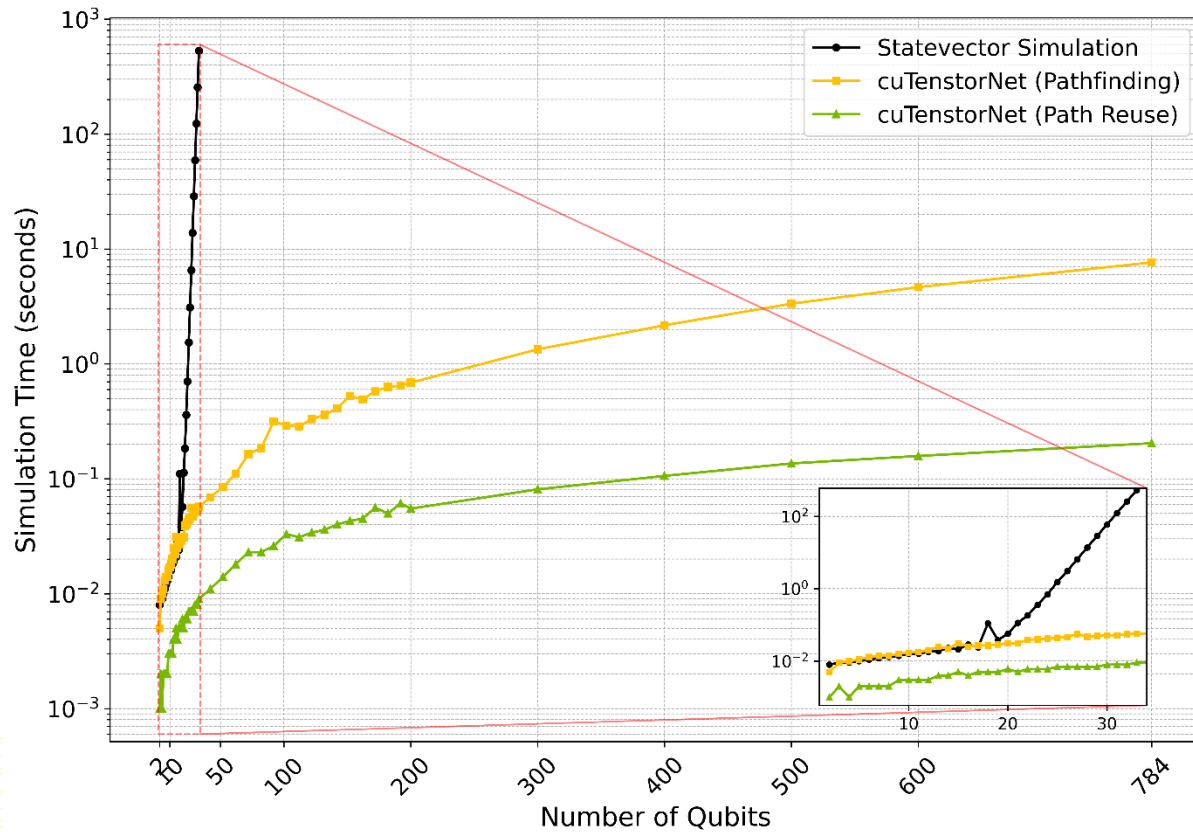
**Optimize Workflow**



# Scalable Quantum Support Vector Machine Simulation



## Single-GPU and Multi-GPUs Benchmark



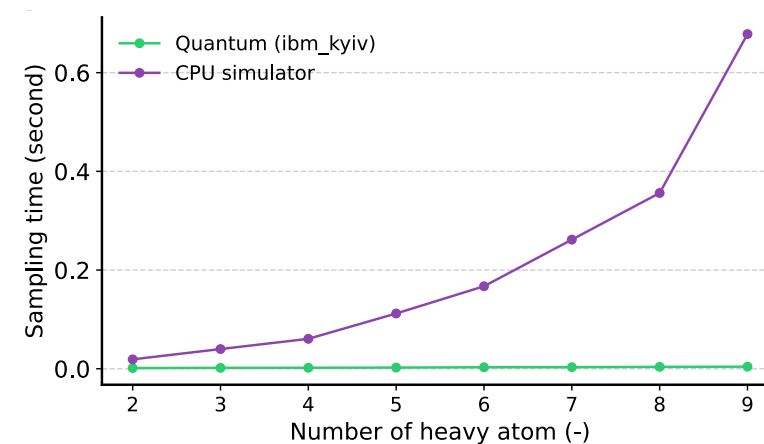
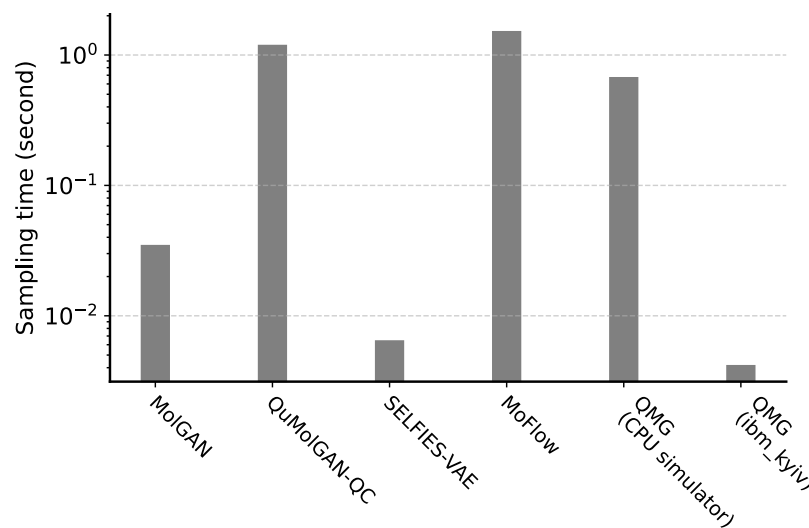
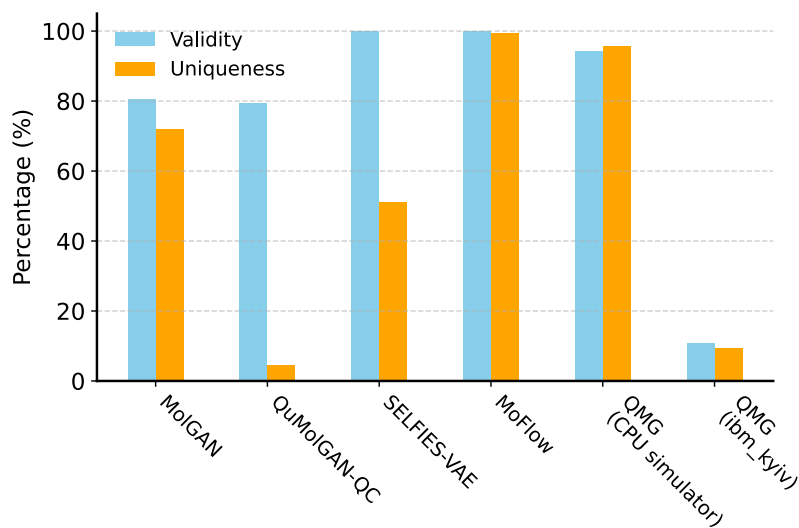
# Quantum Circuit for Molecular Generation

No. of heavy atoms	No. of qubits required for <b>static</b> circuit	No. of qubits required for <b>dynamic</b> circuit	No. of parameters in dynamic circuit	Valid proportion of quantum state (%)
2	6	6	8	45.32
3	12	8	17	10.67
4	20	10	29	1.10
5	30	12	44	0.04
6	42	14	62	-
7	56	16	83	-
8	72	18	107	-
9	90	20	134	-
$N$	$N(N + 1)$	$2(N + 1)$	$8 + 3(N - 2)(N + 3)/2$	-

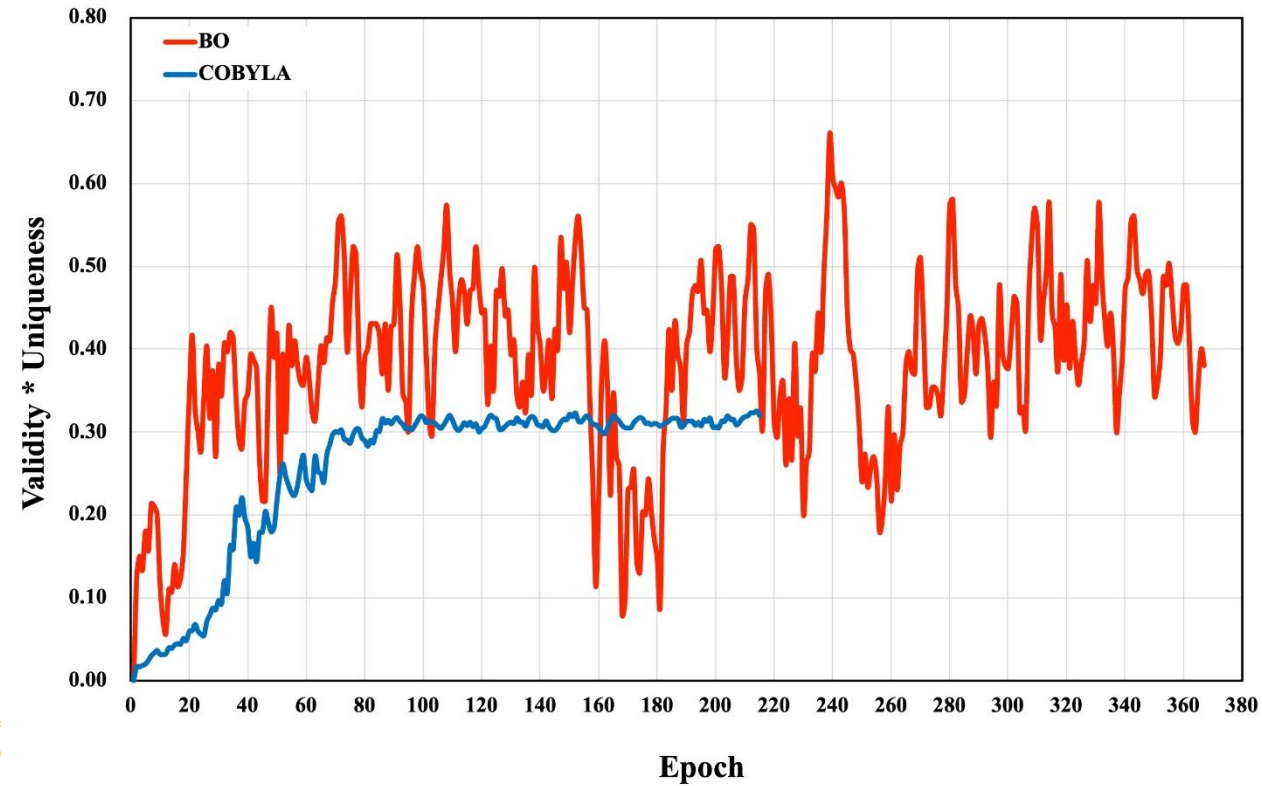
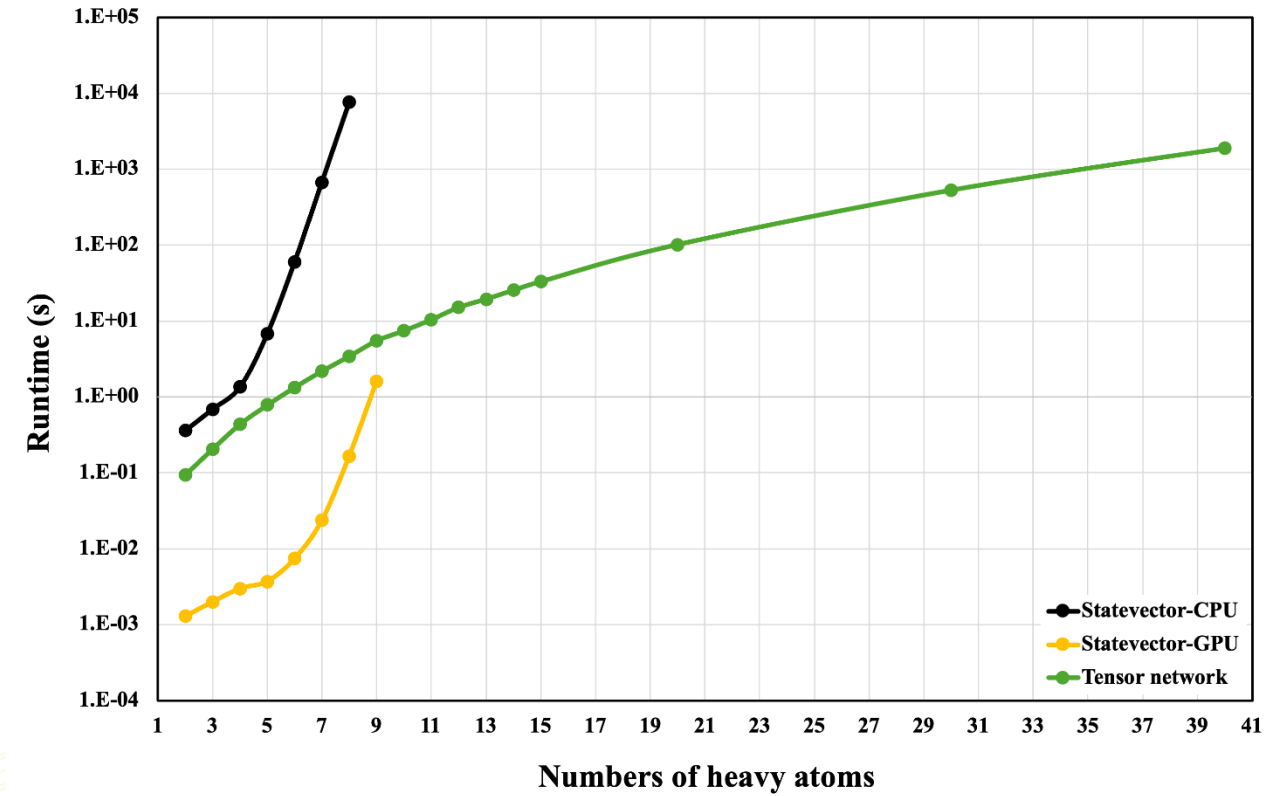
# Quantum Circuit for Molecular Generation

## Benchmark Result

Model	Validity (%) ( $\uparrow$ )	Uniqueness (%) ( $\uparrow$ )	No. of parameters ( $\downarrow$ )
MolGAN [1]	80.40	71.89	~576,000
QuMolGAN-QC [2]	79.39	4.49	~90,000
SELFIES-VAE [3]	100	51.08	~77,000
MoFlow [4]	100	99.26	~2,712,000
QMG (Ours)	93.9	94.6	<b>134</b>



# Quantum Circuit for Molecular Generation



1. Large Scale Quantum Circuit Simulation by TN

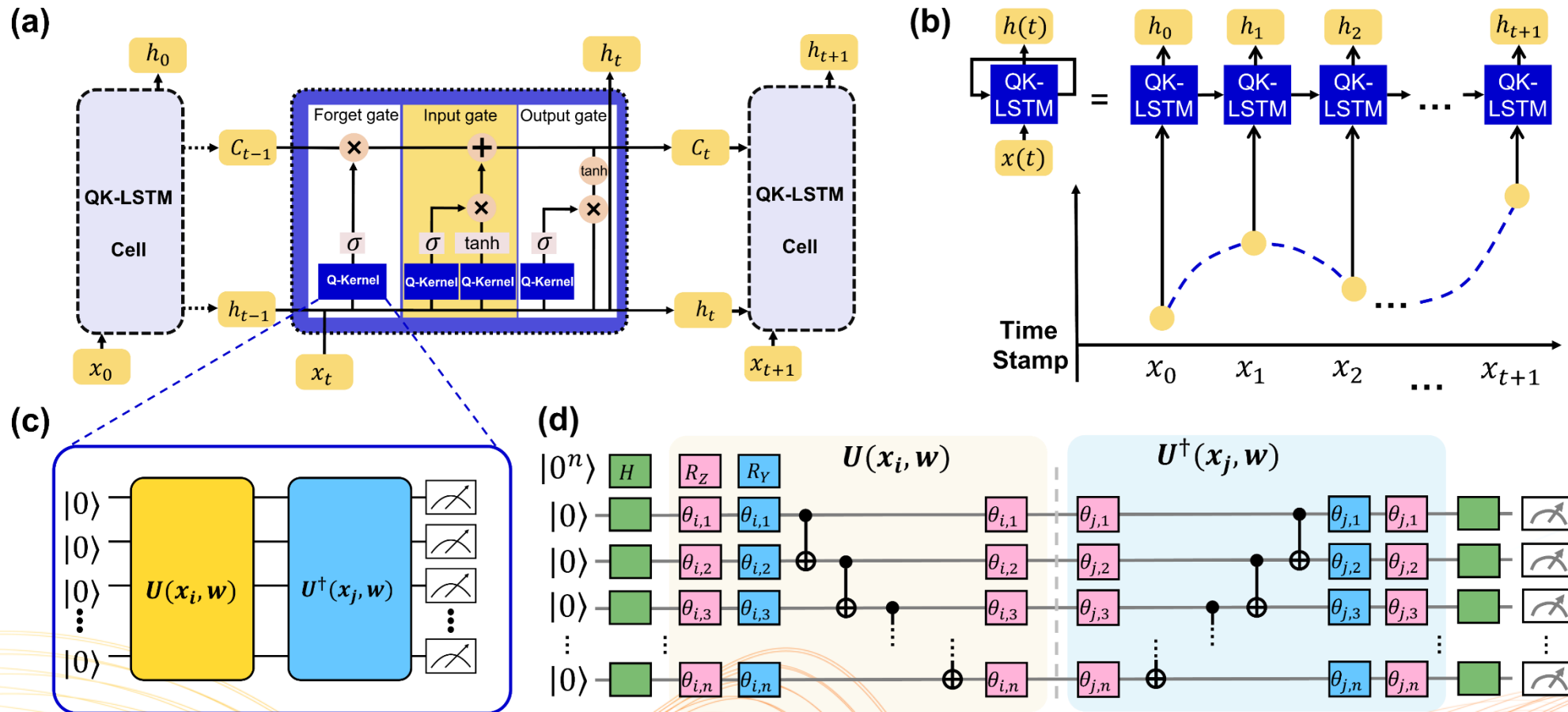
2. QMG + QRL

# Quantum Machine Learning Works

- Quantum Kernel-based Long Short-Term Memory
- Hybrid Quantum Machine Learning Pipeline for High-Dimensional Neuroimaging Data
- Quantum Pointwise Convolution Networks
- Quantum Graph Attention Network
- Quantum Adaptive Excitation Network for Channel Attention

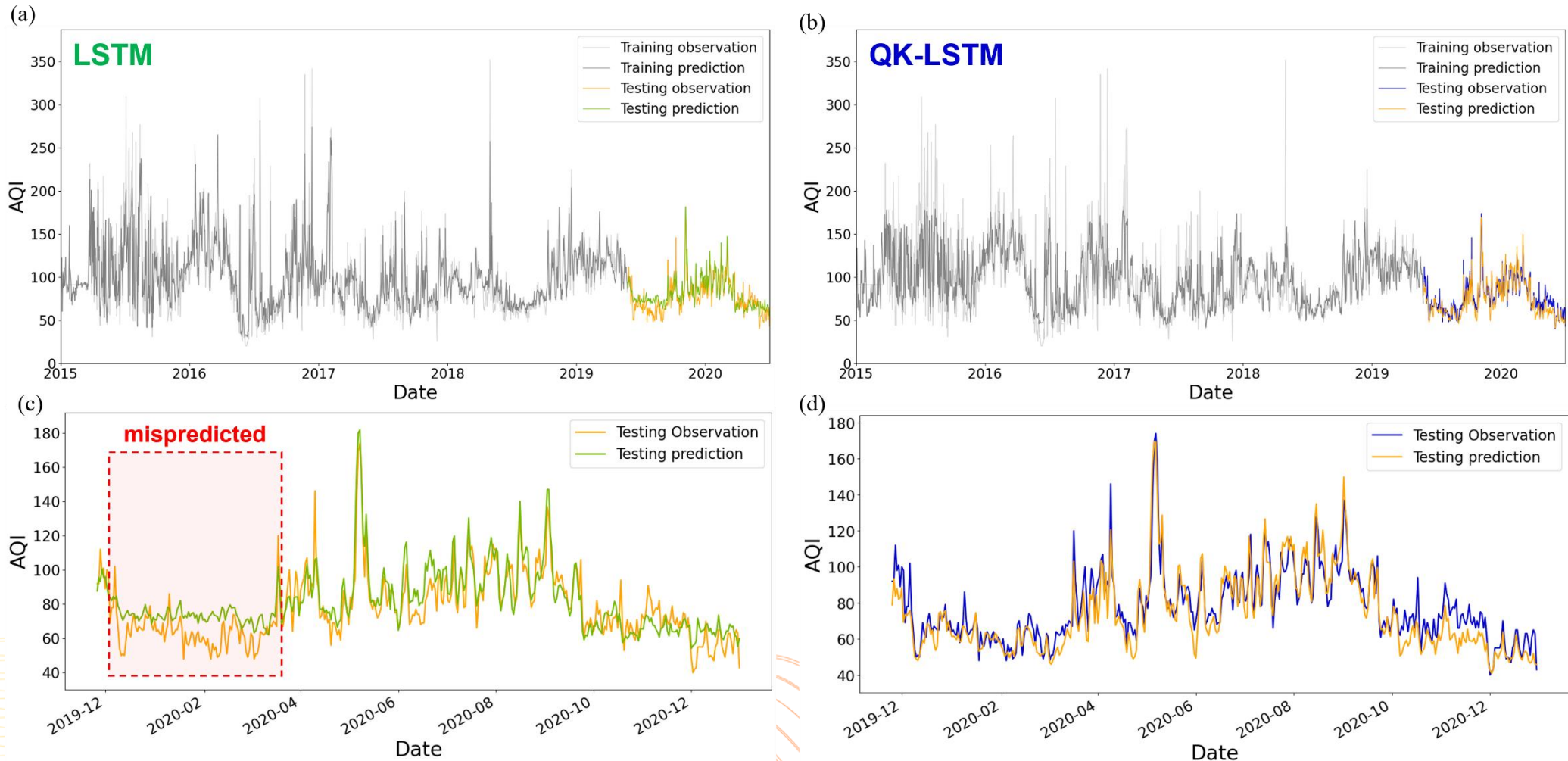
# Quantum Kernel-based Long Short-Term Memory

Overview of the QK-LSTM architecture



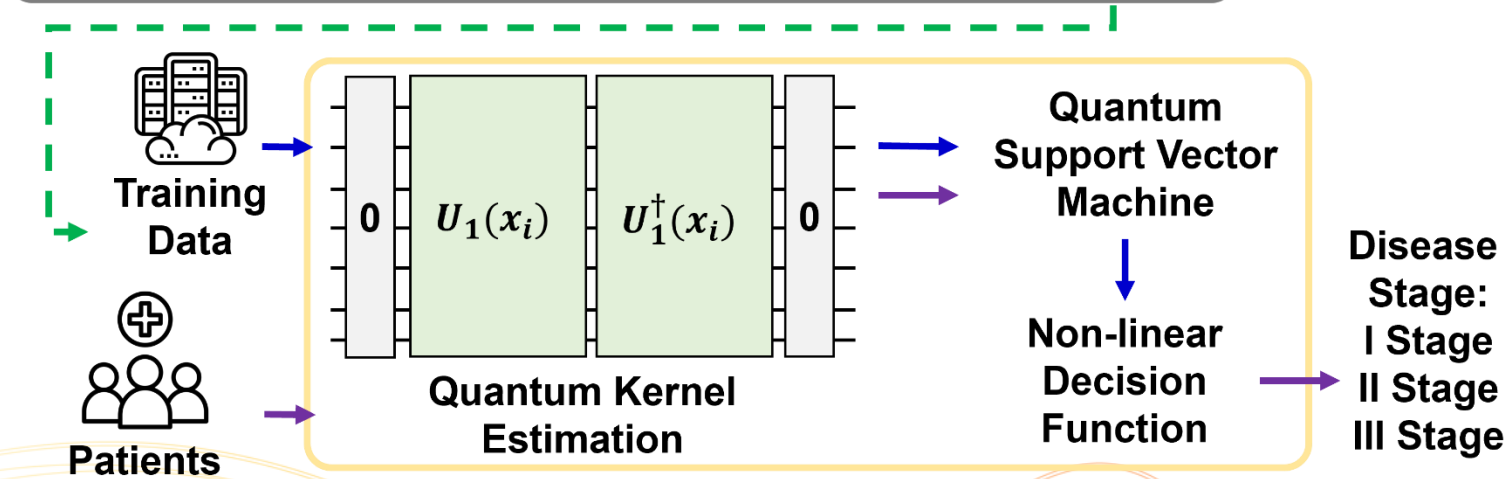
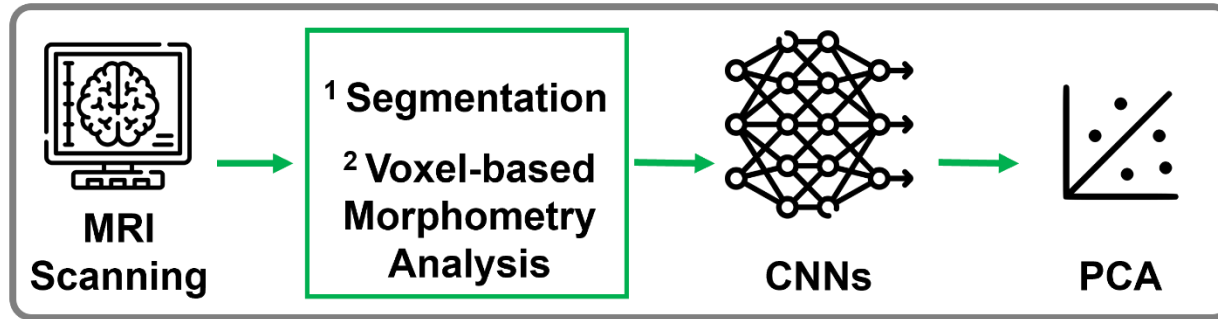
# Quantum Kernel-based Long Short-Term Memory

Comparative analysis of air quality prediction performance using classical LSTM and QK-LSTM models

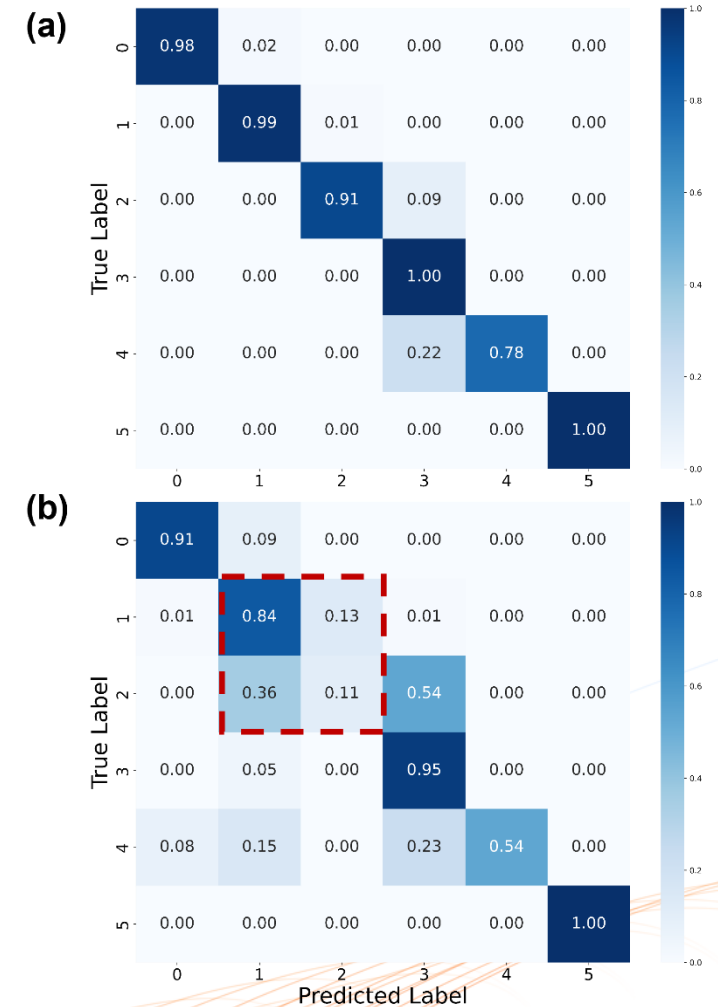


# Hybrid Quantum Machine Learning Pipeline for High-Dimensional Neuroimaging Data

## Medical Data Pre-Processing (HPC – Classical Nodes)

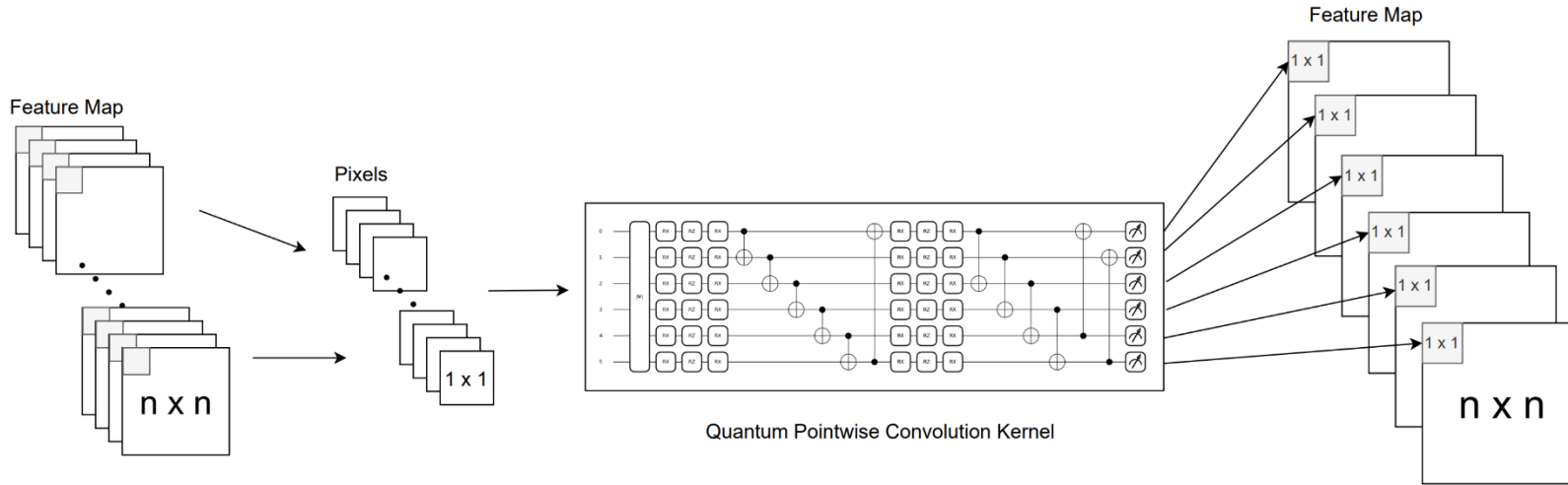


## Quantum Machine Learning (HPC – Quantum Nodes)

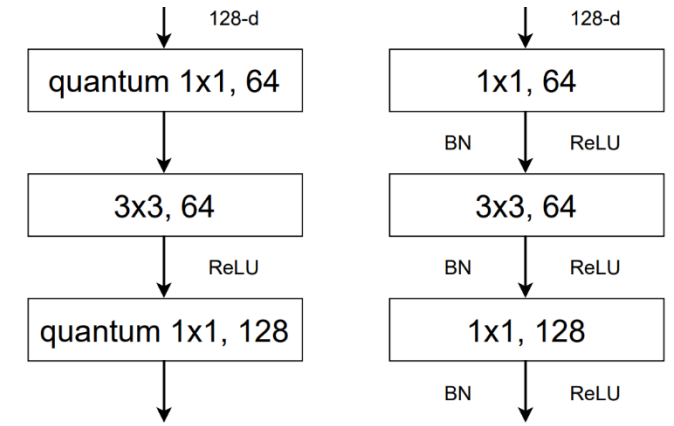


# Quantum Pointwise Convolution Networks

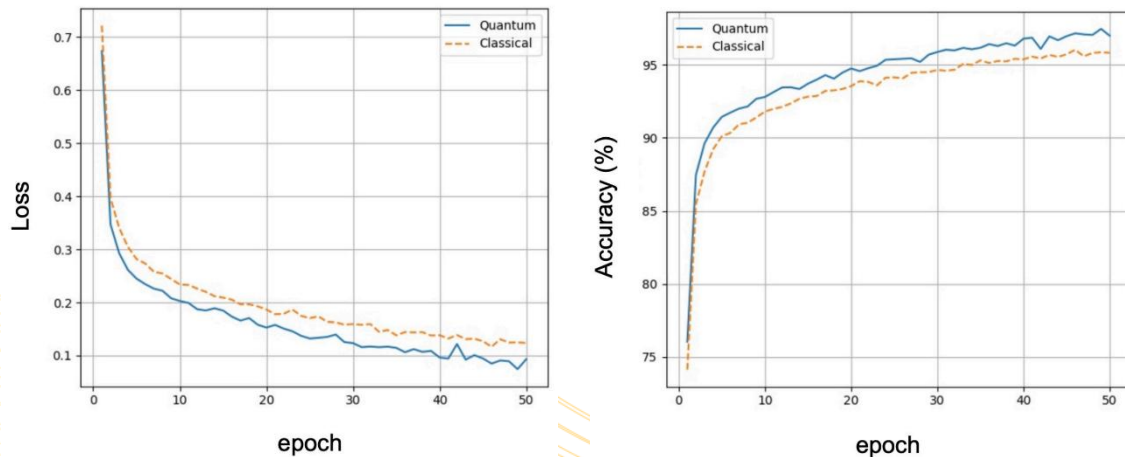
(a) Overview of the Quantum Pointwise Convolution Networks (QPWCNN)



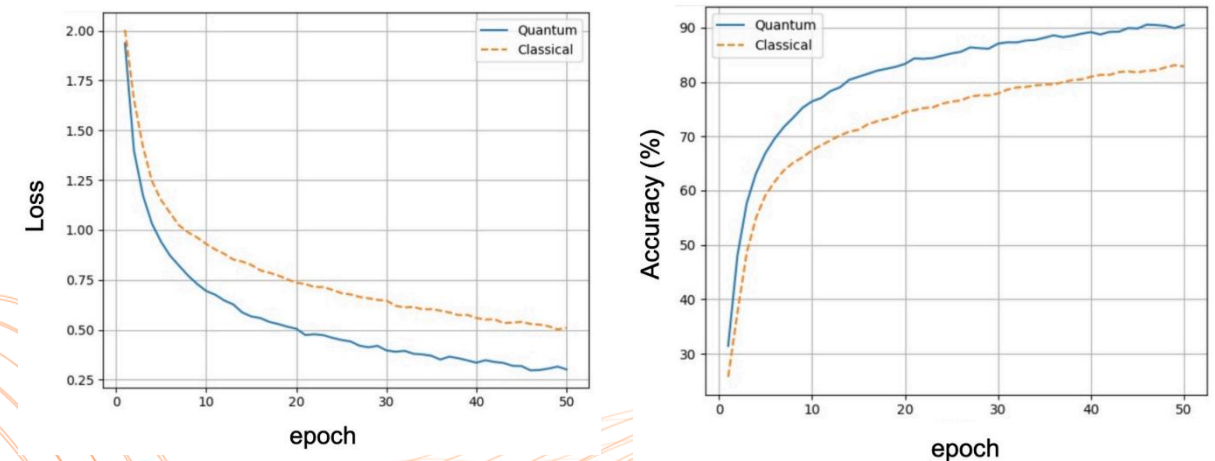
(b) With and without QPWCNN layer



(c) Fashion mnist Result

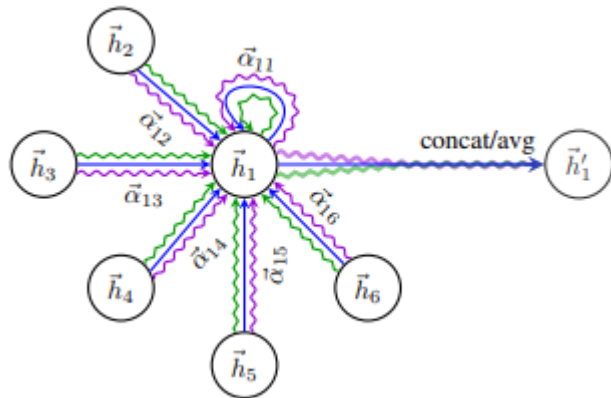


(d) Cifar10 Result

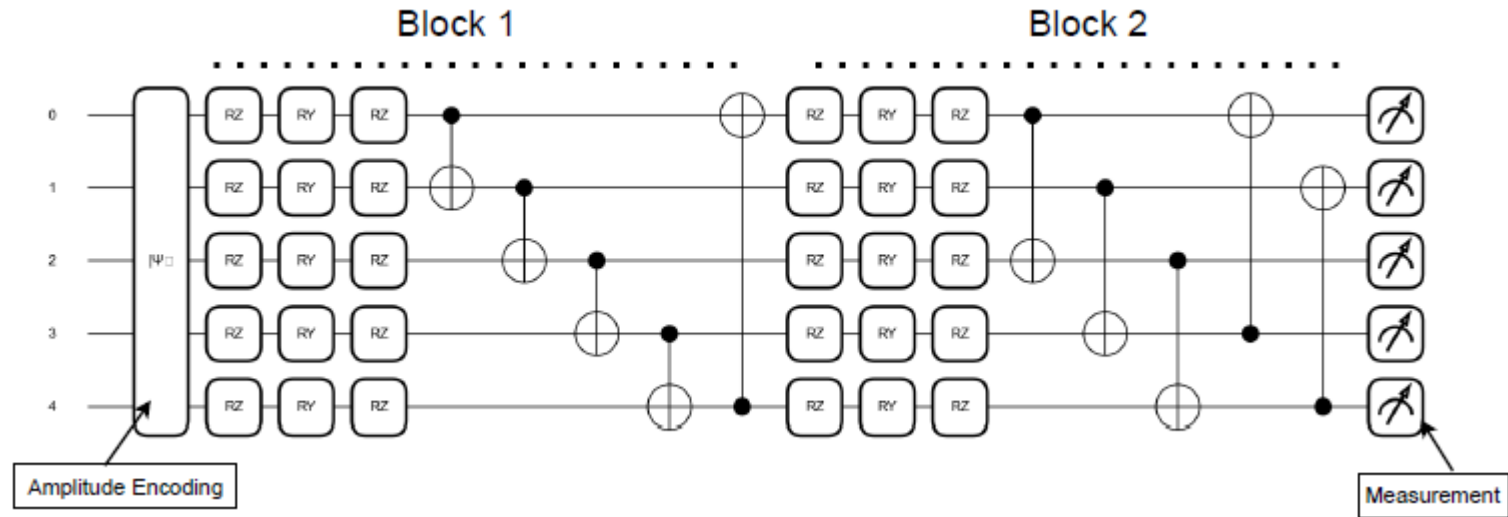


# Quantum Graph Attention Network

## A Novel Quantum Multi-Head Attention Mechanism for Graph Learning



An illustration of multi-head attention (with  $K = 3$  heads) by node 1 on its neighborhood. Different arrow styles and colors denote independent attention computations. The aggregated features from each head are concatenated or averaged to obtain  $\vec{h}'_1$ . (<https://arxiv.org/abs/1710.10903>)



Example of a quantum circuit used in QGAT

# Quantum Graph Attention Network

## Benchmark results

Table 1: Accuracy (%) on transductive node classification benchmarks. All results are averaged over 5 runs; standard deviations are reported.

Model	Pubmed	ogbn-arxiv	ogbn-products
GAT [11]	78.1 ± 0.59	71.54 ± 0.3	79.04 ± 1.54
GATv2 [11]	78.5 ± 0.38	71.87 ± 0.25	80.63 ± 0.7
QGAT	<b>79.2 ± 0.62</b>	<b>73.62 ± 0.42</b>	<b>82.10 ± 2.31</b>

Table 2: Inductive node classification performance on PPI and ogbn-proteins. Metric: Micro-F1 (PPI) and ROC-AUC (ogbn-proteins). All results are averaged over 5 runs; standard deviations are reported.

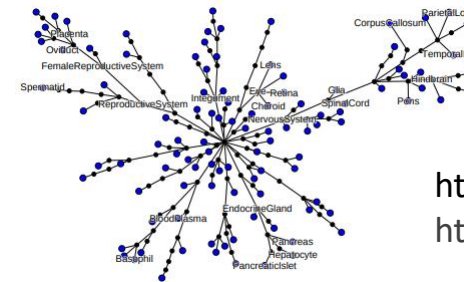
Model	PPI (Micro-F1)	ogbn-proteins (ROC-AUC)
GAT [6]	97.3 ± 0.20	78.63 ± 1.62
GATv2	98.2 ± 0.25	<b>79.52 ± 0.55 [11]</b>
QGAT	<b>98.9 ± 0.12</b>	79.41 ± 0.21

Table 3: Link prediction performance on OGB benchmarks. Metric: Hits@50 (%) for *ogbl-collab*, and Mean Reciprocal Rank (MRR) for *ogbl-citation2*. All results are averaged over 5 runs; standard deviations are reported.

Model	ogbl-collab	ogbl-citation2
GAT [11]	46.63 ± 2.80	75.95 ± 1.31
GATv2 [11]	49.7 ± 3.08	80.14 ± 0.71
QGAT	<b>51.2 ± 1.92</b>	<b>82.2 ± 1.27</b>



<https://arxiv.org/abs/2005.00687>

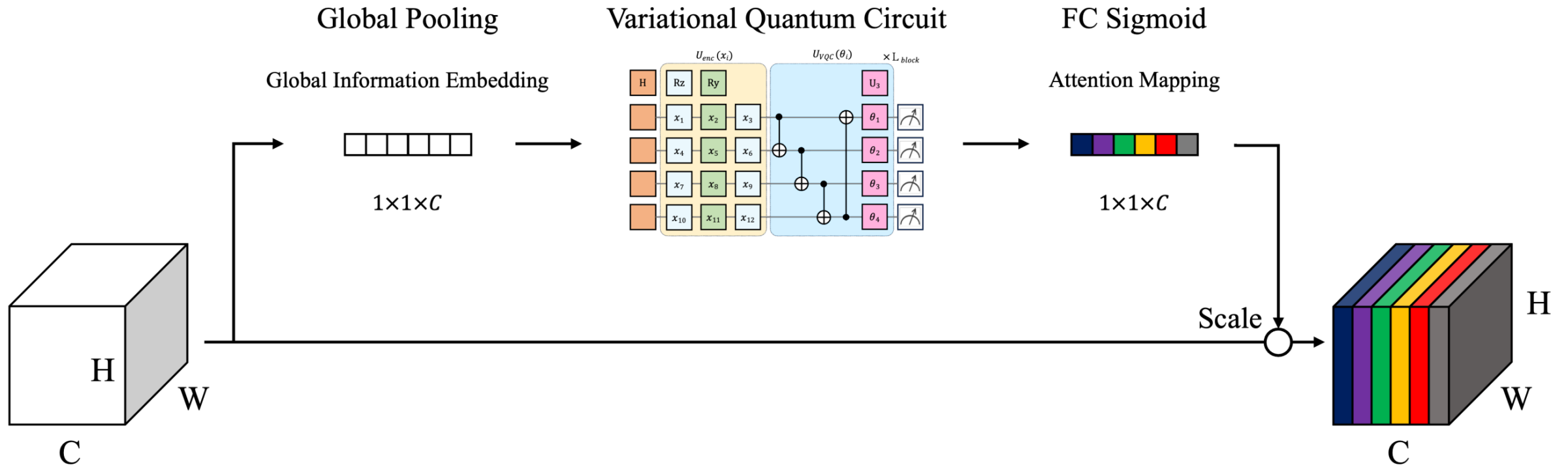


<https://arxiv.org/abs/1707.04638>  
<https://arxiv.org/abs/1706.02216>



<https://snap.stanford.edu/>

# Quantum Adaptive Excitation Network with Variational Quantum Circuits for Channel Attention



# Quantum Adaptive Excitation Network with Variational Quantum Circuits for Channel Attention

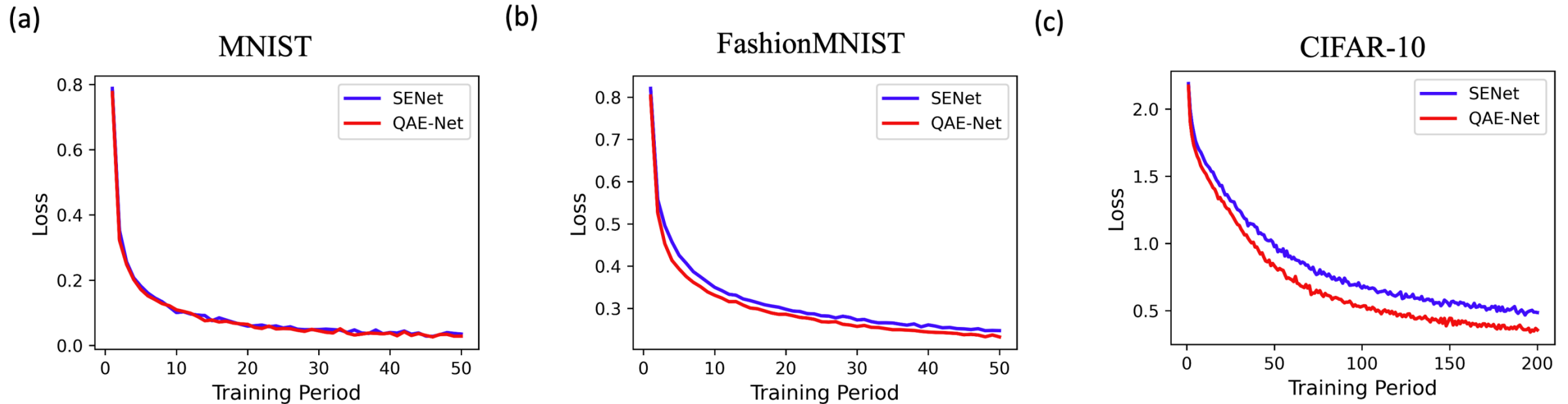


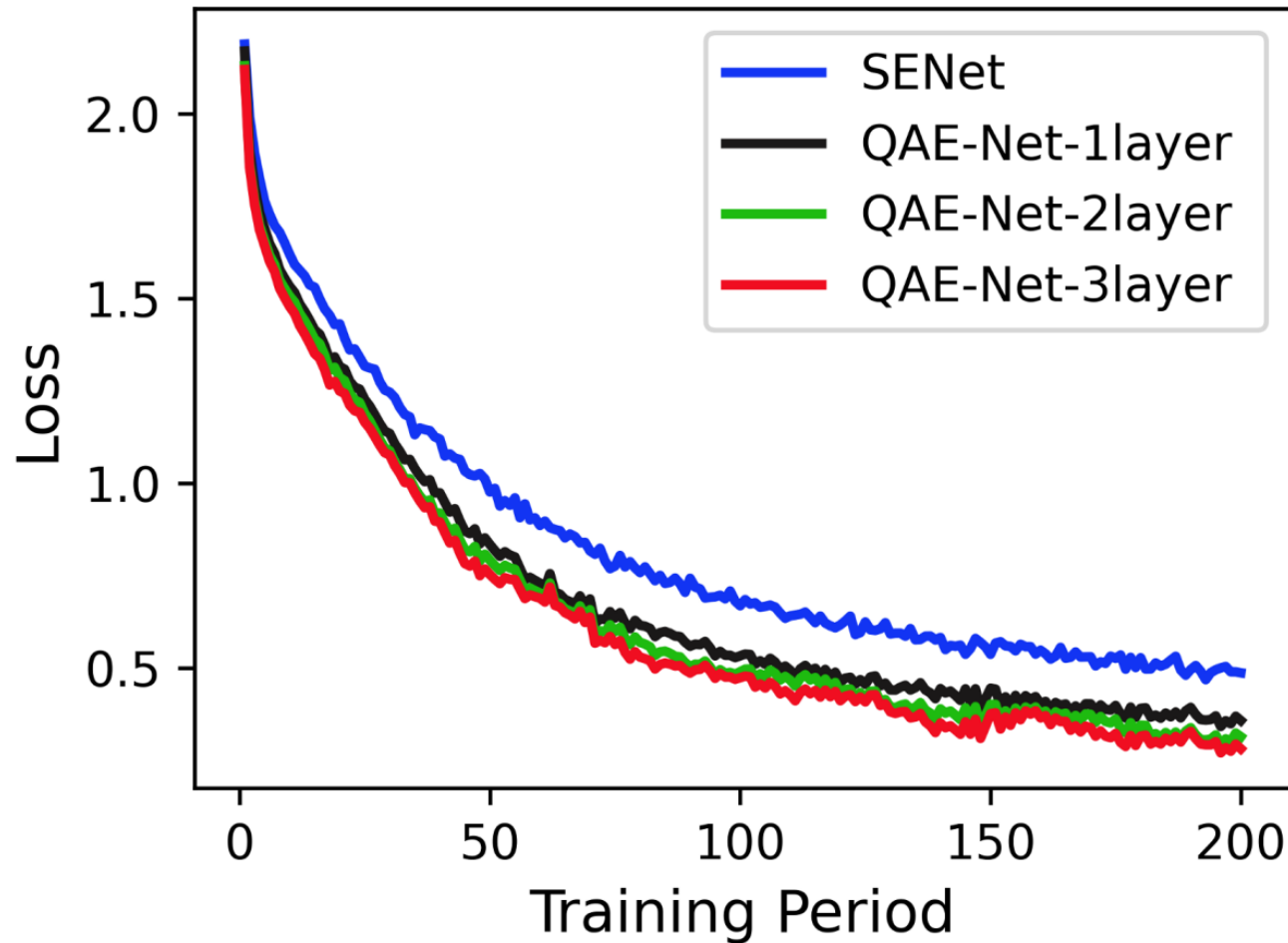
Fig. 3: Training progression of QAE-Net as visualized through the Cross-Entropy (CE) Loss across epochs for three different datasets: (a) MNIST, (b) FashionMNIST, and (c) CIFAR-10.

# Quantum Adaptive Excitation Network with Variational Quantum Circuits for Channel Attention

TABLE I: Comparative Performance of SENet and QAE-Net Across Benchmark Datasets (Ch. = Channels). All QAE-Net configurations employed 4 qubits.

Dataset	Method	Ch.	Epoch	Params	Acc. (%)
MNIST	SENet [3]	1	50	39,602	97.9
	QAE-Net	1	50	<b>39,366</b>	<b>98.0</b>
F-MNIST	SENet [3]	1	50	39,602	91.0
	QAE-Net	1	50	<b>39,366</b>	<b>91.3</b>
CIFAR-10	SENet [3]	3	200	142,634	76.72
	QAE-Net	3	200	<b>142,570</b>	<b>89.08</b>

# Quantum Adaptive Excitation Network with Variational Quantum Circuits for Channel Attention



Metric	SENet	QAE-Net (1 layer)	QAE-Net (2 layers)	QAE-Net (3 layers)
Epochs	200	200	200	200
Accuracy (%)	76.72	89.08	90.10	<b>92.30</b>
Qubits	–	4	4	4
Learning Rate	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001

# Collaborators



NAR Labs 財團法人國家實驗研究院  
國家高速網路與計算中心  
National Center for High-performance Computing

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林俊鈺/國網中心  
陳冠朋/國網中心  
李泰岳/國網中心



陳隆奕/台大化學系  
甯安/KAIST  
徐育兆/成大不分系  
董甄茵/台大電機系



王允遠/NVIDIA  
陳冠丞/QuEST